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The Government has decided that Obituary Notices of fallen soldiers sent to the Press by relatives or friends shall give no particulars either of the theatre of war in which a casualty occurred or of the battalion to which the officer, non-commissioned officer, or private belonged.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

GIBSON—November 27, 1916, died of wounds received in action, Henry W. Gibson (Harry), Second Lieutenant Royal Dublin Fusiliers, aged 24, eldest dearly-loved son of A. H. and Mrs. Gibson, "Hollybank," Sandford road.

GRIFFIN—November 13, 1916, killed in action, J. J. Wm. Griffin, Second Lieutenant Bedfordshire Regiment, dearly-loved and only son of R. A. Griffin, late Agent Bank of Ireland, Roscrea, and Mrs. Griffin, St. Catherine's Park, Rathfarnham, Co. Dublin, aged 22.

MATTHEWS—November 27, 1916, at the 2nd Southern General Hospital, Birmingham, Sapper Peter T. Matthews, Royal Engineers, second dearly-beloved son of Richard and Ellen Matthews, of Philbsborough road, Dublin, aged 20 years. On whose soul, sweet Jesus, have mercy. R.I.P.

BIRTHS.

DAUNT—October 8, 1916, at "Yes," Victoria, Australia, the wife of W. P. Daunt, of a daughter.

FLETCHER—November 28, 1916, at Roseville, Glasnevin, Dublin, the wife of Henry Fletcher, of a daughter.

GILL—November 25, 1916, at Ballinaclee, the wife of T. J. Gill, of a daughter.

LANE—October 27, 1916, at Mussoorie, India, the wife of Hugh Lane, P.W.D., of a son.

MAXWELL—November 15, 1916, at Kilcrohane Rectory, Sneem, Co. Kerry, to the Rev. and Mrs. George Maxwell, a daughter.

PENROSE—November 25, 1916, at Caffe Garay 1235, Buenos Aires, to Mr. and Mrs. F. Sinclair Penrose, a daughter. (By cable.)

ROBERTS—November 21, 1916, at 1A Wharf road, East Wall, Dublin, the wife of S.Q.M.S. E. Roberts, 5th Lancers, Dublin, of a daughter.

TAYLOR—November 22, 1916, at Carlisle terrace, Malahide, the wife of Roland Gillespie Taylor, C.E.

TAYLOR—November 27, 1916, at Donard Parsonage, Co. Wicklow, the wife of Rev. D. Montgomery Tailor, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

BUDD-DOYLE and BENISON—November 22, 1916, at Rundcrana, by special licence, John Marriott Budd-Doyle, only son of the late John Buddoyle, of "Greenore," Monkstown, County Dublin, to Edith Marian Benison, fifth daughter of Edward John Benison, of New York (late of Dublin).

BUTTLE AND LETT—November 22, 1916, at Clone church, by the Rev. Canon Lyster, Rector of Enniscorthy, Harvey Jan, fourth son of John Buttle, Templeshannon, Enniscorthy, to Isabella Mary, only daughter of George Lett, Hollyfort, Enniscorthy.

MALONE and FETHERSTONHAUGH—November 22, 1916, at St. Columba's Church, Drumcondra, by the Rev. Leonard P.E., Ardcath, assisted by the Rev. W. J. Davis, P.P., Stamullen, and the Rev. Basil T. Shaw, B.A., C.C., Rev. J. Magrath, C.C.—Edward F., only son of Thomas Malone, J.P., and Mrs. Malone, Beech Park, Harbourstown, Balbriggan, to Evelyn Hester Mary (Eva), only daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Colonel Fetherstonhaugh, and grand-daughter of the late Godfrey Fetherstonhaugh, Ballinderry House, Co. Westmeath.

DEATHS.

BEATTY—November 28, 1916, at his residence, Athelstane, Monkstown, Co. Dublin, in his 89th year, Thomas Herbert Beatty, M.D., F.R.C.S.I., Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Service (retired). Funeral private. No flowers.

BURTON—November 27, 1916, at his residence, Sprucehill, Rathgar, Annette Burton, relict of Ethagh, ill o'clock, to-morrow (Thursday)

BROWNE—November 27, 1916, at 22 Leeson Park, Dublin, daughter of the late Rev. William Filgate, of Arthurstown, Ardee, widow of Denis Henry Browne, aged 74 years. Funeral to-morrow (Thursday) to Charlestown from Ardee, on arrival of the 9 o'clock train from Dublin.

CORCORAN—November 27, 1916, at his residence, Trafford road, Salford, James Corcoran, late of Dublin, father of James Corcoran, L.P.S.I., Talbot street, Dublin.

BUNCH—November 23, 1916, at his parents' residence, Cefnbrain, Llanelly, Glamorgan, A. Pinsent Bunch, Captain, Welsh Guards, aged 23, beloved youngest son of Whitaker and Susan Bunch, aged 76 years. No flowers.

BURT—November 27, 1916, at Railway House, Thurles, Eva, eldest daughter of District-Inspector and Mrs. Hunt, R.I.C., aged 15 years. Funeral at 12 o'clock noon to-day (Wednesday), 29th inst.

MANSFIELD—November 13, 1916, killed in action, Hamond Beaton Mansfield, dearly-loved son of the late Alfred B. Mansfield, late of Grafton street, Dublin, and Mrs. Mansfield, Glenard, Dartry road, Dublin, and beloved husband of Eveleen M. Mansfield. "He fought the good fight, he finished his course." English and Los Angeles papers please copy.

PATON—November 23, 1916, at 32 Belmont Gardens, Glasgow, beloved wife of J. F. Paton, and daughter of Mrs. Courtney, Kenilworth, Cork.

WEWES—November 27, 1916, at the residence of his sister, 14 Queen street, James Power, son of the late Thomas Power, Brownbog, Tipperary. Funeral from above address (by motor) this (Wednesday) morning, 29th inst., to 9 a.m. train Knocknaboe Station, thence from Bansha Station to Parish Church for Requiem Mass. No flowers, by request. American and Australian papers please copy.

DYNES—November 27, 1916, at her residence, Caldra, Elizabeth Poynton, Funeral from Caldra to-morrow (Thursday), at 12.30, for Croghan.

IN MEMORIAM.

MARTIN—In loving memory of Arthur Martin, P.A.S.I., late Survey Branch Irish Land Commission, who was killed while cycling at Ballinacurragh November 29th, 1913, youngest and dearly-loved son of J. and C. H. Martin, Glendarragh, Clarinda road, Rathgar. Fondly loved and ever missed.

MARTIN—In loving memory of my dearly-loved husband, Arthur, who was killed at the Curragh November 29th, 1913. A good chum. Sadly missed. Wife.

MARTIN—In memory of our dear chum, Arthur, who was killed at the Curragh 29th November, 1913. Ever remembered. Gerald and Ethel.

"On you prayers all the necessary Of Holy Church we do bestow, That you may have the company Of Angels bright, Blessed Virgin mild, Of Martyrs true and Confessors, Of Virgins pure, and Widows, Of Saints that be in Heaven's bliss, That you may be their fellow."

MARTIN—In loving memory of my dear husband, Arthur, who was killed at the Curragh 29th November, 1913. Ever remembered. Wife.

MARTIN—In memory of our dear chum, Arthur, who was killed at the Curragh 29th November, 1913. Ever remembered. Gerald and Ethel.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

JOHN ARMSTRONG LITTLE, late of Gracefield House, Waltham terrace, Blackrock, Co. Dublin, and of The Arcade, Trinity street, Dublin, Deceased.

All persons having claims against the assets of the above-named Deceased are requested to furnish particulars to

HENRY F. CHIPLEY, Solicitor, 186 (Great Brunswick street, Dublin.

POUND DAY THURSDAY, 30th INST., NATIONAL CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL, 88 HARCOURT STREET.

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The Committee proposes to auction any goods unclaimed remaining on the premises, and to apply the proceeds further in aid of Belgian Refugees.

IRISH HEROES.—Many Photographs of Officers and Men, with personal notes, appear in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES to-day. Price One Penny.

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NURSES.—Special Notes for Nurses appear in the Women's Work Section of the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES to-day. On sale at all Newsagents.

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ALLAN BROS. & CO. (U.K.), Ltd., Traffic Agents, 50 Foyle st., Londonderry; or A. W. Hewett, 9 D'Olier street; Thos. Cook and Son, 118 Grafton street.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.
FREQUENT SERVICE OF FAST PASSENGER STEAMERS FROM LIVERPOOL TO EGYPT AND INDIA.
All Sailings are liable to cancellation or deviation without notice owing to the war.

Steamers.	Tons.	Date.	Destination
†City of Exeter	9,373	Dec. 6	Colombo & Calcutta
City of Poona	7,424	Dec. 24	Colombo & Calcutta
†City of Perth	9,032	Jan. 3	Karachi & Bombay

†Twin-screw.
Outside Deck Cabin, with Electric Fans. Marconi Wireless. Cafe and Saloon. Service recognised by Indian Government.
THROUGH BOOKINGS TO THE PUNJAB.
For Sailings, Rates of Passage, Plans, etc., apply to GEORGE ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES, Ltd., 5 Fenchurch street, E.C.; Montgomerie and Workman, Ltd., 36 Gracechurch street, E.C.; London; Hall Line, Ltd., or Ellerman's City Line Agency, 22 Water street, Liverpool; or to Geo. Smith and Sons, Glasgow.

ANCHOR LINE. ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
TO NEW YORK DIRECT.
FAST ROUTE TO BOSTON PHILADELPHIA, ONTARIO, MANITOBA, NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES, and BRITISH COLUMBIA.
PASSENGER EXPRESS SERVICE.
TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS. All with Wireless Telegraphy.
GLASGOW TO NEW YORK.
California, Fri., Dec. 1 | California ..Fri., Jan 5
Cameronia, Fri., Dec. 8 | Cameronia, Fri., Jan. 12
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Excellent Accommodation for 3rd Class Fares.
LIVERPOOL TO EGYPT AND INDIA.
Large New Steamers.
Apply in Dublin to T. Cook and Son, 118 Grafton street; A. W. Hewett, 15 D'Olier street.
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Londonderry, Cook's Office, 20 Foyle st., Londonderry. 'Phone—No. 171.)

R.M.S.P. & P.S.N.C. TO SOUTH AMERICA
Argentina, Brazil, Uruguay, Chile, Peru, Ecuador, Spain, Portugal, and Atlantic Is.
WEST INDIES, VIA CANADA.
JAMAICA and PANAMA, VIA NEW YORK.
GIBRALTAR, MOROCCO, and ATLANTIC IS.
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY, THE PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, 18 Moorgate Street, London, E.C., or at Liverpool.

ALLAN ROYAL LINE. TO CANADA,
NEWFOUNDLAND AND UNITED STATES.
Services from Liverpool, London, Glasgow, and Londonderry.
ALLAN'S 19 James's st., Liverpool; 14 Cockspur st., London; 50 Foyle st., Londonderry, etc.

BIBBY LINE—First-Class Twin-Screw Mail Steamers. Fortnightly Service to MARSEILLES, EGYPT, CEYLON, BURMAH, and SOUTHERN INDIA—BIBBY BROS. and Co., 26 Chapel street, Liverpool, and London, E.C.

EDUCATION.

MR. JASPER LEHANE'S ARMY SCHOOL, 21 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.
Again Led Ireland (Army Exam., Sept., 1916), as follows:
SANDHURST.
Mr. J. E. BRIGHT.
Mr. J. J. BROUGH.
Mr. H. H. HUNTER.
Mr. R. E. F. BRABAZON.
Mr. F. M. BOYLAN.
Mr. M. de C. FRASIMON.
OUT OF A POSSIBLE SEVEN.
Details of recent LEADING Performances would occupy too much expensive space.

BOYS' & GIRLS' SCHOOLS. TUTORS FOR ARMY AND ALL EXAMS.
Messrs. J. and J. PATON, having an intimate, UNIQUE, and up-to-date knowledge of the BEST SCHOOLS and TUTORS in this country, will be pleased to AID PARENTS in their choice by sending (Free of Charge) Prospectuses and TRUSTWORTHY INFORMATION regarding ESTABLISHMENTS which can be THOROUGHLY RECOMMENDED.
The age of the Pupil, district preferred, and rough idea of fees should be given.
J. and J. PATON, Educational Agents, 143 Camden street, London, N.W.

FLEECY OVERCOATINGS
KENNY & OWENS, TAILORS, 54 DAME STREET, DUBLIN.

DECORATORS.
JAMES GIBSON & SON, 49 and 50 MARY STREET, DUBLIN.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.
COUNTY WICKLOW.
BRAY.
BRAY HEAD HOTEL.
ONE OF THE BEST EQUIPPED HOTELS IN IRELAND.
Reduced Terms during Winter Months. Tariff, etc., sent on application. BETHELL HOTELS CO., LTD.

NORTH OF IRELAND.
BELFAST. GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL, ROYAL AVENUE.
Very Central Position. 200 Rooms. Numerous Suites of Private Apartments. Moderate terms. Cook's Coupons accepted. Telegrams—"Grand Central," Belfast.

SANATORIA AND HYDROS.
BLACKPOOL.—IMPERIAL HYDROPATHIC HOTEL. Claremont Park. 350 Rooms. Magnificent Lounge; Louis XVI. Dining Room. Separate Tables. Turkish, Russian, and Sea Water Baths. For Tariff apply Manager. Telegrams—"Imperial." Telephone—291.

LEGAL NOTICES.
IN THE GOODS OF THOMAS GORDON FITZPATRICK, Captain 8th Battalion Royal Irish Fusiliers, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, Chapter 35, that all persons claiming to be Creditors or otherwise to have any claims against the Assets of the said Deceased, who died on the 6th day of September, 1916, are hereby required, on or before the 30th day of December, 1916, to furnish in writing particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for Ethel Frances Fitzpatrick, of 41 Mountpleasant square, Ranelagh, Dublin, Executrix of the Will of the Deceased, and to whom Probate thereof was granted on the 13th day of October, 1916, by the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Ireland, King's Bench Division, Probate and Admiralty Jurisdiction, and Notice is hereby further given that after the said 30th day of December, 1916, the said Ethel Frances Fitzpatrick will proceed to distribute the Assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims and demands of which due notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 28th day of November, 1916.
MALCOMSON and LAW, Solicitors for the said Ethel Frances Fitzpatrick, 50 Dawson street, Dublin.

Pursuant to an Order of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice in Ireland made in the matter of the Estate of
DANIEL FITZPATRICK, late of Kildangan, County Kildare, Deceased, Farmer. Plaintiff;
MARY FITZPATRICK, Executrix, and Defendant;
MARY FITZPATRICK, Executrix, and in the matter of the Estate of ANNE FITZPATRICK, late of Kildangan, aforesaid, Farmer, Deceased. Plaintiff;
MARY FITZPATRICK, Executrix, and JOSEPH FITZPATRICK, Defendant.
1916, No. 827, the Cre

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

PERRY DE LUXE.
Sole Agents:
WALLEN GARAGE, ST. ANDREW ST., DUBLIN.

REPAIRS.
Best Equipped Workshop, Highest Class Workmanship, and Minimum Charges.

"BEFORE HAVING YOUR CAR OVERHAULED ALLOW ME TO ESTIMATE. YOU WILL SAVE MONEY."
G. A. BRITTAIN,
Earlsfort Garage, HAIGH STREET.

A Wood's, Westland Row—Ford Vans and Touring Cars T

FORDS. FORDS. FORDS.
No Car has contributed so considerably to the social amenities; no factor has so materially assisted the development of industry, in greater measure than ever before, the FORD Car is the one indispensable auxiliary for social and commercial life. Particulars of all types from
SANDERSON'S MOTOR WORKS,
20 UPPER DORSET ST., DUBLIN.

THE LEADING LIGHT CAR.
"Chilthorne Minor."
40-45 Miles to the Gallon.
Tyres from 24 in. Oil per Cowes.
BEARING AND LUNDY,
Great Brunswick-street, Dublin.

THE FOLLOWING MODERN SECONDHAND MOTORS must be disposed of:—
KRIT, 5 Seater, exceptionally light and starter.
OAKLAND, 5 Seater, electric light and startor.
STELLITE, 2 Seater, Light Car.
HUMBERETTE, 2 Seater, Light Car.
UBOUCH, 2 Seater, Light Car.
16 H.P. STAR COUPE Limousine.
All in perfect order. No reasonable offer refused.
Inspection Invited.
IRISH MOTOR CO.,
Thomas lane, Dublin. 'Phone, 4567. T

A VERY nice Ford Landaulette, in perfect order, English body, only very little used, to be sold cheap.—P 1561, this office. A

BARGAIN, 10/15 h.p., thoroughly overhauled, in first class order; any trial; seen by appointment; £135.—P 1442, this office.

FOR Sale, Two Seater French Car, 12-14 h.p., perfect in every detail; exceptionally light and startor, strongly built, accept £258; open to offer.—P 1484, this office.

FOR Sale, small Four Seater Darracq and 12 H.P. Talbot; exchange for Landaulette.—Lawson, Tullow.

FOR Sale, CAV., 4 cylinder, magneto; perfect.—Lawson, Tullow.

FIVE Seater Ford Motor, special body, painted dove colour.—The City Wheel Works, Ltd., Gt. Brunswick st. B

G.W.K., 1913, speedometer; perfect order.—P 1727, this office.

OLSON Unit, £36; converts Ford Chassis to one ton van, lorry, or 10 seat pleasure car; every user satisfied. Irish Representatives:—The Henley Tyre and Motor Accessory Depot, Pyrle st., Londonderry. S 24

OVERLAND, 15/20 h.p., 1913 model, in perfect order; any trial given; £135. Address "Z 1246, Motor," this office.

ROVER, 12 h.p., two seater, and dicker, completely overhauled; £250; terms, £50 down, 15 h.p. four seater, two lamitions, thoroughly overhauled, £160; inspection and trial. The Rover Dungeater Ltd., Showroom, Lord Edward st. B

SALE of Stock: Must Clear—14/16 h.p. Arrell, with new two seated body, £78; Vincent-Hollier Touring Car, 1916 type, £265; 15.9 h.p. Armstrong-Whitworth Touring Car, condition as new, £200; Maxwell 1915 model; £100. All cars guaranteed.—J. Fuller Phibbs, M.I.E.E., Saville Place Motor Works, North Strand, Dublin.

TWO Seater Darracq, cheap, make reliable parcel delivery van.—1696, this office. S

TWO Seater 11.8 h.p. Fanomobilette Car, as new, 30 miles to gallon, suit doctor or other; perfect order.—Bird, 19a South King st. O

WANTED.

A GOOD price given for 1914 or later Cars, and of reputable make.—J. Pullar Phibbs, M.I.E.E., Saville Place Motor Works, North Strand.

A ROLLS-Royce Wanted; give year, number, and price.—P 1705, this office.

A UNIC Landaulette Wanted, not earlier than 1912 pattern. Address "Z 1171, Landaulette," this office. A

CHAUFFEURS MECHANICS.

WANTED.

WANTED—Unmarried Protestant Chauffeur Wanted immediately, for the country. Address "Z 1156, Chauffeur," this office. S 25

DISENGAGED.

A YOUNG Chauffeur, disengaged, two years' city experience; running repairs and valetalsing.—J. Barry, Donaghmore, Ballinrobe, Co. Mayo.

A COACHMAN Chauffeur, married, experienced in all branches and management of hunters. Address "Z 1196, Coachman," this office.

A CHAUFFEUR, careful driver, all running repairs; good horseman; 41 years last place; recommended.—Hawker's Agency, Limerick.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.
(FROM PAGE 1.)

WANTED, first rate Useful Maid; thoroughly experienced; good dressmaker.—Wild's Agency, Maryborough, Dundrum.

A WORKING Housekeeper or very superior General Wanted, comfortable apartments given; one lady, country; widow with daughter about 14 might suit. Address "Z 1257, Housekeeper," this office.

A NEAT, superior, full, sensible Girl (good class), for housework; fond and helpful with children; needlewoman; good character; country. Address "Z 1262, Girl," this office.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

A CAN a lady recommend good Plain Cook; must be fair; able to make yeast bread; young Protestant preferred; kitchenmaid kept; state wages, enclose copies references.—Mrs. Georgeson, Bart House, Ards.

A COOK General Wanted for the country, one who can make yeast bread; state wages, enclose copies references and wages wanted to "Z 1202, Cook," this office.

A COOK General Wanted immediately; must be a good cook; state wages; copies of references to Miss Greene, Lyra, Lucan, Co. Clare.

A COOK General Wanted; well recommended. Apply by letter, Clearymount, North Circular road.

A COOK General Wanted.—Mrs. W. D. Ritsons, Ballsbridge, Dublin; small household.

EXPERIENCED Cook General Wanted for three in family; comfortable country home; good wages.—Address "Z 988, Cook General," this office.

EXPERIENCED Cook General Wanted, about 25.—Mrs. Cathcart, 207 Ardwar road, Highgate, London.

GOOD Cook General Wanted, country; small dairy, three in household, man kept.—Mrs. Hamilton, Portland, Easker, Sligo.

GOOD standard Cook Wanted for England; four servants kept; wages £26 to£28. Write, enclosing Garbages to M. E., Abbeylaine, Cheltenham.

A WANTED, young Cook General, must be recommended, where nurse parlourmaid kept, family two, country situation.—Mrs. Lloyd, Ballyrobert, Ballyboden, Rathfarnham.

A WANTED, December, Donaeal, very comfortable place, family two, two servants kept, really good Cook General; good wages; send copies Geckings, age, wages, Robinson, Derrintover, Carrickmines.

A W.C. must be good cook, some washing. Send copies, state age, wages, 186, Irish Times Office, Bargot st.

A WANTED, Good Plain Cook for the country; small family; good wages; must be fond of children.—Mrs. Lawson, Tullow.

A WANTED, Good Plain Cook for country, one to assist in housework; must be fond of children.—Apply, Mrs. Lawson, Tullow.

A FIVE Seater Ford Motor, special body, painted dove colour.—The City Wheel Works, Ltd., Gt. Brunswick st. B

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A OLSON Unit, £36; converts Ford Chassis to one ton van, lorry, or 10 seat pleasure car; every user satisfied. Irish Representatives:—The Henley Tyre and Motor Accessory Depot, Pyrle st., Londonderry. S 24

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MOTORS CONTINUED.

WANTED, two seater or Touring Rover, Swift, Humber, or Bennett, 1915-16. Full particulars, number, and price, P 1769, this office. O

MOTOR LORRIES AND VANS.

BREAD Van on "Humber" Chassis for Sale; perfect in every respect; price £180. To be seen and tested at Thomson's Motor Car Co., Ltd., Great Brunswick st., Dublin. B

MOTOR Auction—4 Ton Motor Lorries for Hire.—Dublin Steam Trawling Co., 32 Moss st. T 8 29

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

FOR Sale, 815 x 105 Re-covered Covers, 27/6 each; approval—P 1060, this office. G 28

OILS and Greases, "Tuskosin" Brand; "Farodo" Brake Lining, Jordaling Materials, Cartons, Rubber Bolts and Nuts, Tools, and general running requirements (except Tyres), at lowest current prices.—Jack's, Lower Abbey st., Dublin. S 24

BODIES.

FORD Motor Body Parts in stock for immediate delivery.—Darwood Garage, Marycourt.

SECONDHAND Ford Van, mahogany panels; Roll Top, cheap.—The City Wheel Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick st. B

WANTED, Body, Wind Screen, and Hood, 1915 or 1916 Ford car. Address "Z 1236, Ford," this office. B

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1" NEW Combination actually in Stock—Harley Davidson, Indian 6 h.p. Enfield. Sole Stockists for Premier, Douglas, Levis, Diamond. New Imperial Jap, S.S.A., Ixion. Secondhand—Rudge Multi, Triumph, Scott, Levis, Premier, Triumphette, A.J.S., N.U.T., Rover 11cc. Big 6 h.p. Excelsior.—Warte Bros., Lennox st., and Grafton st.

A "1" 1916, new, £95; 11cwt. van, 1916, 3½ h.p. combination, £65; Curne, 6 h.p., and Sidecar, 1914, £55; 7 h.p., 1915, £75; 9 h.p. new, £45; O.K., 2½ h.p., model 4 stroke, 2 speed, £40; Omega, 2½ h.p., 2 speed, 2 stroke, £33; G.E., 2½ h.p., 2 speed, 2 stroke model, £53; Wolf, 3½ h.p., single speed, 2 stroke, £30.—Wallen and Co., 11 and 13, St. Andrew st., Dublin.

A "1" Wolf, Westland row—As 1917 B.S.A. and Sidecars; immediate delivery.

A DVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels—Gorman, Pawnbroker, 19 Chatsworth st. (opposite Four Courts, under Christ Church); superior new garage; write or call. Established 1900.

MANY BARGAINS in Secondhand Motor Bicycles at Wards, Nassau st., Lennox st., Grafton st.

4½ JAMES Combination delivered, late 1914, just overhauled, perfect order, roller road screens; owner voluntered; £250.—Berry, Ballymoss, Co. Sligo.

1915 B.S.A., 4 speed, countershaft and clutch, chain drive, with new 26 guinea Montgomery C.R. Sidecar, lamp and spares; bargain.—Kelly, Bachelor's Walk.

1916 21 ALLDAYS Alton, Clutch Model, as new; owner joining horse, and speedometer; £58.—Kelly, Bachelor's Walk. B

BICYCLES.

"A1"—ACTUALLY in Stock—Sanheam, Lea Francis, Sparkbrook, Gloria, Swift, Viuder; deferred payments arranged. Enquire Wards, Universal agents for Oldest Firm of Cycle Repairers in Dublin.—Warte Bros., Lennox st., and Grafton st.

A "1" £5 10/—Gent's; Hamber, 3-speed, as new; £5 10/—Gent's Rudge, Model 20, Coaster, oil bath; £5 10/—Lady's Royal Rover and Swift, 3-speed, as new; £6; Gent's Raleigh and B.S.A., little used, £4; Lady's and Gent's Enfield, 3-speed, £5 10/ each; a number of others of every leading make, in good condition, £3 and upwards. Proposals will be received by H. Fitzherbert, Estate Office, Abbeyleix. T

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A BOUT 200 Raleigh Bicycles, called, great Xmas gains.—Price Brothers, Chatham st. T 7 25

A BOUT 50 Bicycles, Factorisation Cycles from £3 15/ to £16 10/; payments from 2/- monthly.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. Factory, 56 Rathmines road. S 6 28

WANTED.

WANTED, Girl's Secondhand Bicycle, good condition, also Tricycle.—P 1618, this office. S

WANTED, Secondhand Cycles; no objection to buy without wheels.—Buchanan, 4 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. C

WANTED, Boys' Bicycles, secondhand, two; good pattern. Address "Z 1171, Landaulette," this office. A 27

CHAUFFEURS, &c., CONTD.

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR wants employment; careful driver, can do all trades; repairs, or would take charge of horses, can ride and drive single and double harness.—R.C., 27 Lower Gloucester st. T

COMPETENT Chauffeur (R.C.); long garage and private experience; any car; repairs and valeting; highest references; please state terms. Address "Z 1140, Chauffeur," this office.

COACHMAN Chauffeur; Protestant; married, 37; thoroughly steady and single horses; highly recommended.—Rea's Office, Arklow.

GENTLEMAN highly recommends Groom Chauffeur; single, R.C. Address "Z 1160, Chauffeur," this office. A

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GENTLEMAN highly recommends Groom Chauffeur; single, R.C. Address "Z 1160, Chauffeur," this office. A

XMAS COMFORTS
FOR OUR TROOPS
For this purpose all the following goods are charged Very Special Prices.
KNITTED KHAKI MUFFLERS, very soft and warm, All Wool, 1/11, 2/11 each. Special Value.
KHAKI HELMETS, 2/6 each. WARM WOOL KNIT SOCKS, 3/6, 4/11, 2/6 per pair.
Men's Heavy Shetland Lamb Wool VESTS and PANTS, full size, 4/6 and 5/6 each.
Warm Fleecy KNITTED JACKETS, in Khaki, Grey, and Brown, 12/6 each.
KNITTED VESTS, 1/6/3 each.
LEATHER VESTS, flannel lining, 32/6.
LEATHER JACKETS, flannel lining, 42/-.
Men's Khaki FLANNEL SHIRTS, 6/11 and 8/11.
Men's Grey FLANNEL SHIRTS, 4/11, 5/11, and 6/11.
Men's FLANNELETTE PYJAMAS, 4/11 and 6/11.
Men's Khaki WOOLEN GLOVES, 1/11 per pair.
Men's Khaki WOOL MITTS, 9½d. per pair.
Khaki HANDKERCHIEFS, 2/6, 3/6, 4/6, 6/- per doz.
Coloured Bordered HANDKERCHIEFS, 2/6, 3/6, 4/- per doz.
Men's Paisley HANDKERCHIEFS, 4/-, 5/-, 6/- per doz.
FOUNTAIN PENS, guaranteed; price, 1/-.
WRITING PADS, with pencil, envelopes, complete, 1/6.
WATERPROOF PAPERS, for making up parcels, 45 inches wide, in 100 yards roll; price, 27/6, or 4d. per yard.
OFFICERS' TRENCH COATS,
In Garbercite, detachable fleece lining interlined Oil Cambric. By a long way the Best Value on the market. 95/-
McBIRNEY & Co., Ltd.
ASTON'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

EXPERIENCED Protestant Nurse, take charge—1258, Irish Times Office, Bargot st, Bridge. C

LADY recommends Infant's Nurse; thoroughly competent, disengaged December 6th; highly recommended.—Mrs. Medlicott avenue, Kingstown. C

YOUNG Girl, would take out children and sew, or be present with small family.—P 1753, this office.

YOUNG Nurse from Private Family wishes; highly recommended.—P 1694, this office.

YOUNG country Girl seeks situation as Children's Nurse; willing to help in housework; good experience and well recommended. Apply May Sullivan, Coolfaney, Tinahely, Co. Wicklow.

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, &c., DISENGAGED

YOUNG Girl wishes train Kitchenmaid; Liverpool. Address "Z 1265, Maid," this office.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

KELLY'S, 43 FLEET STREET, having purchased the entire Jewellery and Silver Stock of J. Mooney and Sons, Waterford, are now offering it to the Public at less than cost price.

AGRICULTURAL Field Drain Pipes, 14" to 6" in stock, ready for immediate delivery; apply works or direct to farm or rail; also Cement and all Building Requisites.—Thomas Clarke, Limited, Phibsboro. Late Goods Merchant, New Wapping st. (North Wall), Dublin.

ABOUT 50 Barrels Wood Tar, very suitable for tarring fences, Apply Thomas Archer, New Wapping st. 12 29

ADDRESS Die engraved free. No increase in price of stamping.—Kelly's, Dame st. 11 21

A FEW Dozen Cases to be Sold Cheap.—Apply to Hughes Bros., Dawson st., Dublin.

A FINE Piano for Sale or Hire.—Apply to Wheelock, Ltd., Great Brunswick st.

CHRISTMAS Cards—2d. Animal Sale—Wonderful Value; Comic Animals, Dogs, Cats, Horses, 1d. 10 Autograph Cards and Envelopes, 3d.; 6 special Autograph Cards and Envelopes, 6d.; 12 Autograph Cards and Letters and Envelopes, 9d.; 12 Christmas Postcards, 1d.; 6 Christmas Cards, 3d.; 12 Calendar Cards, 1/4; 6, 12 choice Cards and Envelopes, 1/4; 12 Calendar Cards and Envelopes, 1/6; 12 Birthday Cards, 1/6; 8 assorted Autograph Letters and Envelopes, 1/3; 12 Autograph Letters and Envelopes, 1/6; 12 Memo Cards, 1/6.—Goodman, 12 Wicklow st., Dublin. Order early.

DAINTY Gifts—Cosies and Scribbling, all modern shapes and sizes.—Kelly's, Dame st.

EGGLESS Plum Puddings—Lady has two excellent recipes for sale; address Plum Puddings, this office. B

EDGE Tiles, Wall Checks, and Range Tiles, Fireclay, Fire Bricks, and all classes Fireclay Goods, lowest prices.—Thomas Archer, New Wapping st. and 35 Amiens st. and New Wapping st (North Wall). Wapping 1 (three lines). Private 1 and 2.

FOR Sale, Child's Donkey chair saddle, in perfect order.—Apply, Mrs. Lewis, Ardeevin, Dalkey.

LARGE Oil Paintings for Sale, bargain; also Letter Scales, Grain Measures, and Dry Measures.—P 1701, this office.

NO. 1 Counter Case, with 3 trays, containing 91 Cards, post free, 5/6.—The Card Co., Belfast.

OLD China for Sale; Spode, Crown Derby, Worcester, Minton, Mason, Imperial, Nankin; prices moderate.—P 1491, this office.

OUR Special Xmas Packet, containing 3 trays filled with the following:—80 at 1d., 24 at 2d., 6 at 3d., 6 at 4d., 6 at 5d., 6 at 6d., 1 at 7d., 1 at 8d., 1 at 9d., 1 at 10d., 1 at 1/-, 1 at 2/6, 1 at 5/-, 1 at 10/-, 1 at £1, 1 at £2, 1 at £3, 1 at £4, 1 at £5, 1 at £10, 1 at £20, 1 at £50, 1 at £100, 1 at £500, 1 at £1,000, 1 at £5,000, 1 at £10,000, 1 at £50,000, 1 at £100,000, 1 at £500,000, 1 at £1,000,000, 1 at £5,000,000, 1 at £10,000,000, 1 at £50,000,000, 1 at £100,000,000, 1 at £500,000,000, 1 at £1,000,000,000, 1 at £5,000,000,000, 1 at £10,000,000,000, 1 at £50,000,000,000, 1 at £100,000,000,000, 1 at £500,000,000,000, 1 at £1,000,000,000,000, 1 at £5,000,000,000,000, 1 at £10,000,000,000,000, 1 at £50,000,000,000,000, 1 at £100,000,000,000,000, 1 at £500,000,000,000,000, 1 at £1,000,000,000,000,000, 1 at £5,000,000,000,000,000, 1 at £10,000,000,000,000,000, 1 at £50,000,000,000,000,000, 1 at £100,000,000,000,000,000, 1 at £500,000,000,000,000,000, 1 at 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A TON OF COAL
FOR 2/6.

WONDERFUL SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY WHICH ENABLES EVERYONE TO SAVE LARGE SUMS IN WEEKLY HOUSEKEEPING.

REMARKABLE OFFER TO ENABLE EVERY HOUSEHOLD TO TEST THE SPLENDID ECONOMIC ADVANTAGES OF "SELDONITE," WHICH, AT A COST OF 2/6 ONLY, MAKES ONE TON OF COAL GO AS FAR AS TWO

The introduction of the wonderful chemical compound "Seldonite," which doubles the "life" of coal, or, in other words, cuts in half the coal bill, is resulting in something like a sensation.

At this time, when every penny of housekeeping counts, to prove a saving of twenty-five shillings for warmth is almost as important as food.

£10 SAVED DURING COAL FIRE SEASON.

Ladies are now finding that they are able to have in kitchen or drawing-room the brightest, coziest, and hottest fires they wish, and yet make one scuttleful of coal treated with "Seldonite" go as far as two ordinary ones.

A saving such as this is, of course, greatly appreciated, all the more so because servants are pleased when "Seldonite" is used, for fires burn cleaner, need less attention, and there is practically no waste, dust, or soot.

No matter how small or large your coal bill, you can effect a wonderful saving by using "Seldonite," and if you use, say, one ton of coal a month, you can easily save from £10 to £15 during the coal fire season.

In order to give the public a most advantageous opportunity of testing "Seldonite" in their own homes the proprietors have decided, for a short while to send coal free the full-size 4/- box sufficient to treat one ton of Coal, Coke, Anthracite, or Slack), with full directions to all readers for only 2/6. Orders and remittances, however, must be sent within the next few days. Five boxes will be forwarded (whilst this offer lasts) for only 10/-, or 11 boxes for 20/-.

A MOST REMARKABLE SUCCESS.

Already "Seldonite" has found thousands of users who appreciate its cleanly and splendidly economical advantages, and testify to their appreciation by constant repeat orders.

Among the many thousands of delighted users of "Seldonite" are the following:—

The Viscount Ellbank

writes:—"I like 'Seldonite' as much as ever, and enclose cheque for a further supply. You can certainly make use of anything I have said in favour of 'Seldonite,' as I wish you every success."

The Lady Swansea

who writes:—"Please send me five more boxes of 'Seldonite.' I was perfectly satisfied with the first trial box and think it excellent."

Priscilla Lady Newnes

who writes:—"I find 'Seldonite' most useful. It keeps the fire in very brightly, and to some not much more heat than usual."

The Hon. Mrs. George Keppel

who writes:—"I have found 'Seldonite' a great saving of trouble. It gives more heat and coal lasts much longer."

Louisa Lady Walker

who writes:—"I shall be much obliged if you will send me eleven more boxes of 'Seldonite,' as I and all my family use it and find it quite excellent. The fires are bright, and the consumption of coal considerably less."

Lady Isabel Stewart.

who writes:—"I have been using 'Seldonite' on my coals for the last three or four weeks, and find a very great improvement. The coal lasts so much longer, fires are perceptibly much warmer, and when 'Seldonite' was not used I at once noticed the difference."

Sir Edward Redford, C.B.,

who writes:—"'Seldonite' possesses all the advantages it lays claim to, and is of very considerable benefit. The preparation not only economises the coal, but it also ensures an excellent fire. It is, moreover, clean, and gives out more heat in a room than a fire made without Seldonite."

Sir Robert Kennedy, K.C.M.G.,

who writes:—"I am perfectly satisfied with 'Seldonite.' It is conducive to cleanliness, comfort, and economy, and that coal treated with the preparation burns a bright red and consumes the coal slowly. I have given some 'Seldonite' this year to my coachman, gardeners, etc., and they are much pleased with it."

Colonel Fludyer,

62 Warwick square, who writes:—"I find that when using 'Seldonite' not only is there a great saving in the amount of coal used, but also that the coal treated with it gives out twice as much heat. In a kitchen range I find it saves quite one large scuttleful of coal per day."

The Rev. Canon W. F. Pearce,

Prebendal House, Chichester, who writes:—"I am more than satisfied with 'Seldonite.' It is a great economiser, and gives out much more heat than with coal alone."

'Seldonite' is easily used, and is alike suitable for factory, hospitals, schools, clubs, kitchen, greenhouse, drawing-room, or dainty flat. It does not smell; there are no fumes. It is perfectly healthy. Indeed, no one knows that it is in use, except that the fire burns consistently, warmly, cosily, and brightly without attention.

To take advantage of the special offer made above, readers should send remittance of 2/6 for one full-size 4/- box (sufficient for one ton of Coal, Coke, Anthracite, or Slack), 10/- for five boxes, or 20/- for eleven boxes, carriage paid, to the Seldonite Laboratories, Ltd., 686 Vine street, Cripplegate, London, E.C.

SPECIAL TERMS to hospitals, clubs, schools, laundries, bakeries, factories, etc. Agents wanted everywhere. Foreign rights for sale.

SPORTING NEWS.

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

Entries close to-day with Mr. Brindley for four will-endowed races to be run at Cork Park next year.

Warbine and Compical Corner have left the Curragh for England and Conroy, who has been sold, has left for France.

The attention of owners and trainers is drawn to the closing to-day of entries for the Louth Hunt Maiden Plate, value 200 sovs., with Mr. C. Brindley, Dublin.

Racegoers in Russia like plenty for their money, seventeen races in a day being nothing unusual. At Moscow on June 8th there was a programme of nineteen races.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

Clifton Steeplechase and Paddock Steeplechase, Windsor—Primrose Ruth.
Berks Double Handicap Hurdle, Newbury—Yankee Doo.
Selling Handicap, Windsor—Diatonic.
All steeplechases—North Star, War Star, King's Joker, Starland, and Riverbed.

COURSING.

WATERLOO CUP MEETING (ALTCAR)—FEBRUARY 14th and etc.
LIST OF NOMINATORS.

Messrs. Oscar Asche, J. Bell Irvine, J. H. Bibby, H. Birkbeck, Captain Cuthbert-Blundell, Messrs. H. Brocklebank, C. Brown, R.W. Burlsdon, H. Charles, Colonel Chichester, Messrs. W. Cockerell, Thomas Cook, J. Crisp, Deighton-Patmore, H. D. Dennis, E. H. Dennis, Sir Thomas Dewar, N. Dunn, Earl of Dunkellen, Lord Faber, Messrs. F. Fawcett, J. W. Fyfferton, Sir D. Gooch, Messrs. E. W. Gooch, D. Graham, H. St. Green, M. G. Hale, Hamelton Adams, Charles B. Hanbury, Major Sir Wyndham Hanmer, Messrs. M. Hardy, Thomas Hardy, A. Hearn, R. Hilton, Colonel Sir John Humphery, Sir G. W. Buchanan-Jardine, Messrs. G. H. Jones, C. Aitkinson Jones, A. Kennedy, Lieutenant-Commander the Duke of Leeds, Lieutenant-Colonel Leigh, Mr. Thomas M'Allister, Colonel R. M'Calmont, Messrs. J. R. Marshall, J. Meachar, J. Magill, G. W. Morrison, Major Sir G. Noble, Mr. F. J. O'Sullivan, Major H. Peel, Messrs. H. C. Pilkington, A. C. Pope, H. J. Rayner, R. Rowley, H. Sarsfield, the Countess of Sefton, the Earl of Sefton, Messrs. A. Gordon Smith, D. N. Smithey, P. Storey, W. Tranmler, Colonel Lord Tweedmouth, Mr. W. Wing, Captain D. P. Wormald.

NORTH KILDARE MEETING—YESTERDAY.

Judge—Mr. Wynne. Slipper—P. Norton. Hon. Sec.—Mr. J. Dowling.

HALVERSTOWN STAKE—For eight puppies. Winner, £9; second, £3.

Mr. Wynne's Wee Dote beat Mr. O'Grady's Rockfowler.

Mr. Cosgrave's Funny Kop (late Funny Film beat Mr. Wynne's Honours of War.
Miss Hope-Johnstone's Forest Laddie (late Bestbern) beat Mr. T. Harte ns. Newtown Boy II.
Mr. R. L. Henry's Herbery (late Lena Mouth) beat Miss Hope-Johnstone's Liability.

II.

Wee Dote beat Funny Kop.
Forest Laddie beat Herbery.
Mr. C. Wynne's w. bd. ns. Wee Dote (Heavy Boy—Witch of the Air) and Miss Hope-Johnstone's bd. d. Forest Laddie (Mandate—Forest Lassie) divided.

OBERSTOWN CUP—For ten all-ages. Winner, £230 and cup; second, £6 10s.; third, £3 10s.
Miss Hope-Johnstone's Happy Attack beat Mr. Lewis' Baldrick.
Mr. Bellew and Gilhooley's Carnation beat Mr. Lawler ns. Hosted Kite.
Mr. Healy's Noiseless beat Mr. Mahon's Money Hole.
Mr. Harte ns. Octagon beat Mr. Cosgrave's The Keep.
Mr. Lennen's Kaiser II. beat Miss Hope-Johnstone's Junonia.

II.

Happy Attack beat Carnation.
Noiseless beat Octagon.
Kaiser II. a bye.

III.

Happy Attack beat Kaiser II.
Noiseless a bye.
Mr. Healy's bk. h. Noiseless (Duffer—Donard Lass) beat Miss Hope-Johnstone's bd. h. Happy Attack (Happy Care—Happy Act).

COOLMOONAUN STAKE—For 16 all-ages. Winner, £10; second, £4; two dogs, £1 each.
Mr. M'Carthy's Virginia Girl beat Mr. Byrne's Hidden Gem.
Mr. J. Fay's Cue More beat Mr. Breen's Bay Rosh Boy.
Mr. Tracey's Eadestown beat Mr. Prendergast's Wicklow Witch.
Mr. Hayes's Hidden Spy beat Mr. Waddock ns. Haughty Agnes.
Mr. Clery's Clear Air beat Mr. Kelly's White Mask.
Mr. M'Nally's Young M'Grath beat Mr. Healy's Carrachmore Lass.
Mr. Trambley's Topsy Toole beat Mr. Hayes' Lakeside Rose.
Mr. Costello ns. Hidden Finch beat Mr. Clinton's Some Leader.

II.

One More beat Virginia Girl.
Eadestown beat Hidden Spy.
Young M'Grath beat Clear Air.
Topsy Toole beat Hidden Finch.

III.

Eadestown beat One More.
Topsy Toole beat Young M'Grath.

IV.

Mr. J. Tracey's bd. d. Eadestown (Gloomy—Slane Girl) beat Mrs. A. C. Trambley's bk. b. Topsy Toole (Duffer—Arrowfield).

Though somewhat threatening in the morning, the weather held up fine for the meeting over the club's preserves at Osberstown yesterday, and though a capital day's coursing resulted, some grand trials being witnessed, and though hares at intervals came cleverly to hand, contrary to expectations, we were able to finish. Of the puppies, Wee Dote and Forest Laddie ran stylishly, and fully deserved their positions in the decider, which, however, was not run off, a division being agreed to. In the Osberstown Cup, the favourite, Happy Attack, ran with great resolution, but the defeat of the brindled in the decider was meritoriously avenged by Kaiser II., though he only defeated his opponent by a single point. This, however, after months, had a good winning sequence at the end of a searching trial. Topsy Toole, after winning a splendid three rounds, gave a disappointing display in the decider, in which she was well outpointed by Eadestown.

BROWNSTOWN (THURLES) MEETING—YESTERDAY.

Judge—Mr. Murphy. Slipper—P. J. Kinane.

BALLYDUAG STAKE—For 12 puppies.
Mr. Delany's Real Original, a bye; Mr. Leader's Killowen beaten.
Mr. Stapleton's Season's Pride beat Mr. Prout's Prosperous Days.
Mr. Kenny's Wood Wild beat Mr. Meagher's Magic Witch.
Mr. Kelly's Shining More beat Mr. Gleeson's Gibbs' Boy.
Mr. Cormack's Now Kerry beat Mr. Flynn's Gerrawn Boy.
Mr. Doyle's Dr. Lynn beat Mr. Brady's Madge's Man.

II.

Real Original, a bye; Season's Pride drawn.
Shining More beat Wood Wild.
Now Kerry beat Dr. Lynn.

III.

Shining More beat Real Original.
Now Kerry, a bye.
Stakes divided.

BROWNSTOWN STAKES—For 5 all ages.
Mr. Leader's Sporting Nigger beat Mr. Connolly's Benaderi.
Mr. Flinn's Grausaha's Best beat Mr. Keogh's Kate Flynn.
Mr. Delany's Major Carroll, a bye.

II.

Sporting Nigger beat Major Carroll.
Grausaha's Best, a bye.

III.

Grausaha's Best beat Sporting Nigger.

MEMBERS' STAKE—For 16 all ages.
Mr. Skehan's Loyal Lucy beat Mr. Hayes's Crutchens Patch.
Mr. Molony's Madge's Best beat Mr. Ryan's Minta Fox.
Mr. Meagher's Duty Paid beat Mr. O'Dwyer's Jess Tree.
Mr. Hayes's Full Smoke beat Mr. Lootry's Abbey Boy.
Mr. Moloney's Little That beat Mr. Ryan's Canadian Miss.
Mr. O'Dwyer's Moggie beat Mr. Flinn's Missing Brigade.
Mr. Skehan's Onward beat Mr. Forrest's Skeleton.
Mr. Quinn's Kilmacsian beat Mr. Ryan's Mermaid.

II.

Madge's Best beat Loyal Lucy.
Full Smoke beat Duty Paid.
Little That beat Moggie.
Kilmacsian beat Onward.

III.

Full Smoke beat Madge's Best.
Little That beat Kilmacsian.
Stakes divided.

WORKMAN'S STAKE—For 8 all ages.
Mr. Kennedy's Valley Boy beat Mr. Ryan's Rowsk Boy.
Mr. O'Dea's Frankie's Chick beat Mr. O'Brien's Margaret.
Mr. Maher's Mitchelstown beat Mr. O'Brien's Spring O Mist.
Mr. Berry's Baroostown II. beat Mr. Maher's Conan Boy.

II.

Frankie's Chick beat Valley Boy.
Mitchelstown beat Baroostown II.
Stakes divided.

The Brownstown Club provided a big attendance with an interesting day's sport at Ballydaug yesterday, but, though the trials as a rule were of a good stamp, the coursing was devoid of outstanding features, while three of the stakes ended out under division.

GREENANE MEETING.

Judge—Mr. M. F. Davis. Slipper—J. J. O'Shea.

THE DRAW.

SALCHEAD STAKE—For nine puppies. Winner, £10; second, £4; third, £2.
Mr. R. V. Ryan's Raheen agst. Mr. D. Smyth's Kilmacow.
Mr. G. Massett's The Galloping Major agst. Mr. J. G. N. Quirke's Quasimodo.
Mr. P. Doyle's Frankie Fox agst. Mr. N. Walsh's Wait and Win.
Mr. W. McGarrell's Owendale agst. Mr. E. Merriman's Balonia Dan.
Mr. M. Irwin's Gantlower a bye.

THE GREENANE STAKE—For 10 all ages, at £2 10/-. Winner, £14; second, £4; third, £2 10/-.
Mr. F. O'Sullivan's Rustic Recruit agst. Mr. J. Danagher ns. Fatiogogan.
Mr. F. O'Sullivan's The Gallows Hill agst. Mr. J. G. N. Quirke's Quaint.
Mr. J. Charley's Cool Morning II. agst. Mr. Jas. Draper's Mr. Dick.
Mr. P. O'Dwyer's Woe Joe agst. Mr. D. Cronen's Cairn Hill.
Mr. P. F. Moloney's Good and Gay agst. Mr. J Finn's Silent Leader.

THE MEMBERS' STAKE—For 29 all ages that never won more than £8 in any one stake, at £1 10/-. Winner, £16; second, £7; third, £5; three dogs, £1 each.
Mr. M. Sheehan's White Waves agst. Mr. S. G. Mather's Messenger.
Mr. Jas. Barry ns. Gorgei agst. Mr. Wm. Ryan ns. Spinning Wheel.
Mr. J. Hourigan's Travelling Boy agst Mr. Jas. Godfrey ns. Tormentor V.
Mr. Quirke's Fair Alanna agst. Mr. John O'Neill's Kate Fisher.
Mr. P. Finan's Jovial Jack II. agst. Mr. P. Feely's Native Lass.
Mr. P. Shanahan ns. Duchess of Fife agst. Mr. J. Connolly's Ginginy.
Mr. J. O'Reilly's Orpheus agst. Mr. D. Hussey's Harry Jones.
Mr. James Dwyer's Paul Dombey agst. Mr. Wm. Collins ns. White Collar II.
Mr. Wm. Walsh's Wager Wise agst. Mr. P. J. O'Reilly's Hill Sixty, 111.
Mr. J. Walsh's Wise Warning agst. Mr. J. J. Cahill's Cherry Blossom VIII.
Mr. M. Flynn's Flashy agst. Mr. Wm. Collins ns. Sing Song II.

DAISY PARK STAKES—For 24 all ages that never won over £2, £1 5/- each. Winner, £15; second, £5; third, £3; three dogs, £1 5/- each.
Mr. P. O'Sullivan ns. Sunburst II. agst. Mr. T. Fahey's Fair Prospect II.
Mr. T. Kingston's Dona's Fancy agst. Mr. P. B. Considine's Coolcot.
Mr. James Halpin's Castle Boy agst. Mr. T. O'Connell's Outcast II.
Mr. Tracey ns. Splendid Girl agst. Miss Humphries ns. Gallscorge.
Mr. P. O'Sullivan ns. Abbey's Well agst. Mr. P. Maher ns. Irish Glory.
Mr. G. Massett ns. Fire Escape agst. Mr. R. Costigan's Flying Scud.
Mr. Jas. Crowley's Cowslip IV. agst. Mr. J. Sullivan ns. Searchlight.
Mr. Walsh's Wire Worm agst. Mr. P. Sheehan's A.1.
Mr. Wm. Mahony's Florina agst. Mr. J. O'Brien's Castleblaney Boy.
Mr. J. Sullivan ns. Dark Opal agst. Mr. O. Massett's Bonnie Nightingale.
Mr. W. Walsh's Wright Wheel agst. Mr. D. Crosson's Charming Colleen.
Mr. M. Parcell ns. Hasty Act agst. Mr. Martin Carry's Happy Man.

TIPPERARY TOWN STAKE—For 13 all ages that never won more than two courses, confined to certain local parishes. Winner, £7; second, £3; two dogs, £1 each.
Mr. D. Quirke's Ruby's Jester agst. Mr. W. McGrath's Jerry M. VIII.
Mr. P. Dwyer's Fair Battle agst. Mr. W. O'Brien's Old Style.
Mr. T. Maloney's Knockancy Volunteer agst. Mr. J. White's Willard.
Mr. R. Fitzgerald's Slow Leopard agst. Mr. M. Ryan's Ring Shot.
Mr. Wm. Walsh's Sarsfield's Raid agst. Mr. H. Brown's Novat Bella.
Mr. J. Quirke's Out Vive III. agst. Mr. J. O'Brien's Courtenay Lass.
Mr. J. Condon's Anguilla a bye.
First brace in slips at 11.30 sharp.

HUNTING.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.
THE WARD UNION.

Date—November.	Meet.	Hour.
Wednesday, 29	Batterstown	1.30
December.		
Saturday, 2	Loughlinstown Gate	1.30
	THE KILDARE.	
November.		
Thursday, 30	Davidstown Cross-roads	11.15
December.		
Saturday, 2	Brighstown Cross-roads	11.0
	THE MEATH.	
November.		
Thursday, 30	Rathmore Gate (tpe-day)	11.0
December.		
Friday, 1	Dunboyne	11.0

HUNTING FIXTURES.

EAST GALWAY HOUNDS.—December—Friday, 1st, Ramore; Monday, 4th, The Green Door; Friday, 8th, Brackloon; Tuesday, 12th, Tynagh; Friday, 15th, Ballinlin Gate.

QUEEN'S COUNTY HOUNDS.—December—Monday, 4th, Ballyhimar; Friday, 8th, Bevan cross-roads; Monday, 11th, Cappoge; Friday, 15th, Annagrove. Meet at 12 o'clock.

ATHLONE HOUNDS.—November—Thursday, 30th, St. John's Chapel Cross-roads. December—Thursday, 7th, Kilnone Station; Thursday, 14th, Portlick Castle; Thursday, 21st, Curraghboy. Meet at 12 o'clock.

THE WARD UNION STAGHOUNDS.

Despite the inclement weather on Saturday morning last there was a field of the usual size mustered at Hollywoodrath Gate. The enlargement took place on Mr. Laurence Cuffe's farm, near Kilbride, and on a poor scent hounds ran a fast hunting run to Macarney and Irishtown to Gallonstown. After a couple of short circs around Hollywoodrath Demesne they went very fast over The Bay and close by Kilshane wild geese and The Magazine to Cloghran, where, after a very fine run, the stag was safely housed. The other stag was released at the same place, and hounds hunted steadily over the Naul road to Balrothery, Feltrim, and Feltrim Cottage to Spricklestown, and on to The Ward River, where, unfortunately, the stag broke right back into the pack and was caught immediately. This finished a moderate day.

FOOTBALL.

RUGBY.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

St. Stephen's Green School v. St. Andrew's College 2nd.
Merion.
Belvedere College (J.C.T.) v. Earlsfort House School.
Jones's road.
Monkstown School 3rd v. King's Hospital 3rd.
Coyndon Park.
Rockwell College (J.C.T.) v. Presentation College (J.C.T.).
Cork.
Castleknock College (S.C.T.) v. St. Columba's College (S.C.T.).
Castleknock.
National University v. Blackrock College.
Terenure.

HOCKEY.

LEINSTER LADIES' HOCKEY UNION.

Club secretaries are requested to note that all affiliation fees must be sent in before December 1st to the Hon. Treasurer, Mrs. Fred. Evans, Bayview, Brefni road, Sandycove, Kingstown.

BILLIARDS.

INMAN v. REECE—Conceding 900 start in 16,000 up, Inman gained upon Reece at Leicester square yesterday afternoon, the former's credit being 51 for an aggregate of 666, against Reece's respective statistics of 35 and 454. The highest breaks were Inman 125, 95, 88, and 86 (his finished) by Inman, and 82, 96, 117, and 99 by Reece. Interval scores—Reece (receiving) 2,338; Inman (in play), 2,000.

STEVENSON v. FALKINER—Stevenson, who was slightly favoured by all the scores of two yesterday's play at Burroughes' Hall in the afternoon. He scored 500 to Falkiner's 400, the averages being 27 and 22 respectively. The best breaks were—Stevenson, 103, 60, 58, 90, and 51 (unfinished); Falkiner, 124, 58, and 56 (his finished) by Inman, and 82, 96, 117, and 99 by Reece. Interval scores—Reece (receiving) 2,338; Inman (in play), 2,000.

STEVENSON v. FALKINER.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
THE ULSTER PLAYERS,
To-Night at 8. Early Doors at 7.
And Thursday and Saturday Evenings at 8.
SUZANNE and the SOVEREIGNS.
Friday—THE DROUM and THOMPSON IN TIR-NA-NOG.
Saturday Matinee—THE TURN OF THE ROAD And THOMPSON IN TIR-NA-NOG.
Next Week—The Rathmines and Rathgar Musical Society.
Monday, Tues., Fri., and Saturday Evenings, The Gondoliers.
Wednesday and Thursday Evgs. and Sat. Matinee, Iolanthe.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.50 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.
ENORMOUS SUCCESS
The TERRY TWINS,
JEAN SCHWILLER,
And
JULIE DELARO.
VASEY and RAMSEY. HARRY LYONS.
NORA ALTHEA. VESTA CRIPPS.

THE ABBEY THEATRE.
EACH EVENING THIS WEEK, at 8.15 p.m.
SATURDAY MATINEE at 2.30 p.m.
Miss MAIRE O'NEILL in
THE PLAYBOY OF THE WESTERN WORLD,
A Comedy in Three Acts, by J. M. Synge.
Preceded by
THE COINER,
A Comedy in One Act, by Bernard Duffy.
Usual Prices. Booking at Theatre. Tel. 2368.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
8.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.
PATRICK'S EVE.
Featuring Old Irish Melodies.
—Seats Booked at Theatre, 1/3. Tel. 3016.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY).
BELLA DONNA (3 Reels).
New Pathe Gazette and Full Comedy Programme.
TO-MORROW (THURSDAY).
HERO OF SUBMARINE D 2
In Parts). PIMPLE'S ROYAL DIVORCE, etc.

SUNDAY CONCERTS,
December 3, at 4.30 and 8.30.
SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT OF
MISS RAYMONDE AMY,
Prima Donna (late of Moody-Manners),
Tel. 140, Rathmines.

ROTUNDA.
LAST DAY of the Essany re-issue of Chaplin's Famous Comedy,
CHARLIE THE PERFECT LADY.
Also, "THE GHOST WAGON,"
A fantastic Drama in 2 Parts.
New Pathé Gazette and Full Programme.
Admission—4d., 7d., 11d., and 1/2.

PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE.
Showing to-day at
2, 4.15, 6.30, and 9 p.m.,
"SLANDER," 6 Acts,
A Powerful Modern Society Drama.
WILLIAM FOX MASTERPIECE,
Featuring the Great Russian Actress,
BERTHA KALICH.
Her first appearance on the Screen.

TO-NIGHT at 8 TO-NIGHT
PIANOFORTE RECITAL
BY
MR. GEORGE O'NEILL,
L.R.A.M., L.T.C.L.,
ABERDEEN HALL, GRESHAM HOTEL.
Tickets, 2/6, 1/6, at Door.

MONKSTOWN.
SALE OF WORK
ON BEHALF OF
CHURCH MISSIONARY SOCIETY
TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY) and TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), 29th and 30th NOV.
The SALE will (D.V.) be Opened at 2 p.m.
TO-DAY
By H. T. MARRABLE, Esq., M.B.
TO-MORROW
By Mrs. Green, D.D.
Admission, 6d. Children Half-price.

MRS. SMYLY'S HOMES.
ELLIOTT HOME FOR LITTLE CHILDREN.
ANNUAL SALE OF WORK
To be Opened on
TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), at 2.30 p.m.,
Will (D.V.) be held in
THE HALL, 5 TOWNSEND STREET
(Kindly lent by the Rev. T. R. Goff).
THURSDAY and FRIDAY,
NOVEMBER 30th and DECEMBER 1st, 1916,
From 2.30 to 6 o'clock each day.
BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS BOXES.
—Admission 6d.; Children Half-price.

LITTLE THEATRE,
40 UPPER SACKVILLE STREET.
On TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), FRIDAY, and SATURDAY, 30th NOV., 1st and 2nd DEC., at 8 p.m.
And SATURDAY MATINEE at 2.30,
THE LEDBETTER CASE,
A Play in Three Acts,
By Anthony Wharton (Author of "Irene Wycherley," etc.).
(Will be staged for the first time in Dublin, By kind permission of the Author,
In Aid of
THE IRISH WAR HOSPITAL SUPPLY DEPOT.
The Players include Miss Elizabeth Young and Judge Brereton Barry.
Reserved Seats, 4/5 (including Tax); Unreserved, 2/8 (including Tax).
Tickets may be had from Mrs. Hignett, 40 Merrion square, or Miss Young, 57 Grosvenor square.

DUBLIN WOMEN'S WORK ASSOCIATION.
ANNUAL SALE
OF CLOTHING FOR THE POOR,
In the
GREGG MEMORIAL HALL, DAWSON STREET,
On WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, DEC. 6-7,
From 12 to 5 each day.
ADMISSION FREE.

PUBLIC NOTICES.
STEWART INSTITUTION FOR IMBECILE CHILDREN.
The following were the SUCCESSFUL Candidates at the Election held on Monday, 27th November, 1916:—

		Votes
1.	Geary, Eileen, Cork	2805
2.	Shanks, Sarah, Dublin (re-elected)	2656
3.	Haslam, John, Dublin (re-elected)	2500
4.	Semple, Chas., Durrow	2326
5.	Boland, Sylvester, Dalkey	1986
6.	Elvin, Thos., Stramorlar	1879
7.	Hopkins, Wilson, Dublin	1693
8.	Porter, Moses, Dublin	1432

The UNSUCCESSFUL Candidates received votes as follows:—

9.	Clarke, Hugh S., Belfast	1400
10.	Wilkins, Harry, Belfast	1024
11.	Robertson, Thos., Belfast	790
12.	Comerford, Jas., Cork	616
13.	Campbell, Patk., Carrickmacross	516
14.	Spence, Chas., Letterkenny	474
15.	Rost, Ellen, Letterkenny	447
16.	Sutton, Isabella, Bathing Ireland	417
17.	Dunlop, Margt., Belfast	280
18.	Copeland, Matilda, Newry	253
19.	Smith, James, Holywood	240
20.	McGarvey, Elizth., Hamilton	226
21.	Hegarty, Andw., Athy	149
22.	Nolan, Annie, Dublin	113
23.	O'Connor, Matr., Dublin	71
24.	Campbell, Laurence, Dublin	43

An annual subscription of 10/6 gives one vote; a donation of £5 5s. a life vote.
Reports, pamphlets, collecting cards and all information can be had from the Secretary at the Office, 40 Molesworth street, Dublin.

CONTRACTS.
ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF TYRONE.
COUNTY SANATORIUM AT DUNGANNON.
FURNITURE, UTENSILS, CLOTHING, &c., WANTED.
The Tyrone County Council will, at their Meeting to be held at the Courthouse, Omagh, on Tuesday, the 13th day of February, 1917, consider Tenders for the Supply of
FURNITURE, UTENSILS, CLOTHING, &c., for County Sanatorium at Dungannon.
Sealed Tenders will be received by undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon on THURSDAY, the 28th day of DECEMBER, 1916, and will be submitted to the Sanatorium Committee at its Meeting and their Meeting to be held at the Sanatorium, Dungannon, on Thursday the 4th day of January, 1917, for consideration, and recommendation to County Council.
Each Tender or security must be given for the due discharge of the Contract.
Tender forms, including particulars of respective requirements, can be had on application to the Clerk of the Tuberculosis Committee, Courthouse, Omagh.
The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.
CLAUDE C. HAMILTON,
Secretary, County Council.
Courthouse, Omagh, 22nd November, 1916.

FIRMS REQUIRED, with Capstan equipment capacity up to 2½ bar, capable of undertaking the manufacture of Cast Steel Rings for Engine Cylinders. Drawings can be seen at the Area Engineer's Office (Clearing Branch), Ministry of Munitions, Costes' Buildings, Belfast.

ST. PATRICK'S HOSPITAL, DUBLIN.
In addition to the Main Hospital in James's street, the Governors have Branch Establishments at Leeson Cottage, Lucan, standing in Demesne of 200 acres, and provided with every facility for the Curative Treatment of Mental Cases.
The Mansion of St. Edmundsbury has been adapted for the Treatment of Ladies, and a Villa specially built to accommodate a limited number of Gentlemen.
Urgent Cases can be admitted to the Hospital on application to the Medical Superintendent.
For further particulars, Forms, etc., apply to THE REGISTRAR, St. Patrick's Hospital, James's street, Dublin.

BELFAST RESIDENTS
Having any difficulty in securing their copy of this Paper in the forenoon will oblige by communicating with our Branch Office, 108 ROYAL AVENUE, BELFAST. 'Phone 1767.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
HIPPODROME and WINTER GARDEN.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.0.
"ARVI MYSTERY,"
ELLIOTT SAVONAS
In their Latest Creation, "The Palace of Orpheus."
SUPPORTED BY ALL-STAR COMPANY.
DAILY AT 2.30,
OFFICIAL WAR PICTURES
BIG SUCCESS.
WHERE THE WAR WILL END.
ALLIES IN THE BALKANS.
BAND OF THE FAUGH-A-BALLAGHS.
"It may be truthfully stated that the present series is one of the most interesting that has yet been shown in Dublin."—*Irish Times.*
"These official war films are greatly in advance of even the famous Somme pictures in variety and picturesqueness."—*Freeman's Journal.*
"These pictures are the most fascinating of any series yet shown."—*Irish Independent.*
"It may be safely said that this 'Salonika' film is more interesting than previous ones from other fronts."—*Evening Mail.*
"These pictures, which vividly depict the splendid work in the Balkans, deeply impressed those present."—*Evening Herald.*

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SATURDAY, DEC. 16th, 6 p.m. to 11.45 p.m.,
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PUBLIC NOTICES.
ALLOTMENTS FOR TOWN WORKERS.
A PUBLIC MEETING
Will be Held on
FRIDAY NEXT, 1st DECEMBER, at 8 o'clock,
In the
ROUND ROOM OF THE MANSION HOUSE,
In support of
The Labourers' Town Allotments (Ireland) Bill,
To ask the Government to make it at once an URGENT WAR MEASURE, that it may become LAW before the Christmas Recess, in order that ALLOTMENTS MAY BE OBTAINABLE in time to crop them NEXT SPRING.
Speakers:
The Very Rev. Dr. Dooley, P.P., V.G., Kells.
Sir Frederick Moore, Odenstha.
Chas. Barry, K.C.
Mr. William Field, M.P.
The Most Rev. Dr. M'Donnell, S.J.
Chairman of the V.L.G. Society.
Dr. Denham, Osborne, D.D.
Mr. David Houston.
Mr. Thos. Harpur, M.P.
Mr. Thos. M'Partlin,
President of the National Executive of the Labour Party).
Mr. T. E. Hackett,
And others.

CITY OF DUBLIN STEAM PACKET COMPANY.
NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF LIVE STOCK.
Notice is hereby given that on and after Tuesday, 5th December, 1916, the rates for Live Stock between Dublin and Birkenhead will be increased.
For further particulars apply to
MESSRS. THOMPSON, M'CORMICK, & CO., LTD., Sir John Rogerson's quay, DUBLIN.
28th November, 1916.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF LIVE STOCK.
Notice is hereby given that on and from Tuesday, 5th December, 1916, the rates for Live Stock between Dublin and Birkenhead will be increased.
For further particulars apply to
MESSRS. THOMPSON, M'CORMICK, & CO., LTD., Sir John Rogerson's quay, DUBLIN.
28th November, 1916.

NOTICE TO WIDOWS.
The Governors of the Villiers Institutions, Limerick, give notice that they will meet shortly to elect a Widow to the vacancy in the Institutions.
The Widow should be over 50 years of age, members of the Church of Ireland or Presbyterian Church, and have in reduced circumstances. Preference to be given to ladies residing in Limerick, Clare, and Tipperary. The Widow receives £50 yearly, house, coal free and gratis.
For Forms of Application or any further particulars apply to the Secretary, Villiers Institutions, Henry street, Limerick.
Forms of Application must be completed and sent in not later that 16th December to the
HON. SECRETARY,
Villiers Institutions,
Henry street, Limerick.

REGISTRATION OF CLUBS (IRELAND) ACT, 1904.
Take Notice, that I intend applying for a Renewal of Certificate for the Grafton Club, 48 and 49 Chancellor street, Dublin.
JOHN BELL, Hon. Sec.

CLUBS REGISTRATION (IRELAND) ACT, 1904.
Take Notice that I intend to apply to the Magistrates at Nenagh Petty Sessions for Renewal of Certificate of Registration for the North Tipperary Club, situate in Castle street, Nenagh.
J. ALFRED CANNING, Secretary.

SALE OF DOLLS,
27 SOUTH ANNE STREET.
OPEN DECEMBER 2nd.

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MADE OF
FOREIGN FLOUR.
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SILVER AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.
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9 & 10 DAWSON ST., DUBLIN.

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day..Morning	1.44	Evening	2.11
To-morrow ..	2.42	..	3.16

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day....Rises	8.15	Sets	4.13
To-morrow ..	8.17	..	4.13

LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 5.13 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—War Pictures, 2.30; Hippodrome, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre—"Suzanne and the Sovereigns," 8.0.
Queen's—"Kathleen Mavourneen," 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"The Coiner" and "The Playboy of the Western World," 8.15 p.m.
Empire Theatre—6.50 and 9 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—7 and 9 p.m.
Princes Cinema, Rathmines—3 to 11 p.m.
Rotunda Pictures—Continuous.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous, from 2 p.m.
Mr. George O'Neill's Pianoforte Recital—Aberdeen Hall, Gresham Hotel, 8 p.m.
Monkstown—Sale of Work on behalf of Church Missionary Society, 2 p.m.
Presentation of the Constabulary Medal at the Depot, 11 a.m.
Walpole Brothers—Meeting, 11.15 a.m.
North Dublin Guardians, 2 p.m.
South Dublin Guardians, 12.30 o'clock.
Prof. Thomas's Lecture—R.D.S. Theatre, 4.15 p.m.
Classical Association—Prof. Browne's Lecture, College of Physicians, 4.30 p.m.
Children's Clothing Society (Police-Aided)—Mansion House, 5 p.m.
Lord Mayor's Dinner—Mansion House, 7.30 p.m.
Pembroke Technical Schools—Distribution of Prizes, 7.45 p.m.
Dickens Fellowship—College Restaurant, 8 p.m.
Conference of National Union of Railwaymen.

The Irish Times.
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1916.

Air, Sea, and Land.

The fate of two of the Zeppelins which took part in Monday night's raid is highly satisfactory, since it supplies evidence that the English provincial defences are being brought to the same state of perfection as the London defences. Hitherto the raiders, while they have learned by costly experience that the area of London is best left alone, have been able to cruise almost at will over the provinces. From the military point of view raids over the northern counties are, perhaps, more dangerous than raids over London, for in those counties are concentrated many of the British munition factories, iron foundries, and shipbuilding establishments. The results of the latest attempt show that the enemy no longer enjoys immunity in his attack on those important centres. Even those of the airships which made good their escape were so harried in their operations that they were able to effect little damage. Although over a hundred bombs were dropped, the total casualty list is one woman killed and sixteen persons injured, and the material damage is inconsiderable. The two raiders which were destroyed were given their *coup de grâce* by aeroplanes, but the searchlight and anti-aircraft artillery services contributed materially to their destruction. One was intercepted on her outward journey, before she reached the Durham coast. On her approach she was immediately picked up by the searchlights, and anti-aircraft guns were brought into action against her. Unofficial reports attribute her destruction to gun-fire, but the official report gives the credit to an aeroplane of the Royal Flying Corps. In the case of the raider brought down off the Norfolk coast all the services—naval, military, and air—co-operated in her destruction. She was engaged on her return journey both by guns and aeroplanes of the Royal Flying Corps. The damage thus inflicted on her prevented her from reaching the coast before daybreak. Here she passed through the gun-fire of the land defences, and was finally brought down in flames nine miles out to sea by the attacks of four machines of the Royal Naval Air Service and the gun-fire of an armed trawler. Her destruction is a very fine example of the successful co-operation of all arms, and a high tribute to the results of Viscount French's reorganisation of the defensive services.

It is not impossible that the news of these failures in Germany was responsible for the subsequent raid of a single aeroplane upon London yesterday in broad daylight. The aeroplane flew at a great height above the haze and dropped six bombs on the city, causing, happily, no loss of life, though several persons were injured. It was brought down by our French Allies on its return journey, if the aviators' possession of a large scale map of London may be taken as evidence of identity. The audacity of the enterprise was, doubtless, responsible for its success, such as it was. It was suggested in the House of Commons yesterday that the aeroplane was disguised as a British machine, or was one which had been captured in France. There are obvious possibilities of subterfuge and concealment in the case of an aeroplane which do not exist in the case of an airship. A daylight raid by a single hostile aeroplane on London is scarcely the kind of exploit against which the authorities would consider it necessary to be on their guard; it possessed an element of surprise which would be of value on the first occasion, but is less likely to be valid in future. Given the two qualities of disguise and surprise, the raid on London is not, as a flight, an outstanding achievement. The distance from the Belgian coast to London is considerably less than the distances which French and British aviators have covered in the course of bomb-dropping flights of real military importance at the front. These air raids have the same purpose as the naval raids of which three have followed in rapid succession during the last few weeks, and two of them within the past week. That purpose is two-fold—to hearten civilian opinion in Germany, and to disturb civilian opinion in these countries. If the air attack on London will console the Germans for the loss of two Zeppelins, it is not likely to give the British public a false sense of the values of the respective achievements. The naval raids are more serious, not in themselves, but because there exists already some dissatisfaction with the Admiralty. They are invested with a certain importance by Mr. Balfour's unfortunate boast, on the occasion of the first attack on the Channel communications, that the raiders would not escape so easily next time. Since then we have had, last Thursday, the fleeting visit of German destroyers to the "fortified place of Ramsgate," and again, last Sunday, a raid near Lowestoft, in which one of our armed trawlers was lost. In both cases the raiders returned unmolested.

Naturally the German Press makes the utmost possible capital out of these incidents. We read that "the abundant bombardment of fortified places on the English coast and the invisibility of the British Fleet are a truly grotesque picture which nobody had thought possible before the war." While it would be absurd to reinforce criticism of the Admiralty by hasty conclusions drawn from these raids, or to make them the basis of an outcry that our ships should be diverted from their proper work in order to attend to them—which is precisely what the enemy want—it must be admitted that they are worth while from the German point of view. Strategically they are meaningless; politically the "truly grotesque picture" of the naval situation which they enable the German Press to present is of considerable value. A good deal of opposition, especially from the Socialists, is manifesting itself against the proposal to mobilise the whole man-power and woman-power of the German Empire. Nothing can be better calculated to bear down that opposition than the fostering of an illusion that Germany's cause prospers, and that only a final effort is needed to carry it to victory. The military situation is capable of being so presented as to give the same illusion that Germany holds the initiative and her enemies are powerless. The fact that the various offensives of the Allies are momentarily suspended, while the German offensive against Rumania proceeds with vigour, has even produced a certain depression at home which enables us to appreciate the political value in Germany of the other side of the picture. At this stage it is useless to examine the Rumanian situation in detail. The Rumanians have extricated their retreating forces without serious loss, and they now lie, intact, disposed on a wide arc a hundred miles long and some fifty miles distant from Bukharest. Whether, with Russian support, they have it in their power to stand on this line against the invaders, or even now to turn the tables upon them, depends wholly on their position in respect of material, upon which we remain altogether uninformed.

War Loans.

The new depreciation of the exchange value of the German mark in the New York money market coincides rather remarkably with important extensions of the Allied borrowing in America. In New York on Monday the rate of exchange on Germany touched the lowest point since the outbreak of war. The mark is at a discount of almost 30 *per cent.* The British sovereign, on the other hand, still stands on the American market at a discount which represents no more than the cost of transporting it across the Atlantic. This state of affairs is not due to the fact that trade between America and Britain continues, while between America and Germany only the submarine Deutschland gives a precarious trade connection. On the contrary, we, using to the full our command of the sea, have imported goods to an enormous value from America, and for that purpose have drawn heavily on our credit there. Germany, thanks to our Fleet, has not been in that case. Moreover, the mark is heavily depreciated, as the telegrams which we published yesterday showed, in Holland, Switzerland, and the Scandinavian countries, with which Germany is in undisturbed communication. The degree of confidence in British credit which is displayed in America is comforting to us on general grounds. It is also of great practical importance, for we are going to rely more and more on borrowing from America for the financing of the war. One noteworthy innovation in the system of borrowing has been announced this week. The French and British Governments have borrowed hitherto on bonds issued through the great firms of New York financiers. The long and difficult negotiations which preceded the first Franco-British Loan in America will be remembered. Subscription to a great foreign loan was then a novelty to Americans. Things have moved rapidly since then, and America has so quickly adapted herself to the new conditions that the Allied Governments now feel themselves able to act as freely in her money market as in London or Paris. The innovation now recorded is the sanction by the British and French Treasuries of the sale of short-term bills, maturing in periods varying from one to six months, while the rate depends upon the market and time of issue. At the other end of the scale of borrowing measures, a large unsecured long-term British loan in the United States is now in course of arrangement. The rate of interest at which this War Loan shall be issued has not yet been settled. We do not know whether this loan will be made available to the comparatively small investor; but, if not in this instance, then at some time in the near future, we are sure to see British War Stock become a holding familiar to middle-class investors in the United States. British credit deserves to be good. It is well founded. What we have raised abroad so far is a slight fraction of our borrowing; it is well secured, and represents a small amount in comparison with Britain's vast resources of wealth. The war has opened a revelation of our taxable capacity. The Finance Bill of 1914, passed a few days before the declaration of war, provided for an estimated revenue of about £200,000,000. In the eight war months of 1914-15 we raised in taxation £172,000,000. In 1915-16 the sum was £337,000,000, and in 1916-17 we shall raise £502,000,000. This means that we have provided for all our ordinary expenditure and for the interest on our war loans, and have made a large contribution out of taxation to the cost of the war.

Civil Service Reform.

The examination for the highest class of the Civil Service is virtually in abeyance during the period of the war. When it is resumed after the war its nature probably will have undergone drastic changes. The report of the Civil Service Commission, published more than two years ago, recommended that a Treasury Committee should investigate "the suitability of the syllabus and methods" of the examination. The system of examination under which candidates have been selected hitherto for the Home, Indian, or Eastern Civil Services was criticised before the Commission on several grounds. It was said that the schedule of marks gave undue preference to candidates who had read for the Oxford "Greats" School, and that mathematical and scientific students were handicapped. The charge was also made that the selection of candidates solely by the test of marks tended to penalise many really good men. The Treasury has now adopted the Commission's suggestion, and has appointed a committee of inquiry into the existing scheme of examination. It consists of Mr. Stanley Leathes, First Civil Service Commissioner; Sir Alfred Ewing, of Edinburgh University; Sir Henry Miers, of Manchester University; Mr. H. A. Fisher, of Sheffield University, and Mr. W. G. Adams, Gladstone Professor of Political Theory at Oxford. Mr. Adams has worked in Ireland, and will not be unmindful of Ireland's very large interest in this question. The fact that the "new" Universities are strongly represented on the committee foreshadows reforms in a system which hitherto has followed in the main the traditional lines of the education of Oxford, Cambridge, and Dublin. The committee is instructed to submit to the Treasury a revised scheme which will satisfy the needs of Class I. of the Civil Service. The war has made at least one change in normal conditions for which the committee must make wise and liberal provision. Many hundreds of our best University students have given themselves to their country without regard for their own prospects, and have now passed the age limit for the Indian Civil Service examinations. After the war such men must not merely receive new opportunities for entering the highest offices in the public service, but must be given a preference over those who have not borne the burden and heat of the day.

NO DRILLING IN IRELAND.

NEW ORDER BY THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

Under date 28th November, 1916, the following Order has been made by the Chief Secretary for Ireland under Regulation 9a of the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914:—

MILITARY EXERCISES AND DRILL (IRELAND) ORDER, 1916.

Whereas, by Regulation 9a of the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914 (hereinafter referred to as the Regulation), it is provided that a Secretary of State or the Army Council may by Order declare the Regulation to be in force in any area, and that the powers of a Secretary of State under the Regulation may be exercised as respects Ireland by the Chief Secretary:

And whereas the Regulation further provides that in any such area no person other than a member of His Majesty's naval or military forces or a constable shall, subject to any exceptions for which provision may be made in the Order, practise, take part in, or be concerned in, any exercise, movement, evolution, or drill, of a military nature, or be concerned in or assist the promotion or organisation of any such exercise, movement, evolution, or drill, by persons other than members of His Majesty's naval or military forces or constables; and that if any person acts in contravention of the Regulation he shall be guilty of an offence against the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914:

Now, in pursuance of the powers conferred on him by the Regulation, the Chief Secretary doth hereby order and declare as follows:—

1. From and after the date of this Order the Regulation shall, subject to the exceptions for which provision is hereinafter made, be in force throughout Ireland.

2. The Regulation shall not apply to persons practising, taking part in, or being concerned in, any exercise, movement, evolution, or drill, of a military nature under the authority and in accordance with the conditions of a permit granted by the competent naval or military authority, and for the time being in force, or to persons concerned in or assisting the promotion or organisation of any such exercise, movement, evolution, or drill so permitted.

3. This Order may be cited as the Military Exercises and Drill (Ireland) Order, 1916.

H. E. DUKE, Chief Secretary.

THE PENSIONS BILL.

The Government amendments to the Pensions Bill were tabled last night. Their effect is to bring Admiralty pensions and the work of the Statutory Committee fully under the control of the President of the Pensions Board, in accordance with the views expressed in Monday's debate. The three Vice-Presidents provided for in the bill are retained, but it is laid down that their functions shall be of an advisory character.

Meetings of the War Committee were held at 10 Downing street yesterday at 11.30 a.m. and 6 p.m.

LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

153 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
TUESDAY NIGHT.

London has had an exciting day, for, simultaneously with the publication of the news that two Zeppelins had been brought down, a German aeroplane appeared over London and dropped six bombs. Unfortunately, nine people were hurt, but otherwise the proceedings did little harm. Crowds of people thronged the streets to watch the aeroplane, which flew at a great height. This is London's first experience of a daylight raid, and London seemed to be rather enjoying it. The raid was a daring one, for the invader must have had a difficult task in getting away.

An expert on aviation a few weeks ago said that he thought that London might be free from Zeppelins, but that the Germans were getting aeroplanes that would enable them to attack London. This prophecy has proved to be correct, and it may be that we shall have further visits. It is certain, however, that our aviation services will not be found wanting in measures to meet this new method of attack, and we may see some interesting doings in the air.

It is, perhaps, because the Zeppelin menace comes home so nearly to the people of England that the satisfaction expressed to-day at the victory of our brave aviators was as loud as, if not louder than, when we have scored a considerable advance in our line in France. I do not believe that the reason for this is a selfish one, but think that it is due to the fact that we suffered so long from the Zeppelins without opportunity of vengeance. For months they came and did what they pleased, and sailed away unharmed. Now they come, but they do not all get back again. Another reason for satisfaction is that so many people know exactly what a Zeppelin raid means, with its tale of murder of helpless women and children and wanton damage, and rejoice at the knowledge that a Zeppelin, once destroyed, cannot come again.

Twelve German airships have now been destroyed this year—six of them in the last three months. Judging by the frequent accidents to these monsters in peacetime, it is probable that, in addition, several others have come to grief in Germany. But whether that be so or not, enough has been done to strengthen the conviction of those who held from the start that the lighter-than-air machines would prove untrustworthy as fighting weapons. For scouting purposes at sea they are believed to have proved useful, though even that is a matter of inference rather than certainty.

After yesterday's excitement the House of Commons was rather quiet to-day, though, when the regular questions were over, interest was stimulated for a minute or two by the official statements regarding the Zeppelin and aeroplane raids. Mr. Pemberton Billing, by the way, was obviously annoyed that some other member's question on this subject was preferred to his own, and heckled the Speaker about it, only to be quietly put in his place. Really, the hon. member is making himself a nuisance, and, what is worse, a bore.

A few points of interest came up at question time. Lord Robert Cecil stated that three of the imprisoned Venezelist officers had been released, and that the Greek Premier had promised to take immediate action in the case of the remainder. Mr. Lloyd George was very sympathetic with the case of men who had been at the front for a long time without leave, and was sure that the Commander-in-Chief would give them every consideration. He was also very candid in his reply to Mr. Morrell on the subject of "Field Punishment, No. 1," pointing out that there must be some prompt method of enforcing discipline if our Army was not to become a mere mob, and that the suggested alternative of detention camps was quite impracticable.

Mr. Scanlan was informed that Irish horses had maintained their well-known reputation, but when, on behalf of Mr. Devlin, he asked a question suggesting that thousands of people in Belfast were on the verge of starvation, he was sternly contradicted by the Chief Secretary, who said that there was no foundation for his statement, and that the percentage of pauperism in Belfast was the lowest in the United Kingdom. Mr. Birrell was standing at the bar during a portion of question time chatting with Mr. Redmond and other members as they passed. He seemed much amused at his successor's style of dealing with Irish questions, which is certainly a great contrast to his own.

A long, rather dull debate took place on the Registration of Business Names Bill upon report, and a few minor amendments were made to it, while only once was a division necessitated. This was upon a proposal by Mr. G. M. Henderson to omit the clause which provides that a defaulting firm under the Bill should not be able to enforce contracts in a court of law. It was defeated by 206 to 51. The report stage being concluded, the measure was given a third reading, while the Local Government Emergency Provisions Bill was also read a third time, and the Sailors and Soldiers (Gifts for Land Settlement) Bill got a second reading on the motion of Mr. Acland.

On the motion for the adjournment Sir Stuart Coats protested against delays on the part of the income tax authorities in making refunds, to which the Secretary to the Treasury replied that the department which dealt with the repayment of income tax had had before it 661,000 claims, and only one and a half *per cent.* were undisposed of. Then Mr. Trevelyan raised the case of Mr. Bertrand Russell, and complained of the persecution of "this distinguished philosopher." Mr. Lloyd George was in excellent form in reply. He accused Mr. Trevelyan of being unscrupulous, and characterised a speech made by Mr. Russell at Cardiff as scandalous in time of war. The House enjoyed Mr. George's vigour. It rose at a quarter to ten.

It is whispered among members interested in the subject that the delay in the appointment of a Food Controller is not altogether unconnected with the discovery by Ministers that he will be above them and able to issue orders to at least several of them. In the meantime the idea that more than one Controller will be necessary seems to be growing in favour as at any rate worthy of consideration, and Mr. Ingland puts forward the definite proposal that there should be a control triumvirate, consisting of an overseas trader, an agriculturist, and a distributor. Without such an arrangement, the hon. gentleman thinks, smoothness and efficiency cannot be attained.

The Unionist War Committee, in large attendance under the presidency of Sir Edward Carson, gave prolonged consideration to the food question to-day, and passed a series of important resolutions, the first of which described the proposals of the Government for the cultivation of land not at present being used to the advantage of the country; the prompt organisation of labour for the land, and the taking of immediate steps to bring into cultivation large tracts of country in the Indian Empire, Egypt, and the Soudan.

It is said that the Government will shortly begin to release a considerable number of the Irish prisoners in this country, and that the release will be free of conditions. This will apply only to prisoners awaiting trial, but it is anticipated that steps will also be taken to shorten the sentences of many of the prisoners who have been convicted.

CONSTABULARY AND POLICE BILL.

SECOND READING IN THE LORDS.

LORD DONOUGHMORE AND THE FREEMASONS.

In the House of Lords last night, the Marquis of Crewe moved the second reading of the Constabulary and Police (Ireland) Bill.

The Earl of Meath thought that the Government had moved too late in this matter, and that the bill did not go as far as he could have wished.

The Earl of Donoughmore gave notice that in Committee he would move the omission of the clause repealing the right of members of the Irish police forces to join the Order of Freemasons.

The bill was then read a second time.

In the House of Lords last night,

The Marquis of CREWE, in moving the second reading of the Constabulary and Police (Ireland) Bill, said that the one point in the measure which had given rise to some difference of opinion was Clause 3, which repealed certain Statutes dating from 1836, relating to the Royal Irish Constabulary and the Dublin Metropolitan Police, under which an oath was exacted from members of both forces that they would not belong to any secret or political organisation. An exception was made in the case of Freem

FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

TWO AIRSHIPS AND AN AEROPLANE.

The public, says *The Times*, may legitimately feel satisfaction at the results of the Zeppelin raid on England on Monday night. The destruction of two German airships—a destruction of the completest possible kind, for both fell into the sea in flames—at points far removed from the London area, shows that our anti-aircraft measures have not only maintained the effectiveness revealed by the bringing down of the previous four since September 3rd, but have largely increased their scope. We are familiar with German claims to have dropped bombs on London itself when they have, as a matter of fact, fallen well outside that extensive target. Yesterday, however, a raid shortly before noon by a single aeroplane did succeed in landing half a dozen bombs in London proper. Like all fresh portents of the kind, this isolated visit is by no means to be ignored. It may have been largely an act of bravado, or it may have had some definite object of reconnoitring, or destruction. In any case, it is wise to regard it as the prelude to further visits of the kind on an extensive scale, and to lay our plans accordingly.

THE GERMAN PEACE INTRIGUE.

In a leading article *The Times* discusses the German peace intrigue in America, but expresses the belief that the Americans who can weigh evidence are not likely to be deceived. Can any neutral of ordinary good sense (it asks) suppose that we have suspended our Constitution, that we willingly waive our most valued civil rights, that we are anxious to see a "Food Dictator" appointed and conscription stiffened, that we are running up new munition works all over the country, with any object but the resolute prosecution of the war? What responsible politician has ventured to give the smallest countenance to any other policy? Where is any voice raised throughout the country in support of any other policy? Does not every month show that our people are more grimly set on victory than the month before? The country will not hear of peace, except upon the terms which she laid down when she entered the war, and from which she has never even thought of departing.

NAVAL POLICY.

Admiral Lord Beresford writes to *The Times*:—There may be diplomatic difficulties connected with the arming of merchant vessels for attack, but surely these difficulties could be easily surmounted in order to stop murder and piracy at sea? Germany has directly challenged us, and has cut and stopped our route to Holland—a short distance of about 80 miles. The War Staff should immediately set to work to devise means for opening the line of communication between this country and Holland. To meet the new danger of these developments we must strengthen the Board of Admiralty. We want new blood, younger men fresh from the sea, who have proved their capabilities and rendered conspicuous services in the war, and know what is necessary. The development of the submarine and the complexity of its activities have immensely increased the work and responsibility at the Admiralty. The War Staff should be strengthened, and its *personnel* increased.

SHIPOWNERS AND ADMIRALTY.

Underwriters, says the Shipping Correspondent of *The Times*, have been distinctly surprised to learn that apparently the question of arming British merchantmen is one for discussion between the Admiralty and owners. There can be no doubt whatever that, if a plebiscite were taken, the underwriting community would be overwhelmingly in favour of the arming of all merchant ships.

DOCTORS RESTORED TO THE REGISTER.

At a meeting yesterday of the General Medical Council the Registrar was directed to restore to the Medical Register the names of Ulick Joseph Burke and Maurice Edmund Arnold Wallis, says *The Times*.

ANOTHER GERMAN NAVAL RAID

CLOSE TO LOWESTOFT.

ARMOURED TRAWLER SUNK.

PRESS BUREAU, TUESDAY.

The following Berlin official *communiqué* has been received:—

Portion of our naval forces again executed a raid close to the British coast, not far from Lowestoft.

An enemy watching vessel was sunk; crew captured.

Some neutral steamers were also stopped and searched, but were transporting no contraband, and were released.

Our naval forces returned without finding touch with the enemy.

The Secretary of the Admiralty announces:—

A report has been received that the armoured trawler Narval was on duty off the East Coast on the night of the 25th, and is missing. This is presumably the vessel referred to.

(PRESS ASSOCIATION WAR SPECIAL.)

AMSTERDAM, TUESDAY.

A telegram from Berlin says that the British guard vessel which was sunk on the night of November 26th-27th was the trawler Narval, which was mine-sweeping, and that her crew belonged to the Royal Naval Reserve.

IRISHMAN AND MILITARY SERVICE.

At the Bootle Police Court yesterday a young Irishman, named Neill Kerr, was charged with being an absentee under the Military Service Act. It was stated for the prosecution that the prisoner was residing in Bootle up to December, 1915, when he went to Ireland and took part in the Dublin rebellion. He was arrested by the military authorities at Jacob's biscuit works on April 30th, when he was brought over to England to an internment camp, where he has been detained since. He was arrested on Monday at the internment camp and brought to Bootle.

Mr. G. J. Lynskey, junior, who defended, contended that the man was not an ordinary resident, as he had not lived in England since 1902, except for one week in December last, when on a visit to his parents. It was further contended that, if he was an ordinary resident, proceedings should have been taken under the Aliens Act within two months of his arrival, and that that Court had no jurisdiction, as the offence was not committed at Bootle. Mr. Lynskey announced that there was a case pending in the High Court from the decision of the Lambeth magistrates, and he suggested an adjournment pending the decision of the High Court case.

The magistrate's clerk suggested to the Bench that there was a case for argument, and that it would be wiser to await the decision of the High Court.

The Bench thereupon adjourned the case, without fixing a date for hearing, and ordered the prisoner to be released to a military escort, to be returned to Frongoch internment camp.

IRISH RAILWAYMEN AND BONUS.

Mr. J. H. Thomas, M.P., who will attend the conference of Irish railwaymen in Dublin to-day in connection with the demand for an increase of the war bonus to 10s., stated yesterday that all his efforts will be directed towards the avoidance of extreme action by the men. Their British colleagues sympathised with the Irish workers. He is hopeful that, with the help of the Government, a solution will be found. Many branches of the National Union of Railwaymen will be represented at the conference.

WESTERN FIELD OF WAR.

ENEMY SHELLING ON ANCRE FRONT.

BRITISH RETALIATIONS.

There was heavy enemy shelling against our Ancre front yesterday; also in the neighbourhood of Souchez, Ypres, and Armentières. "Our retaliation," says Sir Douglas Haig's despatch, "was prompt and effective."

Our aircraft were active, and bombed several places of military importance.

On the French front, with the exception of intermittent bombardment, all was quiet.

BRITISH OFFICIAL.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, FRANCE, TUESDAY, 10.40 A.M.

Last night our line north of Ypres was heavily and continuously shelled by the enemy. Our casualties were small.

We exploded a mine south-east of Souchez and consolidated the crater. Three enemy bombing attacks against the crater were repulsed.

10.30 P.M.

There was considerable hostile shelling today against our front on both sides of the Ancre. Our retaliation was prompt and effective.

The enemy also bombarded our lines south of Souchez, and his trench mortars were active south of Armentières.

Our artillery shelled the La Bassée area.

Yesterday much successful artillery and reconnaissance work was accomplished by our aircraft, and several places of military importance were attacked and bombed. In one instance a large explosion was caused. In aerial combats one hostile aeroplane was destroyed and one driven down damaged. Two of our machines are missing.

FRENCH OFFICIAL.

Yesterday afternoon's Paris *communiqué*:—

A night attack on one of our small positions to the east of Maisons de Champagne was easily repulsed.

The night was calm everywhere else.

Last night's *communiqué*:—

There was moderate artillery activity in the region of the Somme and in the sector of Dousumont. All was quiet on the rest of the front.

GERMAN OFFICIAL.

Yesterday's Berlin *communiqué*:—

Western Theatre.—There were no big fighting actions.

SIR DOUGLAS HAIG AND ST. ANDREW'S DAY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, TUESDAY.

Scotsmen in Paris are holding the usual St. Andrew's Day dinner on Thursday. Sir Douglas Haig has sent the following telegram—"Regret very much cannot be present myself, but am sending three Scots officers and three pipers."

WOMEN HECKLE LORD HALDANE.

LIVELY INTERCHANGES AT LONDON MEETING.

NUMEROUS EJECTIONS.

Under the auspices of the Sociological Society, Sir John Macdonnell last night delivered an address in the Hall of the Royal Society of Arts, London, on "The Legal Aspect of International Relations." Viscount Haldane presided. The audience was not very large, but included a fair proportion of women.

When Lord Haldane rose to speak he was interrupted, one after the other, by a man and by several of the women.

His first sentence had not been completed when a well-dressed woman rose in the centre of the hall and shouted—"Shame on you, Haldane; what do you know about internal law or politics? You are a pro-German." By her side another woman rose, and shouted—"You are a disgrace to any country. How could we win the war if we had your influence in international affairs?"

There was much dissent on the part of other portions of the audience, and a couple of men rose and conducted the two women interrupters from the hall. A man who stood near the door ejaculated "Traitor," and at once walked away with the women.

Viscount Haldane—I should have thought that in the Society of Arts we should have been deprived of the society of lunatics.

There were cheers at this reproof, and one man ejaculated—"How much are they paid, I wonder?"

Viscount Haldane—Now, that we are relieved of those lunatics—(cheers)—we will proceed.

The speaker could get no further before another woman popped up and vehemently exclaimed, "We protest against you speaking at this meeting. You are a traitor. You are working for a compromised peace." Much hubbub followed, in the midst of which Lord Haldane said quietly—"Will some gentleman kindly take the lady's arm and walk out with her?"

A couple of men responded to the request, and proceeded to remove the disturber. As she was being escorted to the door she cried out—"We protest against you coming into this hall to speak, or to speak anywhere in England."

Now, are there any more, laughingly asked Lord Haldane. This is the third time of asking, and if any more be present, let them speak now, or for ever hold their peace.

"Lord Haldane," came the quick response, from another woman, "you subscribe to the Germans. You are a traitor to your country. You went to Switzerland to meet Von Bulow."

This time, the audience becoming angry, raised cries of "Throw her out," and the interrupter was conducted from the hall with a little more vigour.

"Any more?" enquired Viscount Haldane.

"Traitor Haldane," exclaimed another female voice. "German education, German philosophy! I wish I had the handling of you, I would shoot you."

The woman was taken out, struggling.

Viscount Haldane (smilingly)—No one would accuse that lady of much German philosophy.

He succeeded in delivering a few sentences, when another woman shouted, "You ought to be ashamed of yourself. We know you are the most dangerous pro-German in this country to-day, Haldane. You ought to be ashamed of yourself."

Remarking, "We proceed under difficulties, but the thread of continuity is not broken," his lordship was able to continue his address without further interruption until just before the meeting concluded, when a woman rose and said, "All here are supposed to be British. We should like to know why your lordship gave £20 to the Germans."

Lord Haldane—That is an irrelevant topic. (Laughter.)

THE LATE EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMSTERDAM, TUESDAY.

A telegram from Vienna describes the pomp with which the body of the late Emperor Francis Joseph was transferred yesterday evening from Schoenbrun Palace to the Hofburg. The body was blessed by the Court Chaplains shortly before 10 in the evening, in the presence of members of the late Emperor's House and *entourage*. After those present had taken a touching farewell of the body the coffin was placed on a hearse drawn by eight horses.

The entire route was crowded with thousands of people, who stood silent and bareheaded. The procession arrived at the Hofburg about 11 at night, and was awaited by the chief Court dignitaries in Hungary, and the Court clergy. Court attendants took the coffin and carried it, after the Benediction by the Court clergy

THE RUMANIAN CAPITAL.

MENACED FROM NORTH AND SOUTH.

ENEMY CLAIM CAPTURE OF CURTEA AND GUIRGEVO.

The situation in Rumania shows no improvement, and to-day's news seems to indicate that the enemy contemplates a movement to envelop the capital.

The enemy forces going eastward report that they have now crossed the Alt, and have captured the town of Curtea de Arges, about seventy miles north-west of Bukharest, on the railway to that town. The enemy troops which crossed the Danube have also advanced, and claim to have captured Guirgevo, about forty miles due south of the capital, and also on the direct railway.

The Russian *communiqué* states that the situation in Transylvania is not changed, and that there is nothing of importance to announce on the Dobrudja front.

Yesterday's Bukharest *communiqué*:—Northern and North-Western Front.—On the western frontier of Moldavia there was no change. In the Busen Valley, as far as Dragoslavele region, there were patrol encounters and an artillery bombardment, especially in Prahova Valley, where the enemy made use of asphyxiating gas projectiles and tear shells.

Western Front.—In general, the day yesterday passed without any fighting, except on the extreme right, where the enemy bombarded with heavy artillery, and on the left wing, where there were unimportant engagements.

Southern Front.—There was a bombardment on the Danube. Dobrudja.—No change.

Yesterday's Petrograd *communiqué*:—

Transylvania.—No news has been received which alters the situation.

Danube Front.—There is nothing important to announce.

ENEMY REPORTS.

German Official.—Front of Archduke Joseph.—On the Transylvanian eastern front there was a lively artillery and aviation reconnoitring parties were repeatedly repulsed. The Alt has been crossed. Further operations have begun with good results for us. Curtea de Arges is in our possession.

In the Dobrudja there was weak battle activity. On the Danube Field-Marshal von Mackensen's army won ground. Guirgevo was captured yesterday.

Austrian Official.—Front of Archduke Joseph.—The Alt has been crossed north of the Argesul Valley. Curtea de Arges has been captured. On the Eastern Transylvanian front our outposts repulsed strong Russian reconnoitring detachments.

Bulgarian Official.—In the Dobrudja there has been artillery firing along the entire front. By a strong counter-attack we drove back the enemy from 1,524 and from the village of Erkenek, and dispersed two battalions. Near the latter village we also easily repulsed an attack delivered by certain portions of the 103rd Infantry Division against our narrow strip of territory east of Lake Taschavla, as well as an infantry attack south of the village of Ester. Turkish artillery drove out the enemy infantry, who were entrenching themselves opposite the Turkish troops. Two Russian warships bombarded, without result, our positions near Lake Taschavla.

On the Danube, between Rustchuk and Cerna, there has been artillery firing. The enemy is hurriedly fortifying the left bank of the Danube. Our troops and those of our Allies who crossed the Danube near Sistova continue their advance according to plan. In Wallachia, near the village of Orehova, our troops have occupied the village and occupied Rekez. Other Bulgarian troops have crossed the Danube near the towns of Lom Palanka and Vidin, and occupied the opposite bank. The town of Galafar is in our power.

HELP FOR RUMANIA.

Sir EDWIN CORNWALL, in the House of Commons yesterday, asked the Prime Minister at what date the War Council had decided to give the utmost assistance possible to Rumania.

Mr. BONAR LAW, who replied, said it would not be in the interest of the public service that the question put by the hon. member. The Allies were rendering all the assistance in their power.

THE RUSSIAN FRONT.

ENEMY USE GAS IN RIGA REGION.

Yesterday's Petrograd *communiqué*:—

Western Front—West of Riga about two German companies took the offensive against our advanced elements. It was repulsed by our fire. South of Riga the Germans emitted a cloud of gas, which, owing to the interveining water of the River Misa, did not reach our trenches. They also fired lachrymatory shells. In the region of the village of Oxvinistch and the River Bystritsa our scouts attacked an enemy company and dispersed it, taking some prisoners.

Caucasus Front—An enemy detachment has occupied Adramede and Kochichegoly, ten versts south of Van.

German Official.—Prince Leopold of Bavaria's Front—South-west of Dvinsk there was a temporary increase in the Russian artillery fire. Otherwise between the sea and the Dniester there are no special events to report.

AMERICAN BANKS AND FOREIGN BUSINESS.

IMPORTANT STATEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY.

A statement has been issued by the Federal Reserve Board cautioning Federal Reserve banks against locking up funds in long-term obligations of foreign Governments, or in similar investments, which are short term in form and name *but* which, either by contract or through force of circumstances, may, in agreement, have to be renewed until normal conditions return. The Board adds that many banks and trust companies are already holding substantial amounts of foreign obligations and acceptances, which are supplied by customers to renew. Accordingly, the Board considers it its duty to caution banks that it does not consider it in the interest of the country, at this time that they should invest in foreign Treasury bills of this character. The statement specifically disclaims any intention of reflecting on the financial stability of foreign countries and says that, in the necessity of members' banks keeping themselves liquid, and not loaning up to the legal limit, but maintaining an excess of reserves in their own vaults. The Board, it says, does not undertake to forecast probabilities, or to specify circumstances which may become important factors in determining future conditions. Its concern and responsibility lies primarily with the banking situation. It, however, our banking institutions have to intervene because foreign securities are offered faster than they can be supplied by American credits, depositors—an element would be introduced into the banking situation which, if not kept under control, would tend towards instability of, and would influence the unwholesome development of the country. The Board considers itself called upon to advise investors, but as the United States is fast becoming the banker for foreign countries—in all parts of the world, it takes occasion to suggest that the investor should receive full authoritative *data*, particularly in cases of unsecured loans, in order that he may judge the future intelligently in the light of present conditions, and in conjunction with the economic developments of the past. The United States, the statement continues, has now attained a position of wealth and international financial power, the strength and independence whereof it must be careful not to impair. While it is reasonable that a slowing down of the process of credit extension may mean some curtailment of our abnormally stimulated export trade to certain countries, we need not fear that our business will fall off precipitately should we become more conservative in the matter of investing in loans, because there are still hundreds of millions of our own capital employed abroad, which our investors would be glad to take over, and, moreover, trade can be stimulated in other directions. In the opinion of the Board it is the duty of our banks to remain liquid, in order that they may be able to continue to respond to home requirements, the nature and scope of which none can foresee, and in order that our present economic and financial strength may be maintained, when, at the end of the war, we shall wish to do our full share of the work of international reconstruction and development which will then lie ahead, and when a clearer understanding of economic conditions, as they will then exist, will enable this country more safely and intelligently to do its proper part in the financial rehabilitation of the world.

At a meeting of the Council of the Horsney Conservative and Unionist Association, held last evening, Mr. Kennedy Jones was unanimously selected as the Coalition candidate to contest the division in place of Lord Rosebery, resigned.

THE MACEDONIAN FIGHTING.

HEAVY ALLIED PRESSURE ON ENEMY.

SERBIANS MAKE FURTHER ADVANCE.

As a result of local actions, the Serbians have advanced their position somewhat, after their big victory at Hill 1050, reported yesterday.

The German report admits that between Tarnova, Monastir, and Makovo, and in the bend of the Vardar, there has been heavy pressure by the Russians, Italians, French, and Serbians.

Serbian Official.—On Monday there were local actions along the whole front, in the course of which we advanced some hundreds of metres at several points.

French Official.—During the day of the 26th November an attack, brilliantly carried out by Zouaves operating with the Serbians in the region north-east of Monastir, made us masters of Hill 1050. The enemy, in spite of his efforts, did not succeed in driving us from this important position powerfully fortified by himself. Four counter-attacks launched by the Germano-Bulgarian forces were successfully repulsed by our troops, who inflicted sanguinary losses on the enemy.

British Official.—On the Doiran front, after the necessary artillery bombardment, our troops raided the enemy trenches north-east of Macukovo. The attack was entirely successful. Many of the enemy were killed, a number of prisoners taken, and trenches destroyed.

German Official.—There was heavy firing between the Prespa Lake and the Vardar line. Strong attacks between Tarnova, north-west of Monastir, and Macukovo, in the bend of the Vardar, near Grunista, were made by Russians, Italians, French, and Serbians against the German-Bulgarian lines. A powerful and hard attack by *Entente* troops failed completely. The enemy suffered heavy and bloody losses from our artillery and infantry fire without obtaining the slightest result.

Bulgarian Official.—After artillery preparation lasting nearly a whole day, the enemy attacked Hill 1,050 and its western slopes east of the village of Paralova. The enemy's attack was broken by our fire and hand grenade fighting by German troops. Near the village of Grunista we nipped an enemy attack in the bud. On the left bank of the Vardar, after rather violent artillery preparation, the enemy in the evening attacked our positions south of the village of Bogoroditsa. The attack was repulsed. On the rest of the front there has been artillery activity.

THE FOOD PROBLEM.

RESOLUTIONS OF UNIONIST WAR COMMITTEE.

DEMAND FOR INCREASED PRODUCTION.

The Unionist War Committee, at its meeting yesterday at the House of Commons—Sir E. Carson presiding—considered the food problem, and passed the following resolutions:—

(1) Whilst supporting the proposals of the President of the Board of Trade with regard to the food problem, this Committee is of opinion that they fall far short of the action which is essential if the safety of the realm is to be secured, and that the first and most fundamental change should be in the direction of increased production of the necessaries of life, not only in this country, but throughout the Empire, in order that a greater supply may be made available.

(2) That to secure increased production it is essential that agriculturists should have security for any increased capital which they may invest in the land, and that one *minimum* price of wheat during the war and another *minimum* price for a reasonable period after the war should be guaranteed by the Government.

(3) That immediate steps should be taken by the Government to ensure the cultivation of any lands which are not at present being used to the advantage of the country under existing circumstances.

(4) That a scheme for the organisation of labour for the land should be at once produced, and any necessary legislation passed to enable such a scheme to be put in force.

(5) That the Government should take steps to bring into cultivation large tracts of country in the Celtic Empire, Egypt, and the Colonies, and should negotiate forthwith with the Governments of the Dominions with a view to increased production in the Dominions.

Notice of the following motion has been given by Sir Edward Carson, Captain Bathurst, Lieutenant-Colonel Page Croft, Mr. R. McNeill, Mr. Leslie Scott, and Sir Arthur Yapp:—

"Food Production—That immediate steps should be taken by His Majesty's Government to effect a large increase in the production of food in the United Kingdom and other countries in the Empire."

MEATH COUNTY COUNCIL AND THE FOOD PROBLEM.

At the quarterly meeting of the Meath County Council a resolution was received from the Kells Urban District Council relative to the failure of the potato crop, and calling upon the Government to take immediate action to prohibit the exportation of potatoes from Ireland.

Mr. Kennedy said the resolution cut both ways. It cut the farmer who had potatoes to sell and wanted to get a good price, and he did not think anyone would pretend that there was great fear of a famine in Ireland. There was a lot of newspaper talk, whereas everyone knew that there never was so much money in the country. Ireland was never so prosperous as she was at the present moment. Did they think that people with money were going to depend solely on potatoes?

Mr. McCabe—It is those that have no money that are depending on potatoes.

Mr. Kennedy—I believe there is plenty of money.

Mr. Moore proposed the adoption of the resolution. If the potatoes rose another 50% would be an impossibility for the poor to exist. They would be allowed no Scotch seed next year. People should conserve their supply of potatoes.

Mr. Gartland seconded, and said that he was sorry to hear Mr. Kennedy differ from Mr. T. W. Russell and Lady Everard. He was present where people were giving £5s. a barrel for potatoes, and the poor people would not get one of them at 1s. 6d. a stone. Flour was 64s. a sack that day, and no more would be milled in the Three Kingdoms.

Mr. Kennedy—That is a very good thing.

Mr. Gartland said that it was not. Eighty per cent. would be taken out of the grain, and they would have no pollard or bran for their stock. They had no seed in this country. It was all very well for the big graziers to talk, but what about the poor man who had only his bit and sup?

Mr. Kennedy said it was the greatest blessing that was ever conferred on Ireland—the excluding of the making of white flour. One of the things which had helped to make our race more stunted was the use of white flour instead of whole loaf bread. If the people would use the whole meal they would be healthy, strong men. He rejoiced to think that pollard and bran were no longer being taken to feed the cattle, but was going to feed the people.

Mr. Mulvany—Unless steps are taken to keep what we have in the country, potatoes will be at famine prices.

The resolution was adopted.

PRICE OF BREAD IN LONDONDERRY.

The price of bread in Londonderry has been advanced another ½d. per 4lb. loaf, making the present price 10½d. It is only a few weeks ago since the price was advanced to 10d. This makes the third increase of ½d. within a comparatively short time.

THE WOLFHILL COLLIERIES.

It is understood that capital from American sources will shortly be available for the future development and working of the Wolfhill Collieries. The collieries belong to Mr. J. J. Parkinson, V.S., whose efforts to work them in the past met with insurmountable difficulties. His chief difficulty was the want of a line of railway connecting the collieries with the Great Southern Railway at Athy. This difficulty it is now hoped to overcome through the aid of American financiers. The undertaking, it is estimated, will cost about £60,000, but the sanction of the Government is necessary before commencing the work. The link line would connect with the main line at Athy, and also with the Grand Canal Company's station at that town.

TWO ZEPPELINS DESTROYED.

BOTH FALL IN FLAMES INTO THE SEA.

SPLENDID WORK BY OUR AIRMEN.

AUDACIOUS RAID ON LONDON.

SIX BOMBS DROPPED IN DAYLIGHT.

The air raid on the north-east coast on Monday night was carried out by several Zeppelins. Two of them were brought down by our airmen and guns, and destroyed. Both fell into the sea.

Lord French's report states that the casualties as a result of the raid were:—one woman died of shock, and five men, seven women, and four children were injured. Some houses were hit, but no damage of military importance was caused.

A daring daylight raid by a hostile aeroplane was made on London yesterday. Six bombs were dropped from a great height. Four persons were injured—one seriously.

An official message received by the Admiralty from the French authorities at Dunkirk states that a German aeroplane has been brought down. It contained two naval lieutenants, who had with them a large scale map of London. It is presumed that this was the raider which dropped bombs on London yesterday morning.

PRESS BUREAU, TUESDAY, 11.15 A.M.

Lord French reports:—

A number of hostile airships approached the north-east coast of England between 10 and 11 p.m. yesterday. Bombs were dropped on various places in Yorkshire and Durham, but the damage is believed to be slight.

One airship was attacked by an aeroplane of the Royal Flying Corps and brought down in flames into the sea off the coast of Durham at 11.45 p.m.

Another airship crossed into the north midland counties and dropped some bombs at various places. On her return journey she was repeatedly attacked by aeroplanes of the Royal Flying Corps and by guns. She appeared to be damaged, for during the last part of her journey was made at very slow speed, and she was unable to reach the coast before day was breaking.

Near the Norfolk coast she apparently succeeded in effecting repairs, and, after passing through gun-fire from the land defences, which claim to have made a direct hit, proceeded east at a high speed and at an altitude of over 8,000 feet, when she was attacked nine miles out at sea by four machines of the Royal Naval Air Service, while gun fire was opened by an armed trawler, and brought down in flames at 6.45 a.m. A full report of the casualties and damage has not yet been received, but they are believed to be slight.

PRESS BUREAU, TUESDAY, 4.50 P.M.

Lord French reports:—

The latest police reports show that the damage and casualties caused by last night's air raid were very slight, although over one hundred bombs are known to have been dropped.

One woman died from shock, while five men, seven women, and four children were injured.

In one town fifteen houses were seriously, and twenty slightly, damaged. At the other places at which bombs were dropped the damage was insignificant.

No damage of military importance was caused.

DAYLIGHT RAID ON LONDON.

FOUR PERSONS INJURED.

The Field Marshal Commanding the Home Forces reports as follows:—

3.15 P.M.

Between 11.50 and 12 noon this morning six bombs were dropped on London by a hostile aeroplane flying at a great height above the haze.

Four persons were injured, of whom one—a woman—seriously.

The material damage is slight.

PRESS BUREAU, 7.45 P.M.

The following *communiqué* was issued by the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief the Home Forces at 7.15 p.m.:—

Official police reports show that nine persons were injured in London this morning by the bombs dropped by the hostile aeroplane.

GERMAN AEROPLANE BROUGHT DOWN.

PRESUMED LONDON RAIDER.

The Secretary of the Admiralty makes the following announcement:—

The Commodore at Dunkirk has been informed by the French authorities that they brought down an aeroplane at 2.15 p.m. (Tuesday, November 28), carrying two naval lieutenants, and with a large scale map of London on board.

STORIES OF THE RAIDS.

HOW THE ZEPPELINS WERE BROUGHT DOWN.

A north-east coast correspondent of the Press Association, describing Monday night's Zeppelin raid, says:—It was known in official and semi-official circles quite early that the Zeppelins were approaching, and the usual methods of acquainting the public of the approach of hostile aircraft were taken. The first intimation of an airship's presence was the sound of distant guns, and immediately searchlights began to flash shot forth from the searchlights groping round in search of their prey. In a few seconds one of the operators found the object of his search. There in the starry heavens could be seen faintly outlined the shape of the monster, whose mission of death and destruction was destined to be brought to a sudden and dramatic close. Whether the commander and his crew realised their danger must remain a matter for conjecture. They proceeded at a leisurely pace in the direction of the sea, but our men acted with commendable promptitude. There was speedily a ring of searchlights playing on and about the Zeppelin. Up rose the airship, with her nose tilted skyward, but, though she mounted rapidly, the gleaming light never left her, and a rapid descent proved equally futile.

Meanwhile the gunners had got to work. Stabs of flame pierced the darkness, and, now convinced that his only chance of safety lay in flight, the Zeppelin commander steered a straight course for the open sea. The first few shells fell short, but the gunners rapidly found the range. Thousands of spectators were convinced the vessel had been hit, for she seemed to falter in her course, dip slightly, and right herself again. It was only a few seconds more before apparently another projectile found its mark. The visible sign of this hit was a vivid glow at the after-end of the Zeppelin. Spellbound, the crowd stood watching as the flames leapt along until from stem to stern the great airship was enveloped in a mass of raging flame. It was an awe-inspiring scene for a few moments. The face of the startlit heavens was disturbed not by a nothing furnace. The gaunt framework of the structure was seen outlined against the sky, and then came the collapse.

Slowly the airship tilted forward until it was almost perpendicular, and then, in a final burst of fire, it dropped to transform the sea for a space into a cauldron of fire and smoke. From

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PARLIAMENT.

REGISTRATION OF BUSINESS NAMES.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE AND MR. BERTRAND RUSSELL.

REORGANISING THE LINES OF COMMUNICATION.

In the House of Lords yesterday, the National Gallery Bill passed through Committee.

The Earl of Derby explained the changes made in connection with the scheme for re-organising the lines of communication at the front, and stated that, with the approval and at the request of General Sir Douglas Haig, Sir Eric Geddes had replaced Sir Frederick Clayton, who was coming home after rendering very valuable services. There was no truth in the rumour that these changes were due to any interference with the General commanding in France.

In the House of Commons, the Report stage of the Registration of Business Names Bill was concluded, and the bill was read a third time.

The Local Government (Emergency Provisions) Bill was read a third time, and a second reading was given to the Sailors' and Soldiers' (Gifts for Land Settlement) Bill, which enables the Board of Agriculture and the local authorities to accept gifts of land for the settlement of men who have served their country.

On the motion for the adjournment, Mr. Trevelyan raised the question of the War Office prohibition of Mr. Bertrand Russell's lectures and speeches.

Mr. Lloyd George vigorously defended the action of the War Office, and explained that Mr. Bertrand Russell could not be allowed to deliver speeches meant to induce men to refuse to serve their country and the cause of humanity.

HOUSE OF LORDS—Tuesday.

The LORD CHANCELLOR took his seat upon the Woolsack at a quarter past four o'clock.

The House went into Committee on the National Gallery Bill, which gives the Trustees power to sell "works over-represented in the national collection, in order to provide funds for the purchase of masterpieces in private collections, which might otherwise pass out of the country.

Lord MUIR MACKENZIE moved an amendment providing that the trustees should only exercise their extended powers of sale for the purpose of purchasing pictures of capital importance, which would otherwise pass out of the country.

Lord BURNHAM asked how the trustees could possibly know when pictures of capital importance were about to be exported. This bill for the sale of national pictures in war-times had not met with universal approbation outside the House. In fact, this grotesque little bill had been treated with almost unanimous disapproval. The Committee were surely entitled to know what pictures it was proposed to sell. This amendment really did not mend the bill, and it was waste of time discussing a measure which had not the slightest chance of passing through the House of Commons.

The Earl of PORTSMOUTH said that this was really an attack upon the Turner collection.

Lord D'ABERNON, far from agreeing with the noble Earl, said that, in the opinion of the trustees, the exercise of the powers of the bill would greatly enhance the reputation of Turner throughout the world. In regard to the amendment, it would, as it stood, sterilise the purpose of the bill. As to what pictures it was proposed to sell, no list could possibly be made out until the principle of the bill had been approved. He could say, however, that it was only proposed to sell masters who were over-represented.

LORD CURZON.

Earl CURZON said he could not agree to the suggestion contained in the amendment, that in times like these a private owner should be compelled to give an option to the Gallery trustees, and perhaps accept a price lower than that which he could obtain in the open market. The trustees already had power to sell, but there were cases in which collections had been bequeathed to the Gallery as a whole, with a condition attached that no single picture of that collection should at any time be sold. There was the case of the dead-weight of a dead hand hanging upon the walls for ever. In regard to Turner, they had some twenty to thirty thousand examples, and could it be really said that all these were required for the education of the nation, when the world was crying out for Turner? And in the case of Turner they had not even the weight of the dead hand.

Lord D'ABERNON agreed to accept Lord Muir Mackenzie's amendment, if he would omit the concluding words—"which would otherwise pass out of the country," and, the noble Lord concurring, the amendment, as altered, was agreed to.

Lord WEARDALE proposed an amendment providing that any sale or exchange under the Act should be subject to the sanction of the Treasury, who should be empowered to held an inquiry, and take the evidence of expert authorities to guide them in arriving at a decision. He objected to the trustees having undisputed control in an important matter of this kind.

Lord D'ABERNON regarded the amendment as unnecessary, seeing that the trustees were appointed by the Treasury.

LORD LANSDOWNE.

The Marquis of LANSDOWNE pointed out that under the bill any three trustees out of the whole body of ten had power to block any particular transaction. He believed that the trustees fully realised their responsibilities in the matter, but if a veto dog was desired, let there be one. He did, however, object to the holding of an inquiry and the calling of expert evidence. He would be willing to accept the first part of the amendment.

Lord WEARDALE accepted Lord Lansdowne's suggestion, and the amendment as modified was agreed to. The bill passed through Committee.

BILLS ADVANCED.

The Ansac (Restriction on Trade Use of Word) Bill passed through Committee.

The Trading with the Enemy and Export of Prohibited Goods Bill was read a third time and passed.

COMMUNICATIONS IN FRANCE.

REORGANISATION SCHEME.

Viscount PEEL asked the Government whether, under the scheme of reorganisation recently carried out on the lines of communication in France, a civilian has replaced a military officer in an important position; and whether the appointment was made with the full assent and approval of the military authorities in France.

The Earl of DERBY said he thanked the noble lord for having put down the question. It was one of those questions which helped the department, for it enabled them to state the true facts of the case, and so stop all rumours which were being circulated. It was quite true that there was a considerable change being made in the work of the Inspector-General of Communications in France. The civilian alluded to by the noble lord in his question was a man who had not the slightest chance of passing through the House of Commons.

SPECIAL EXTRA.

FRENCH PRAISE FOR BRITISH AIRMEN.

The Paris correspondent of the *Morning Post* says—It is now realised here that previous British successes against Zeppelins can no longer be attributed to chance, and that they are evidence that Great Britain has succeeded in organising a successful defence against Zeppelin raids. In some cases it was stated that French opinion had been prepared to find that this was the case, and satisfaction was expressed that the actual facts have confirmed the view previously held.

THREATENED AERIAL INVASION.

As "one swallow does not make a spring," so the passage of one German aeroplane over London yesterday does not constitute an aerial invasion of the capital, says the *Daily Mail*. But yesterday's event, none the less, has a significance of its own, and is in its own way as memorable as M. Blériot's crossing of the Channel by aeroplane in 1909. For the time is not far distant when the enemy aeroplanes may come in their thousands. If, as we believe, German aeroplanes may attack London in thousands, we must prepare to defend our country and our capital by building our own machines in tens of thousands, and by creating an air service that will be as great a weapon as our Navy is to-day. To attain this ideal we must end the miserable squabble between the Air Board and the Admiralty, and see that no fractious obstruction by any aged politician is permitted to stand in the way of development of our air forces. We are only at the beginning of the air problem.

LONG DISTANCE AEROPLANE FLIGHTS.

The flight of a Taube—if it was a Taube—over London marks a new development, remarks the *Daily Telegraph*. The visit was unexpected, and consequently the reception was not the kind which, we trust, will be organised if such excursions are repeated—and there is no reason why they should not be. The Metropolis is less than 150 miles from the aerodromes which the Germans have established on the Belgian coast. The surprise, as in the case of the raids on our coasts by destroyers, is that the enemy has not before succeeded in reaching London with his aeroplanes. In June last Second Lieutenant Marchal, starting from Nancy, on a Nieuport monoplane, flew over Berlin, and had travelled 611 miles before he was forced to descend owing to engine trouble. British pilots in heavier than air machines have visited Friedrichshafen and other places in German territory. French airmen have bombed Ludwigshafen, Essen, Stuttgart, and other military centres in the interior of Germany. There is, consequently, nothing very surprising in the noonday raid on London. The enemy has given the authorities a timely warning of what may be expected in the coming winter, and possibly on a more menacing scale. Precautions must be taken against such daylight raids, and we trust that the measures will be not so much defensive as offensive.

OBJECT OF GERMAN NAVAL RAIDS.

The third German light-craft raid, which is claimed by the German Admiralty, was as slight and unimportant in its immediate results as the two previous ventures. It will be noticed, writes Mr. H. C. Ferraby, the Naval Correspondent of the London *Daily Express*, that it was directed at a point much further north than before, and that Mr. Balfour's warning of impending "disaster" for German destroyers that ventured into the Channel seems to have fallen on very attentive ears. These light raids are all in the nature of the boxer's sparring for an opening. They are intended to make us disclose certain things which we do not propose to disclose until our selected moment.

LONG DISTANCE AEROPLANE FLIGHTS.

It is clear, from the official amendments that have been drafted, that the Government has taken to heart the events of Monday in the House of Commons, says the Parliamentary correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle*. No longer is there to be any halting in what Mr. Hayes Fisher calls "the half-way house." The full journey is taken, and real unification of war pensions administration takes the place of that high-sounding word, co-ordination. Every requirement that the House made is met, and handsomely met, in the new amendments. The bill is vastly improved in consequence. It is no longer a patchwork, with limitations here and checks there, but a measure that is comprehensive, simple, straightforward. Adm

PARLIAMENT.

(CONTINUED FROM COLUMN 6, PAGE 5.)

employ individuals in war on work which they have been accustomed to perform in peace. Thus they aimed at employing in the service of the country in the field a skilled railway manager and staff of assistants, experienced road engineers, dock managers, etc." Sir Eric Geddes arrived in France just at the moment when the need for the services of such a man was keenly felt, and, as Sir Douglas Haig said, he "recognised in him the very qualities which the Army in the field required."

SIR FREDERICK CLAYTON'S POSITION.

He (the Earl of Derby) had said before that the rest of the administration would go on as heretofore. That was not strictly accurate. Sir Frederick Clayton, the Inspector-General of Lines of Communication, was returned home, and here he (the Earl of Derby) would like to pay, if he thought, a humble tribute to the great work which he had done. The strain on him had been almost overwhelming, and he and the country had every cause to be grateful to him for the way he had met every demand put upon him. (Hear, hear.) He was shortly returning home, however, not having been recalled by the War Office, but owing to pressure of work on the Commander-in-Chief that it was desirable at such a change should be made. It would be outside the scope of the answer to go into the reasons for this change. It was sufficient, he thought, to say that it met with the full approval of the Army Council, had nothing whatever to do with the appointment of Sir Eric Geddes, and would have been made even if no change had been considered desirable with reference to the particular branches of the work of the Inspector-General of Communications—work that he had mentioned. He would beg his Hon. friend to allow him to emphasise the absolute absence of connection between Sir Frederick Clayton's relinquishment of office and Sir Eric Geddes's appointment. (Hear, hear.)

READJUSTMENT.

Advantage was being taken of the fact of Sir Eric Geddes's appointment, as he had mentioned, and Sir Frederick Clayton's relinquishment of office, to make a readjustment, which would, it was hoped, turn to even greater efficiency, and relieve the burdens of the Inspector-General of Communications, which were really more than one man could possibly bear. He thought it would thus be seen that rumours in uninformed circles, which were now being set about, that changes were insisted on, and individuals imposed on Sir Douglas Haig without his consent and approval, were absolutely false. For his own part, he had never concealed his opinion that it would be quite incompatible with his holding his present office that there should be an interference from outside sources in the military plans and their carrying out by Sir Douglas Haig. But he wanted to go even further than that, and to make the statement to the members of the Army Council (he spoke of them not only as a whole, but for each member individually) had complete confidence in Sir Douglas Haig, and they believed in the way of his command that they had such confidence was to fall in as far as they possibly could with any, and every, suggestion that he might make to secure the greater efficiency of the Army under his control. The reports that friction existed between the Army Council, or individuals thereof, and Sir Douglas Haig were untrue. We had a combination in Sir Douglas Haig, Commanding in the Field, and Sir William Robertson, Chief of the General Staff, which could not be equalled, and much less improved. (Cheers.) If the public generally would only believe it was the one desire of everybody in the War Office, from the Secretary of State downwards, to do what they could to help a combination which had achieved such great success in our Armies, then these idle rumours, which did an infinity of harm in helping to destroy confidence, would cease, and intrigues would be powerless. He had the full authority of the Secretary of State for War to make this statement. He had seen this answer, and it had been with his approval that he made it.

Lord DERBY further introduced a Bill to give effect to an agreement on the part of Volunteer Corps to attend drill for the purpose of military training, and to perform military duties.

The bill was read a first time.

The House adjourned at 7.10.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—Tuesday.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 2.50.

MILITARY PUNISHMENTS.

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE, replying to Mr. Morrell, said he had not yet received replies to the inquiries he was making on the subject of the "crucifixion" punishment in the Army. He did not understand the statement that it was a severe punishment meant torture. He was sure that as it was generally administered that word did not apply. The whole question was being gone into most carefully, special inquiries being made from the French and Italian Armies to find out what discipline was inflicted in similar cases. There must be some method of insisting on discipline, or an army became a mere mob.

Lord HENRY CAVENDISH BENTINCK—Would it not be better to provide a proper detention camp for such men?

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE—That would be in many cases an encouragement to indiscipline, and I am convinced that that is the very worst way of treating them. There are other methods in the French Army, which I think it is worth while examining to see whether they are not more effective.

LEAVE FOR SOLDIERS.

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE, replying to Captain Douglas Hall, said that the question of special leave being granted to soldiers at the front must necessarily be decided by the Commander-in-Chief. He had been assured that every consideration was being shown to the men who had borne the heat and burden of the day, but it would obviously be a very dangerous thing to lay down a hard and fast rule. There were many cases where officers and men seemed to have been unduly detained without leave, but there were generally good reasons for this.

THE AIR BOARD.

Mr. BONAR LAW informed Mr. Ashley that it was hoped to have the discussion on the powers of the Air Board on Tuesday next.

ENEMY ASSETS.

Mr. McKENNA informed Colonel Ivor Philipps that the return of enemy assets made to the Public Trustee now amounted to £79,000,000. The approximate amount of enemy assets vested in the Public Trustee was £10,000,000.

A GERMAN-BORN JUDGE.

Major HUNT asked the Home Secretary whether Mr. Felix Cassel, who had lately been appointed Judge Advocate-General, was born in Germany of German parentage.

Mr. SAMUEL said that the answer was in the affirmative. Mr. Cassel was brought to England at a very early age, and was naturalised in 1892.

Major HUNT—Could not the Government have given the appointment to a man British born and of British parents?

No answer was returned.

THE FOOD CONTROLLER.

Mr. PRETYMAN, replying to questions with reference to the Food Controller and the home production of food, said he was not at present in a position to forecast what powers it might be necessary to confer on the Food Controller in the direction indicated.

Sir EDWARD CARSON—Can the right hon. gentleman say when he will have an announcement to make on the powers of the Food Controller?

Mr. PRETTYMAN—I am afraid I am unable to answer that question.

Captain BATHURST asked for the name of the Food Controller.

Mr. PRETYMAN said he was unable to make an announcement to-day. He added that the powers which would be exercised by the Food Controller would be wide.

REGISTRATION OF BUSINESS NAMES.

The House proceeded to consider the Registration of Business Names Bill, as amended in Committee.

Mr. PRETYMAN moved a new sub-section to Clause 13, giving the Registrar power to enforce registration of any firm the name of which included the word "British," or any other word calculated to lead to the belief that the business was under British ownership or control, if the Registrar was satisfied that the name was misleading. Any person aggrieved by the decision of the Registrar would be entitled to appeal to the Board of Trade, whose decree would be final. The clause, he said, had been drafted in fulfilment of a promise he made when the bill was in Committee.

Sir HENRY DALZIEL congratulated the Board of Trade on the improvement they had made in the bill. There could be no doubt that there were in this country many businesses controlled by German influence, trading under names which suggested that they were British companies. He instanced the case of the British Art Needlework Company, which was now being wound up on the ground that it was a German controlled company. He regretted that the bill did not apply to limited companies.

THE CASE OF LIMITED COMPANIES.

Mr. JOYNSON-HICKS hoped that the Government would introduce another bill, applying the same restrictions to limited companies.

Mr. PRETYMAN said that the object of the clause was to ensure that firms should not be registered under a deceptive name. The question as to whether a bill of this character, dealing with limited companies, should be introduced was being considered by the Board of Trade.

The clause was agreed to.

Mr. PRETYMAN moved a new clause, providing that where a corporation was guilty of an offence under the Act, every director, secretary, and officer of the corporation who was knowingly a party to the default should be guilty of a like offence and liable to a like penalty.

Mr. J. M. HENDERSON said that the bill was very loosely drawn. The proper course would be for the Government to withdraw the bill altogether, and bring in a comprehensive bill dealing with firms and limited companies.

The wording of this clause was criticised by Mr. Griffith and Mr. Currie, and ultimately Mr. Pretyman asked leave to withdraw the clause.

The clause was accordingly withdrawn.

PENALTIES FOR NON-COMPLIANCE.

Mr. J. M. HENDERSON moved the omission of Clause 8, which provides that where a person or firm has failed to comply with the provisions of the Act he shall be unable to enforce any contract so long as he remains in default. He contended that the clause was not very wise, and not very just, and ought to be struck out of the bill, because it enabled unscrupulous people to take a mean advantage of a technical offence.

Mr. PRINGLE supported the omission of the clause, which he contended went much farther than was necessary. The other penalties provided by the Act were quite sufficient.

Sir GEORGE CAVE (Solicitor-General) said that the clause in question was inserted in another place, on the advice of the Chambers of Commerce throughout the country. The Government had limited, and not extended, the clause, by making it operative only while the firm or person was in default. The Court had power to grant relief if it was satisfied that there was reasonable excuse for the default.

Mr. STUART WORTLEY was glad the Government proposed to adhere to the clause, because he believed it was the only way in which the provisions of the Act could be enforced against German-owned firms.

On a division, Mr. J. M. Henderson's amendment was rejected by 206 to 51.

Sir GEORGE CAVE moved a new sub-section to Clause 9, to the effect that where a corporation is guilty of an offence under this Act every director, secretary, and officer of the corporation, who knowingly a party to the default, shall be guilty of a like offence, and liable to a like penalty. This was the amendment originally moved to Clause 19, and withdrawn.

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE—And apologise?

Mr. TREVELYAN—Yes, and apologise.

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE—Then it is all right. (Hear, hear, and laughter.) Proceeding, the right hon. gentleman said he had not the slightest hesitation in showing anyone in the House who was in agreement with Mr. Bertrand Russell the documents in his possession. He had in his possession the report in shorthand sent to the newspaper. The newspaper refused to publish it, and it was for the same reason that he could not read it.

IMPOSSIBLE SPEECHES.

He had not the slightest hesitation in assuring any one of those gentlemen who agreed with Mr. Bertrand Russell, but who were shocked with his treatment, that the sort of speech he delivered could not be allowed to be delivered in prohibited areas in the course of a great war. It was full of statements of the most scandalous character, attacking the country, attacking the motives with which the Government had gone into the war. Had the honourable member read the passage about Belgium, about the breaking of the treaty, about its being more dishonourable to enforce a treaty than to depart from it? This was not an attack upon the Government: it was an attack by the hon. member upon the whole honour of this country. He always thought the defence of small nations was a Liberal principle. The hon. member was a pacifist. He was against the war, and had been against it right through. So had Mr. Bertrand Russell. They did not want men under the Military Service Act, or under any other Act. They did not want an army for this country. If anybody went about the country delivering lectures, persuading people not to join the Army, to keep away, to become non-combatants, these were the men they championed, these were the men they were prepared to fight for, these were the men who attacked Ministers for attempting to prevent them from delivering poisonous speeches when it was vital to guard our honour. (Cheers.) He had the privilege of Mr. Bertrand Russell's acquaintance. He had seen him since the war began. But that made no difference. He considered that one thing—viz., whether the action of Mr. Bertrand Russell, or of any other man, was going to interfere with the country in achieving a victory upon which, in his judgment, the whole future of humanity depended—(cheers)—for generations to come.

MR. MORRELL.

Mr. MORRELL said that the right hon. gentleman had made one of his usual speeches, raising prejudice against those who were opposed to him. The right hon. gentleman knew perfectly well that he had put up a defence of an action which was contrary to the whole traditions of Liberalism and liberty in this country.

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE—Is Mr. Bertrand Russell willing to give an undertaking that he will not deliver lectures in support of a propaganda against the Military Service Act?

Mr. MORRELL—Mr. Bertrand Russell claims liberty to deliver lectures without giving undertakings to the War Office. (Cheers.) I think he is perfectly entitled to give lectures in the way he thinks right, without having to justify his action to Generals in the War Office, as he is now expected to do.

Mr. PRINGLE deeply regretted the language used by the right hon. gentleman. His defence of the War Office not only surprised, but distressed him.

The House adjourned at 9.45.

DUNDRUM PRISONERS OF WAR.

OPENING OF LUNCHEON ROOMS.

A portion of the Recruiting Offices, 102 Grafton street, Dublin, have appropriately been transformed into luncheon and tea rooms in aid of the Dundrum Prisoners of War Organisation. The object, which will meet the approval of all sections of the Irish public anxious to look after our brave soldiers, is approved by the Central Prisoners of War Committee, and is under the auspices of the Central Advisory Committee Royal Dublin Fusiliers. The undertaking is under the patronage of Lord Meath, K.P.; the Countess of Mayo, the Right Hon. Sir John Maxwell, and General Sir Bryan Mahon, Commanding the Forces in Ireland. The opening, which has been kindly lent by Messrs. West and Son, are very tastefully decorated, and are in every way suitably equipped for their purpose. The decorative scheme is enhanced by an appropriate painting in a prominent position depicting a prisoner pleading for help from home. The painting is the work of Miss Kathleen Maidment. One of the features of the informal opening yesterday afternoon was a cake and sweet stall, presided over by the Countess of Mayo, assisted by Lady Arnott, Mrs. Gaisford St. Lawrence, and other ladies. The stall was filled with a tempting array of home-made sweets and pastries, which were eagerly demanded. Musical selections, directed by Mrs. Crookshanks, add to the attractiveness of the rooms, which, being in the centre of a fashionable shopping area, and in aid of a thoroughly deserving object, will, doubtless, be visited daily by numerous visitors, all of whom will find comfortable accommodation.

CHURCH OF IRELAND.

The installation of the Rev. C. H. P. Price, B.D., to a canonry in Christ Church Cathedral, Dublin, will take place to-morrow during the afternoon service at 3 o'clock.

The meeting of the Board of Nomination for the parish of Ballyburley, convened for to-morrow, has been postponed to a date to be fixed by the Archbishop of Dublin.

The parish of Kells, Diocese of Meath, will shortly become vacant by the retirement of the Ven. Archdeacon Healy, who has served as rector in the parish for close on thirty years.

The annual Gift Day on behalf of the Irish Missionary Society in connection with Harold's Cross Parish, Dublin, was held in the Parochial Hall on Friday last. The Bishop of Meath presided at the evening ceremony, and delivered an address on the subject of the war in relation to Christianity. Professor Pope also spoke with reference to the future of Christianity in India. It is expected the result of the day's proceedings will show a substantial sum.

COMING EVENTS.

Church Music—To-morrow evening, at 8 o'clock, Mr. Harry Taylor will deliver a lecture on "Church Music" in the Lecture Hall of the Adelaide road Presbyterian Church.

Dublin Naturalists' Field Club.—A meeting will be held (by kind permission of the Council) in the Royal Irish Academy, Dawson street, to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock, when an address, with lantern illustrations, will be given by the President, Professor Carpenter, on "Useful Studies for Field Naturalists."

Christmas Dance.—A special Christmas dance will be held on December 8th in the D.B.C., Dublin, under the auspices of a committee of Dublin ladies and gentlemen. Le Fanu's Band will provide the music, and dancing will be on until 3.30 a.m. A limited number of tickets can be obtained, by letter only, from the Hon. Secretary, Miss Palesbian Hoey, 9 Gardiner's place, Dublin. Tickets—Gentleman, 6s.; ladies, 5s.

Snow Flake Ball—The Snow Flake Ball, under the patronage of Lady Wimborne, will be held at the Gresham Hotel on Saturday, December 16, from 5 p.m. to 6 p.m., and will mark the close for the Christmas holidays of Mr. and Mrs. Leggett Byrne's Children's Classes. Children and spectators are invited to bring parcels of comforts for soldiers at the front.

NATIONAL MUSEUM, DUBLIN.

THE BARRINGTON COLLECTION OF BIRDS.

The large and valuable collection of birds bequeathed to the National Museum by the late R. M. Barrington, of Fassaroe, near Bray, is now on exhibition in the Natural History Division of the Museum.

In addition to the birds mounted in glass cases and exhibited in the lobby at the top of the stone stairs leading to the upper room, the Barrington collection contains nearly 1,000 skins, and more than 100 cardboard boxes full of wings and legs of birds which were mostly killed by striking at lighthouses on the Irish coast. All these are now in the National Museum.

Mr. Barrington was the author of a great number of notes and papers on the botany and zoology of Ireland, and many years of his life were devoted to the study of ornithology, and more especially to the discovery of laws governing the migratory movements of Irish birds. In the year 1900 he published a large volume on this subject entitled "The Migration of Birds as observed at Irish Lighthouses and Lightships . . ." which embodies the results of his systematic correspondence with the Irish light-keepers from 1881 to 1896.

Most of the rare birds exhibited in the large case on the east side of the stone staircase, several of which—*e.g.*, yellow-browed warbler, Pallas's grasshopper warbler, short-toed lark, shearbhill, etc.—had not previously been known to visit Ireland, were obtained by Mr. Barrington during the course of these inquiries, as well as the collections of bird skins.

A motor lorry crashed through the wooden fencing of a bridge at Broadford just outside Worcester on Monday afternoon, and fell into the River Teme. The driver, and a little boy who accompanied him, were both drowned, and the motor now lies in fourteen feet of water.

BUSINESS FIRMS

requiring Women Typists or Clerks should call 9276 (Hons Colleges, Stephen's Green), 195 Certificates in Shorthand, Typewriting, etc., gained by Pupils since Jan., 1916.—(Advt.)

TWO ZEPPELINS DESTROYED.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 5, COLUMN 5.)

the shore the burning wreck was witnessed blazing for nearly half an hour, and then it slowly sank from view.

An idea of the rapidity with which the *coup de grace* was administered may be gathered from the fact that, according to one observer who timed the affair, only eleven minutes elapsed from the first bombs being dropped to the collapse of the Zeppelin, which occurred at 11.46. Before its destruction the Zeppelin dropped a number of bombs (variously estimated at from fifteen to twenty). Some fell in the open country, and about half-a-dozen in a north-east coast district, where thirteen casualties are reported. A number of houses were slightly damaged by concussion, and a few more or less wrecked, but the damage was chiefly confined to windows and doors. One bomb fell in a park, another in a narrow back street, where it caused a huge crater.

The casualties included three men and four women, while one woman died of shock during the bombardment. With the exception of one or two cases the injuries are not serious.

The fact that aeroplanes played an important part in the destruction of the Zeppelin is vouched for by one observer, who, during the whole of the time, had the doomed airship in view through a powerful pair of glasses. Once the searchlights found her, he said, there were about three which remained fixed upon her, whilst another five or six formed a ring of light round the vessel, from which there was no escape. "I am not sure," he proceeded, "whether the gunners hit her. Certainly they went very close, but I distinctly saw an aeroplane near the Zeppelin, which shortly afterwards burst into flames."

Another observer says:—I was not quite sure whether the framework was white with the heat, but I came to the conclusion that it was a searchlight playing upon the aluminium that gave me that impression. After the Zeppelin dipped it seemed as though the gas balloonettes caught fire, and then just before she fell she tilted perpendicularly, and I formed the impression that the petrol tanks had caught fire before she fell in a cloud of flame and smoke. Even when she struck the sea the flames continued for quite an appreciable time. It was the sight of my life. No pen can possibly describe it. The rapidity of the airship's destruction was simply marvellous, although, mind you, it was an ideal night for the gunners, clear and frosty.

Several observers are convinced that there was another Zeppelin in the vicinity at the time, and that it made off in an easterly direction, successfully eluding the searchlights. This view was put forward by one observer, who has witnessed several previous raids, and who was quite emphatic that he both saw and heard the second raider.

Another gentleman was positive that the Zeppelin was struck by the guns. Only about three or four minutes elapsed, he said, before the searchlights spotted the raider, and one light held it until the others concentrated. There would be about eight or nine lights on it altogether. At first the shells fell short, but the fire was very rapid and very accurate. I have seen a good deal of gunnery, and I say deliberately that the shooting was splendid.

HOW THE SECOND RAIDER WAS BROUGHT DOWN.

An east coast correspondent telephoned:—About six a.m. the residents were awakened by bombs exploding in the district. The second Zeppelin was plainly seen high in the sky about five miles off the shore. The guns made excellent practice, the shells bursting over and below the airship, and she remained stationary for a long time the impression was formed that she had been hit.

A correspondent of the *Eastern Daily Press* says:—Thousands of voices rang out with cheers, when practically the whole population of an east coast town watched a Zeppelin, in flames, fall into the sea.

There were no signs of the invaders being in the district until about 6 o'clock in the morning, when the people were disturbed by the booming of guns. Shortly afterwards a huge Zeppelin was seen steering seaward. The airship was attacked by gunfire for twenty minutes. In a disabled condition the Zeppelin drifted slowly seaward. The assembled local cheers, she burst into flames, and fell into the sea.

A Press Association correspondent on the North Norfolk coast telegraphs:—It was about 6 o'clock this morning when an appropriate painting in a prominent position depicting a prisoner pleading for help from home. The painting is the work of Miss Kathleen Maidment. One of the features of the informal opening yesterday afternoon was a cake and sweet stall, presided over by the Countess of Mayo, assisted by Lady Arnott, Mrs. Gaisford St. Lawrence, and other ladies. The stall was filled with a tempting array of home-made sweets and pastries, which were eagerly demanded. Musical selections, directed by Mrs. Crookshanks, add to the attractiveness of the rooms, which, being in the centre of a fashionable shopping area, and in aid of a thoroughly deserving object, will, doubtless, be visited daily by numerous visitors, all of whom will find comfortable accommodation.

THE VISIT TO THE NORTH MIDLANDS.

Another correspondent of the Press Association telegraphs:—A Zeppelin raided a North Midland district. Reports from all parts of the country this morning, coming from a north-easterly direction. Warning had previously been received, and lights were extinguished, and ambulance arrangements made. Reaching a district of this town, the raider dropped one bomb, which practically wrecked four houses, and did damage to a number of other dwellings in the neighbourhood. In three of the four houses the families were in bed, and all of them escaped injury, but in the fourth a man, who had just returned from work, was sitting having his supper with his wife. The man was injured by flying fragments, and was removed to hospital suffering from shock and injuries, the latter receiving satisfactory progress towards recovery. This was the only casualty, but the bomb dug a deep, wide hole in the backyard, demolishing an outbuilding, and tearing from their hinges all the doors outside and inside the dwelling, besides smashing all the windows. The roofs of neighbouring houses were holed by the fall of *debris* and blown into the air. The escapes from injury were miraculous. The populace turned into the street en masse, many in night attire, and obtained a good view of the raider, which was clearly visible in the starry night.

From this town the Zeppelin turned and made for a semi-rural district, and then fired 11 explosive and one incendiary bombs. These failed to do any damage beyond the smashing of windows, and the incendiary bomb was obviated by a number of plucky women who rushed out of their houses with buckets of water. Before leaving this North Midland district the Zeppelin dropped about 15 bombs, most of which fell in rural areas without causing any damage. Altogether the raid was marvellously ineffective for the amount of explosive expended. Travelling on, the raider, which was described as moving at only a moderate pace at no great altitude, dropped what were apparently its two last bombs near an Eastern county village. These embedded themselves in the ground, without exploding. At points further on other eye-witnesses followed its course till it turned eastward to the fate which we now know befell it.

THE LONDON RAID.

At about 11.30 yesterday morning, says the Press Association, an enemy aeroplane appeared over London, dropping a number of bombs. The aeroplane, which appeared to be a Taube, was seen by several persons. One man was injured and taken to hospital. The man who saw the raider told the Press Association representative that it was like a tiny speck in the sky, flying tremendously high. The noise of the explosions is described as resembling a big thunder clap.

QUESTIONS IN PARLIAMENT.

Mr. GILBERT, in the House of Commons yesterday, asked the Secretary for War if he could give the House any further information as to the aeroplane raid on London that morning; whether the aeroplane was disguised as a British machine, or one which had been captured.

Mr. FORSTER said between 11.30 and 12 o'clock that morning six bombs were dropped on London by an enemy aeroplane flying at a great height. Four persons were injured, one, a woman, seriously, and the material damage was slight. He could give no information as to the other points.

Mr. SAMUEL asked whether there was any further information as to the air raid on Monday night.

Major BAIRD replied that he had no further information beyond that in the last communiqué. Two Zeppelins were certainly brought down. (Cheers.)

GREAT SLUMP IN WHEAT AT NEW YORK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

NEW YORK, TUESDAY.

Wheat to-day slumped 13¾ cents on a general selling stampede, but the market partially recovered near the finish. Cotton broke over 60 points in the last half-hour.

There was an unusually large number of diplomatic visitors to the Foreign Office yesterday afternoon. They included the French, Russian, Italian, and Japanese Ambassadors, and the Rumanian and Colombian Ministers. Viscount Grey saw only the Japanese and Russian Ambassadors.

ROLL OF HONOUR

LAST NIGHT'S LISTS.

Last night's casualty lists record the following losses:—Officers—Dead, 34; wounded or missing, 88. Men—Dead, 286; wounded or missing, 912.

War Ratings:—Killed, 1; drowned, 8; died, 3; missing, 1. Total—13. Missing, now reported prisoners, 4.

The following casualties are reported, under various dates:—

OFFICERS KILLED.

BARKER, Sec. Lt. C. N., Dorsetshire Regt.
BROWN, Sec. Lt. G. E., Border Regt.
CAMPBELL, Sec. Lt. G. W., Highland L.I.
DEWAR, Sec. Lt. R., Highland L.I.
JONES, Sec. Lt. F. R., Highland L.I.
MARR, Capt. J. G., Highland L.I.
MILHOLM, Sec. Lt. D. A., Highland L.I.
MORRISON, Capt. D. F., Highland L.I.
MURRAY, Sec. Lt. H. E., Highland L.I.
NEILSON, Sec. Lt. T., Highland L.I.
ROBERTSON, Sec. Lt. C. D., Highland L.I.
ROBINSON, Capt. W. S., Highland L.I.
SIMPSON, Sec. Lt. G. M., Highland L.I.
STAINER, Sec. Lt. C. C., East Surrey Regt.
STEELE, Sec. Lt. A. F. G., Highland L.I.
STORY, Sec. Lt. T., Border Regt.

Officers previously reported wounded, now reported killed:—
MACGREGOR, Capt. A. H., Seaforth Highlanders.
SMITH, Sec. Lt. R. J., Seaforth Highlanders.

Officer previously reported missing, now reported killed:—
ANDERSON, Capt. F. J., Seaforth Highlanders.

OFFICER DIED OF WOUNDS.

CAREW, Capt. C. G. W., Dorsetshire Regt.

Officers previously reported wounded, now reported died of wounds:—
BELL, Capt. S. E., 5th Lancashire Regt.
HALLIDAY, Sec. Lt. G. W., R.F.A.
MANSERGH, Lt. H. R., Liverpool Regt.

OFFICER DIED.

ELLIOTT, Sec. Lt. W. L., Rifle Brigade.

OFFICERS WOUNDED.

AGNEW, Sec. Lt. H. A., Highland L.I.
BALNAVES, Sec. Lt. J. W., Gordon Highlanders.
BAYLISS, Sec. Lt. R. B., Manchester Regt.
BRUNTON, Sec. Lt. B. A., Gordon Highlanders.
CARTER, Lt. C. L., The Buffs.
CHADWELL, Sec. Lt. F., Dorsetshire Regt.
CHUBB, Lt. P. A., Yorkshire L.I.
CLEGG, Capt. F. C., Border Regt.
DICE, Sec. Lt. E. C., Dorsetshire Regt.
DOBSON, Lt. E., Highland L.I.
DRINSDALE, Lt. J. S., Highland L.I.
FLEAR, Sec. Lt. W. H., Dorsetshire Regt.
FULTON, Sec. Lt. J. A., Ryl. Irish Regt., attd. Ryl. Irish Rifles.
GILBY, Sec. Lt. T. B., Ryl. West Kent Regt., attd. R.F.C.
GRANT-LEAD, Lt. A., Royal Fusiliers.
HANNAH, Sec. Lt. —, Machine Gun Corps.
HARPER, Capt. H. P., R.A.M.C.
HARRIS, Sec. Lt. N. B., Ryl. Dublin Fusiliers.
HERRISON, Sec. Lt. R., Liverpool Regt.
HERWETT, Sec. Lt. E. W., Leinster Regt., attd. Ryl. Inniskilling Fus.
HIBBIT, Sec. Lt. —, Duke of Wellington's Regt.
HORTON, Sec. Lt. W. H., Gloucestershire Regt.
IDIENS, Sec. Lt. F. A., Ryl. Inniskilling Fus.
JEFFERY, Sec. Lt. J. G., Highland L.I.
KERR, Sec. Lt. N. J., Machine Gun Corps.
KOLLIK, Sec. Lt. —, Manchester Regt.
McCARTHY O'LEARY, Major J., 5th. Lance Regt.
McPHERSON, Capt. A., Highland L.I.
MITCHELL, Sec. Lt. C. D., Highland L.I.
MITCHELL, Sec. Lt. W. M., Ryl. Irish Rifles.
MOON, Sec. Lt. D. C. H., West Surrey Regt.
O'BYRNE, Sec. Lt. B. C. H., West Surrey Regt.
O'SHAUGHNESSY, Sec. Lt. C. L., 5th. Lancs Regt.
PADDISON, Sec. Lt. S. F., Duke of Well. Regt.
PATERSON, Sec. Lt. J. W. M., Highland L.I.
PEPPER, Sec. Lt. H. E., Liverpool Regt.
POCOCK, Sec. Lt. R. M., Ryl. West Kent Regt.
REW, Sec. Lt. R. J., London Regt.
RITCHIE, Sec. Lt. D. M., Royal Highlanders.
ROWLANDS, Sec. Lt. L. J., S.S. Welsh Regt.
SHONE, Capt. —, Welch Regt.
SLESSOR, Sec. Lt. G., Gordon Highlanders.
SMITH, Capt. S. J. G., Border Regt.
STANSFIELD, Sec. Lt. S. F., Duke of Well. Regt.
STONE, Sec. Lt. H. J. S., Border Regt.
STUART, Sec. Lt. H. R., Gordon Highlanders.
TINDALL, Capt. C. C. J., Highland L.I.
TROUP, Sec. Lt. J. G., Gordon Highlanders.
WHITWORTH, Sec. Lt. —, Yorkshire L.I.
YOUNG, Capt. J. M., R.A.M.C.

OFFICERS WOUNDED AND MISSING.

DUFF, Sec. Lt. W., Highland L.I.
LYON, Sec. Lt. R. W., Highland L.I.
TWYNAM, Sec. Lt. G., Border Regt.
WILSON, Sec. Lt. G. H., Border Regt.

Officers previously reported wounded, now reported wounded and missing:—
ORPORD, Sec. Lt. E. —, Border Regt.
SHELTON, Capt. C., Norfolk Regt.

OFFICER MISSING, BELIEVED KILLED.

TILLARD, Capt. H. C., Border Regt.

OFFICERS MISSING.

ARMITAGE, Sec. Lt. J. A., Yorkshire L.I.
BABBAGE, Sec. Lt. C. C., Highland L.I.
BATTERSLY, Sec. Lt. G. P., Yorkshire L.I.
BRADY, Sec. Lt. D. W., Border Regt.
DAVIDSON, Sec. Lt. A. M., Manchester Regt.
ERSKINE, Capt. B. L., Manchester Regt.
GRIFFIN, Sec. Lt. C. B., Manchester Regt.
HARBRON, Sec. Lt. F., Manchester Regt.
HARLEY, Sec. Lt. N. F., Manchester Regt.
HENDERSON, Sec. Lt. J. S., Manchester Regt.
HOTSON, Sec. Lt. H. C., Yorkshire L.I.
LEES, Sec. Lt. J. C., Ryl. Scots Fus. and R.F.C.
McMONIE, Sec. Lt. J. A., Yorkshire L.I.
MILLS, Sec. Lt. S., Yorkshire L.I.
MOON, Sec. Lt. H. E., Border Regt.
RAYNER, Lt. O. C., Manchester Regt.
REYNOLDS, Sec. Lt. G. H. E., Yorkshire L.I.
SAGAR, Sec. Lt. —, Yorkshire L.I.
SCOTT, Sec. Lt. P., Highland L.I.
SHEWAN, Lt. A., Highland L.I.
SPENCE, Sec. Lt. H. A., Border Regt.
STEWART, Sec. Lt. J., Highland L.I.
WELSH, Capt. R., Border Regt.
WILLIAMS, Sec. Lt. J. A., Yorkshire L.I.

CORRECTION.

OFFICER WOUNDED.

BRUNEAU, Capt. J. E., R.A.M.C. (should read—BRUNEAU, Capt. L. E., R.A.M.C.

The following casualties are reported, under various dates:—

Officer previously reported missing, believed killed, now reported killed:—
BELL, Lt. C. A., Canadian Infantry.

Officer previously reported missing, now reported killed:—
GIBSON, Lt. H. E., Canadian Infantry.

OFFICERS WOUNDED.

REDMAN, Lt. W. E., Canadian Infantry.
ROBINSON, Lt. J. D., Canadian Infantry.

INDIAN FORCES.

The following casualties amongst the Indian Forces are reported, under various dates:—

OFFICER WOUNDED.

McPHERSON, Major D. W., Indian Infantry.

OFFICERS DIED.

KEITH-BRUMBY, Sec. Lt. H. C., Indian Army Res. of Officers.
MAY, Lt. —, Indian Army Res. of Officers.
NAIRN, Engineer Lt. F. W., Royal Indian Marine.
NORTON-FAGGE, Lt. F. W. L. G., Indian Army Res. of Officers.
WARIYAR, Lt. P. R., Indian Medical Service.
DUNNING, Sec. Lt. A. G. A., Indian Army Res. of Officers.
FALCONER, Lt. J. F., Indian Army Res. of Officers.
O'CONNOR, Sec. Lt. J. C. J., Indian Army Res. of Officers.
SHEA, Major A. G., Indian Infantry.

OTHER RANKS.

IRISHMEN AND MEN IN IRISH REGIMENTS.

The following casualties are reported under various dates.

All are privates except where otherwise shown. The next shown against each soldier's name is the home of his next-of-kin, except when followed by the abbreviation "Enl.," when it is his place of enlistment.

KILLED.

ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Murphy, 38313, Sapper M. (Waterford).

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED, NOW REPORTED KILLED.

IRISH GUARDS.

M'Goldrick, 8301 M. (Glasgow). Muir, 6421 A. (Kilmalco).

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED AND MISSING, NOW REPORTED KILLED.

WILTSHIRE REGIMENT.

Durne, 9080 L.-Cpl. G. A. (Dublin).

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING, NOW REPORTED KILLED.

IRISH GUARDS.

Donovan, 2646 L.-Cpl. C. (Camberwell, S.E.).
Lindsay, 6787 C. (Deptford, S.E.). Lynch, 7685 L.-Cpl. M. J. (Tralee).
M'Carthy, 9288 J. (Dublin). Manning, 8437 F. (Edinburgh).
O'Rourke, 7507 M. (Sligo).
Reilly, 6896 J. (Dublin).
Tobin, 6956 M. (Sligo).
Walsh, 7561 J. (Claremorris). Walsh, 7532 W. (Bagenalstown).

KING'S (LIVERPOOL REGIMENT.

Doolan, 11838 F. (Dublin).

YORKSHIRE REGIMENT.

Duffy, 8878 T. (Kilkelly).

WOUNDED.

ROYAL FIELD ARTILLERY.

Pelan, 90801 Gnr. J. (Belfast).

ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Hewitt, 45424 Sapper W. (Belfast).

BORDER REGIMENT.

Cardiff, 23677 T. (Wexford).

MACHINE GUN CORPS.

Close, 17901 W. (Lisburn). Kane, 20074 D. (Lisburn). O'Connell, 20948 Sgt. P. (Kinsale).

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.

Bradish, 91467 J. (Cork).

WOUNDED, SHOCK-SHELL.

ROYAL FIELD ARTILLERY.

Sutton, 100401 Cpl. R. R. (Bandon).

MISSING.

KING'S OWN (ROYAL LANCASTER REGT.).

Young, 22726 R. (Belfast).

Major J. Macarthy-O'Leary. — Major J. Macarthy-O'Leary, South Lancashire Regiment, wounded in action, is a member of a very old southern family which has given many soldiers to the Empire. His late father, Lieutenant-Colonel William Macarthy-O'Leary, was killed as Pieter's Hill, leading a charge of the South Lancashires, of which he was the commanding officer. Another son of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Macarthy-O'Leary is Captain and Adjutant W. H. Macarthy-O'Leary, M.C., Royal Irish Fusiliers.

Captain G. P. Littlewood.—Captain George Patrick Littlewood, Sherwood Foresters, killed in action, was a mining engineer, and, having served his apprenticeship with the Blackwell Colliery Company, Derbyshire, was appointed assistant manager under the Wigan Coal and Iron Company, a position that he held until the outbreak of war, when he enlisted in the Royal Fusiliers. He was given a commission in the Sherwood Foresters in August, 1915. Captain Littlewood was the second son of Dr. Littlewood, of Highfield, Mansfield, Notts, and grandson of the late Mr. George Thompson, of Kilmore House, Cashel, Co. Tipperary. Captain Littlewood had been at the front for about six months, and was in his 27th year.

Captain A. H. Hall.—Captain Arthur Henry Hall, Somersetshire Light Infantry, whose death in action was announced in this column on Monday, was 25 years of age, and the son of the late Mr. Arthur Francis Hall, of Athenry, Co. Galway, and of Mrs. Bradshaw, Ballydevitt, Co. Londonderry, and great grandson of the late General Hall, Knockbrack, Athenry, and Merville, Co. Dublin. At the outbreak of the war he left the mercantile marine, and obtained a commission in the Somersets. He gained the Military Cross in the advance on July 1st. The official report then sent by the Brigadier-General stated—"Second Lieutenant Arthur Henry Hall. When all the senior officers of his battalion had become casualties he very ably took command. He gathered all available men, and continued the advance. His personally reconnoitred the position under heavy fire. He carried out both these attacks, and, on his own initiative and by his example and courage, succeeded in consolidating and holding the position which

WHY LORD RHONDDA BOUGHT SANATOGEN.

FAMOUS NERVE FOOD NOW ABSOLUTELY BRITISH.

"SUBSTITUTES" ALL INFERIOR.

GREAT DEMAND for the GENUINE PRODUCT.

"I have for years used Sanatogen as a nerve-food," said Lord Rhondda, in a recent interview. "Since the war began I have tried various substitutes, but I have found none of them as good as Sanatogen. That is what first interested me in the matter.

"When the business was offered for sale by tender, I consulted some of my friends, who agreed with me that it was a sound proposition, and that it would be rendering the State a service to take it over and conduct it as an absolutely British concern.

"Such an enterprise would also be an example to other British business men in a position to take over German concerns.

"We have bought up the Sanatogen business (including Formamint and Albulactin, etc.), lock, stock, and barrel, as a going concern.

"The German element has been entirely eradicated, and the products are now absolutely British."

SANATOGEN A NATIONAL NECESSITY

—"TO PRESERVE GOOD NERVES."

While the Sanatogen business was still under the control of the Board of Trade a member asked in the House of Commons, "Is Sanatogen a necessity to the country?"

"I believe it depends on whether we can manage to preserve good nerves," replied the Home Secretary, thereby indicating his knowledge of the fact that Sanatogen is universally recognised as the most efficient means of maintaining the nervous system in a healthy and vigorous condition.

It is true that imitations of Sanatogen are always numerous, have multiplied exceedingly during the war, but experience has proved that they are greatly inferior to the genuine original product.

The reason for this may be found in the following extracts from evidence given by a distinguished physician before a Select Committee of the House of Commons.

CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF SANATOGEN'S VALUE.

Sir Henry Dalziel: "Have you any idea of the value of Sanatogen which you could give to the Committee?"

Medical Witness: "It is thought very highly of by medical men."

Mr. Lawson: "Sanatogen, of course, would be used by many when suffering from nervous disorders or depression."

Medical Witness: "Yes. Its claims are here in the nature of a tonic-food than a medicine."

Mr. Charles Bathurst: "Most members of Parliament take it, I think?"

Medical Witness: "That shows it must be a valuable thing."

Sir Henry Dalziel: "Here is a paragraph I want to read to you. . . 'The medical testimony is overwhelming. No preparation in the world has ever received so many endorsements from doctors as Sanatogen, nearly a thousand of them having written to the proprietors on the subject of its merits.'"

Medical Witness: "I am quite certain any doctors have written."

Sir Henry Dalziel: "That is an article such is recommended, at all events, by the medical profession?"

Medical Witness: "Quite so . . . I may say, speaking perfectly frankly for myself, I have some proprietary remedies, not secret remedies, which I prefer to any preparation said to be the same thing. There is nothing about them, something in the method of preparation, not in the chief constituents, which makes them a superior article to the point of view of curing or relieving the patient."

Sanatogen is an outstanding example of the kind of thing I mean. It is not a "secret remedy"; its constituents have always been clearly stated. But there is something about Sanatogen, something in the method of preparing it—that is to say, in the very difficult process of mixing by which its ingredients are organically united for ultimate assimilation—which makes it utterly different from, and incomparably superior to, the multitude of imitation products "said to be the same thing."

WHAT SANATOGEN DOES.

Sanatogen, for instance, causes definite and favourable changes in the human organism—a marked improvement in general nutrition; in the replacement of wasted tissue; in the quality and quality of the blood; in glandular and other visceral activities; in the chemical content of the nerve cells, from which nervous energy is manufactured—in fact, it produces a true and harmless stimulation of all the vital processes which, under the physician's guidance, cannot but tend to Nature to build up health and energy.

FORMAMINT ALSO BRITISH.

After Sanatogen, perhaps the best known product of the same firm is Formamint, "the no-killing throat tablet."

Formamint alone has been proved to destroy baneful germs in the mouth and throat without injuring the body; it is thus a quick convenient remedy for sore throat and throat and kindred ailments; it also affords a large measure of protection against bacterial processes which arise in the oral cavity, and are from minor infections—of the throat, teeth, and gums to dangerous diseases like diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Measles, etc., including certain forms of Influenza and Consumption.

A WARNING TO THE PUBLIC.

Just a word of caution is here necessary. Imitations of Sanatogen and Formamint are merely inferior; in many cases they are positively injurious; whereas the genuine remedies—in addition to their positive beneficial influence—are absolutely free from ill effects.

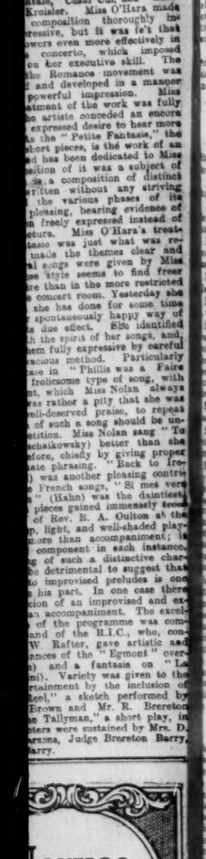
Imitations of Formamint, for example, often claim a drug too weak to kill germs, strong enough to irritate the throat. Numerous imitations of Sanatogen contain a large proportion of fat, which quickly turns rancid; a still larger proportion of milk-sugar, which is particularly harmful in diabetes and other conditions; and a form of phosphorus which sometimes refuses to absorb, and which sometimes acts injuriously on the kidneys and other organs.

What makes the matter still more serious is the fact that, in the present state of the law, the concoction of these types can now be sold as Sanatogen or Formamint, though Lord Rhondda's firm is enabled to supply genuine original products. It therefore gets the public to insist on having these, to be on their guard against substitutes and to beware of similar names.

As soon as possible the preparations will be sold under new trade marked names, which will be duly announced in the Press; there will then be no risk of confusion between "the Ring" and the host of imitation products. Meanwhile, the purchaser should see that the articles sold to him bear the old "Ring" labels, and should write to the British Proprietors (12, Chenies street, London, W.C.) if he has the slightest difficulty in obtaining them. The prices, by the way, will remain unchanged, despite a heavy rise in the cost of the ingredients; and, being sold in tins, from 1s. 9d. to 6d., and Formamint in bottles of 50 and at 2s. 2d.

ORDER SANATOGEN FROM THE CHEMIST'S TO-DAY.

There is already a great "run" on the best stocks, those who wish to secure a supply promptly should order it at once from their chemist's. Readers who have never tried Sanatogen—if any such exist!—may be glad to hear that the cost of taking Sanatogen regularly (three times a day, after meals) works out at only 6d. per day; so this aid to health and nerve power is not an expensive luxury, even in war-time, while its results are both sure and lasting.



FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

MARKETS GENERALLY DEPRESSED. GUINNESS EXCITED AND LOWER.

DUBLIN, TUESDAY EVENING.

More or less general stagnation, accompanied by depression and shrinking prices, were the main characteristics of the Dublin Stock Exchange to-day. The outstanding feature was the heavy dealing at reduced and fluctuating prices in Guinness Ord. Shares, believed to be mainly for loan accounts in the hands of bankers. There was finally a rally from the lowest point reached, and the market closed animated and excited at the recovery. Dunlop issues further gave way. Depressed prices obtained for Government Funds. Consols fell ¼, Irish Land 3 p.c. ¼, and India 3½ p.c. ¼, the latter closing at 66. War Loan 4½ p.c. show no change. Dublin Corporation Stock was ¼ higher. Banks closed dull in sympathy with surroundings. Nationals fell ¼ and Ulsters ⅛, the latter closing at 91½ for a few shares. There were very lively dealings in Guinness Ord. Shares. The market again opened flat, and the initial price, 24, showed a fresh drop of ¾. Subsequently the price yielded to 23½, and then to 23¼, at which price supporters of the market took the lead, and the price later recovered to 23½, and finally to 24, which was freely bid. The Pref. fell ¼ in sympathy. Dublin Distillers Pref. likewise took an easier turn, and fell 1s. to 68s. John Jameson and Son Debs. were unaltered at 6½. Steam and Canal Securities were idle. In Marconi issues the Ord. rallied 6d. to 58s. 6d., and Canadians realised 9s. 6d. There was marked weakness in some Home Rails. Great Northern Ord. fell 1 to 90, and the Pref. Stock slumped 3 points to 72, a record low point. Great Southern and Western Ord. was unaltered from 77, yesterday's reduced level. Sellers were about in the Railway Market, but buyers were apparently few and far between. Tramways were all idle. Dunlop Parent Tyre issues were sellers. The Deferred, however, rallied 1½d. to 22s. 6d., while the Ord. gave way 4½d. to 21s., and the Pref. 4½d. to 14s. 4½d. The only change in Drapery Shares was a fall of 1s. 3d. to 90s. in Todd Burns Pref. Shares. As regards Manufacturing Shares, English Sewing Cotton Ord. were in demand for the other side, and closed 6d. dearer at 47s. 3d., and the Pref. repeated 18s. Fine Cotton Spinners, Coats, and Bradford Dyers were all firm, but idle. Calico Printers Ord. were 1½d. lower at 14s., and the Pref. repeated 14s. 10½d. Gas, Baker, Trading, and Miscellaneous Securities were all drawn blank.

Other business done included Exchequer 5 p.c. 1919 Bonds at 99½, Dunlop Rubber Pref. at 19s. 6d., and British Oil and Cake Ord. at 28s. 6d.

BANK OF IRELAND RATE, 6 PER CENT. ALLOWANCE ON DEPOSITS, 3 PER CENT.

	Previous Price.	Business Done For Cash.	Nominal Quotation For Cash. Bid.	Ask'd
Government Funds, etc.				
2½ Consol. 1923.....	53½	53¾	—	—
War Loan 4½ p. Bonds.....	93½	—	—	—
3½ Guar. (L. Land). 1939	57½	57¾	—	—
3½ p. India Stock.....	66¾	67	—	—
*Dublin Corpn. 3½ p.c.	54	54½	—	—
Banks.				
National Bank.....	153½	154	—	—
Ulster Bank.....		191½	—	—
Breweries and Distilleries.				
Dublin Distillers 6 p.c. Pref.	70	69	—	—
Guinness Ord.....	24¾	24 23¾ 24	—	—
Do. Pref.....		24	—	—
Guinness 6 p.c. Cum. Pref..	113	111½	—	—
Jameson (John) and Son 4 p.c. Deb.....	6¾	6¾	—	—
Telegraphs and Telephones.				
Marconi's Wireless Tel. Ord.	58	58/6	—	—
Railways and Tramways.				
Great Northern Ord.....	91	710	—	—
5½ p.c. Pref. Ord. Orig...	72	77	—	—
Gt. Nor (I.). 4½ Pref.....	70	72	—	—
Miscellaneous.				
Parent Tyre Ord.	12½	12	—	—
Parent Tyre Deferred.....	22	24	12/24	—
Parent Tyre Gen. Pref....	14/9	14/9	14	14½
Do. Pref.	17/9	18/-	—	—
"Sinbers".....	7/-	7/3	—	—
Calico Printers Ord.....	14/9	15/-	—	—
Calico Printers 5%	14/6	14	14/9	—
Dublin Sewing Cotton Ord.	46/9	47	47/3	—
Eng. Sewing Cotton 6% Pf.	18	18	—	—
Goodbody Ord.	6	5¾	—	—

*Ex-dividend exceptional amounts as special price. †Free of stamp duty. ‡Business commences at 12 o'clock noon. Exchange closed on Saturday.

OTHER BUSINESS DONE—11.45 o'clock.

British Oil and Cake Mills Ord. 28/6
Dunlop Rubber 5 p.c. Pref. 19/6
Exchequer 5 p.c. Bonds, 1919.. Rec. 99¾
Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co. of Canada..... 9/6

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Bank-Rate (changed July 13th, 1916) ... 6 p.c.

There was no alteration in general conditions in the Loan Market. Overnight advances were quoted at 4½ per cent. at first, but afterwards the rate came down to 4¼ per cent. Weekly loans were arranged at the previous quotation of 4¼ to 4½ per cent. There was little business in the Discount Market, but rates were hardly so firm, and it is judged that the arrangement to place British Treasury bills this week at 4¼ per cent. should react in a favourable manner upon the short-dated Treasury bills were taken at lower quotations. December changed hands at 5 to 5⅛ per cent., and January at 5¼ to 5⅜ per cent. Loans of three months' bank credit bills will be placed to-morrow at 5½ per cent. There was no alteration in rates for trade bills. The New York exchange was quoted at 4.76¾.

Bank Rate (Discount) changed July 13, 1916, 6 p.c.

60 days fine ... 5⅛	5⅜ p.c.	Tre'e ...	5½	p.c.
3 months ... 5⅛	5⅜ p.c.	...	5½	p.c.
4 months ... 5⅛	5⅜ p.c.	...	5½	p.c.
6 months ... 5	5¼ p.c.	...	5½	p.c.
Loans to bill brokers day-to-day			4½	p.c.
Do. for a week			4¾	p.c.
Stock Exchange fortnightly loans			4	p.c.
Deposit allowance: Banks			2	p.c.
Do. Discount Houses at call			4½	p.c.
Do. do. at notice			4¾	p.c.

The Silver Market was quiet and unchanged, the quotation for bar silver being fixed at 34½d. per oz.

On Change rates on France, Russia, Portugal, and Holland moved in favour of the country. Italian, Spanish, Swiss, and Swedish currencies improved in value.

BIRMINGHAM CYCLE SHARE MARKET GOOD.

Fairly good business. Movements uncertain. Parent Deferred reconsed to 22/24. Rovers and Stars harder. Enfields, Sunbeams, and Swifts 6d. down.

	£	s. d.		£	s. d.
Belsize	1	26 0	Rovers	1	45 0
Components		19 9	Rudges		28 6
Do. Def.		19 6	Singers		29 0
Do. Pref.		26 0	Stars		21 6
Darracqs		29 0	Sunbeams		81 6
Enfields		35 0	Swifts		15 0
Enfields		30 0	Triumphs		74 3
Humbers	13	10¼	Parent Ord.		21 3
Do. Pref.	14	6	Dunlops		7 1½
Premiers	1	54	Do. Pref.	19	7½
Rolls Royce ..	48	0	Small Arms ...	47	6

MANCHESTER STOCK EXCHANGE.

Textile Shares were quiet, with very few deals. Closing prices:—

Bleachers	19/-	19/3	Costs	6¼	6¾
Do. Pref.	18/9	19/6	Sewing Cot.	47/6	48/-
Bradford Dy.	17/9	18/-	Do. Pref.	17/6	18/-
Do. Pref.	17/9	18/-	Fine Spinners..	30/6	31/-
"Sinbers"	7/-	7/3	Do. Pref.	15/-	16/6
Calico Print'g	14/9	15/-	Velvets	22/6	23/-
Do. Pref.	14/6	15/-	Do. Pref.	16/6	17/-

BELFAST STOCK EXCHANGE

BUSINESS DONE:—

Belfast Banking Co. New	4
Do. Bank	10
Northern Banking Co. B	10¾
Standard of South Africa	1
Belfast and Co. Down Railway 4 p.c. Pref.	74
Midland Railway Const. 5½ Perp. Pref.	47½
Belfast Corporation 3½ p.c.	76½
Costs (J. and F.) Ord.	6¾
Ingils and Co. p.c. Cum. Pref.	96
Dublin Distillers 5 p.c. Pref.	10/-
British-American Tobacco Co. Ord.	104/6
Do. Preferred ordinary	16/-
White, Tomkins, and Lounger Ord.	16/10½
Do. 5 p.c. Cum. Pref.	19/-
Roumanian Consolidated Oilfields Ord.	11½
Calico Printers	14/-
London and North-Western Railway Pref.	76½

INSURANCE SHARES.

SALES IN LONDON—

City Equitable Fire	14/6, 14/7½
Guardian	6½
London and Lancashire Fire	29/6
North British and Mercantile	33½, 33¾, 33¾
Royal	27/-
Sun Insurance Office	19½, 19⅝

SALES IN LIVERPOOL—

London and Lancashire Fire	29½
Commercial Union	26½
Atlas Assurance	7½

TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.

Increases for last month.

Western of Havana	2876
Manila Northern Lines	1,000
Manila Southern	1,355
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India..	Rs.85,000
Decrease for week ending October 28.	
Bengal Nagpur	Rs.17,000

	Last week. £ s. d.	Aggregate. £ s. d.
Belfast & Co. Down	3,327 + 144	174,322 + 7,344
Bess. & Penydarren	2,317 + 62	120,477 + 1,316
Cork, Bandon, & S.C.	2,717 + 65	139,407 + 1,346
Cork and Macroom	421 + 73	20,998 + 118
Cork and Muskerry	280 — 20	— —
Dub. & Blessn. & Tramw.	729 — 31	3,696 — 204
Dublin & Lucan Elec.	110 + 11	3,556 — 291
Dublin & S.E. Rail..	4,673 + 181	224,677 + 11,013
Dub. United Tramw.	3,473 + 275	202,304 + 775
Grand Canal	1,627 + 23	82,180 + 1,180
Great Northern	23,393 + 1,833	1,134,773 + 47,613
Great Southern	15,519 + 1,434	1,478,198 — 1,667
Midland Gt. West.	13,663 + 824	672,1 + 43,305
Sligo, Leit. & N. Con.	809 + 30	39,179 — 119

+ Increase. — Decrease.

The two prisoners of war, Carl Schwars and Paul Hubner, who escaped from an internment camp at Woburn, Bedfordshire, have been captured.

LONDON STOCK MARKETS QUIET.

AN IMPROVING TONE.

TONIC OF "ZEPS."

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, TUESDAY.

There was only a moderate volume of business on the Stock Exchange, and markets moved with quiet irregularity, though the general tone showed improvement. There was a disposition to regard the Rumanian position more hopefully in the absence of disaster to any of the Rumanian armies, and the destruction of two Zeppelins acted as a tonic to sentiment. Gilt-edged issues were steady to dull. Underlying conditions in this section showed some improvement owing to the satisfaction at the arrangements whereby Treasury bills are to be offered in the United States through Messrs. Morgan. This may obviate to some extent the necessity of putting up a lot of fresh collateral in connection with British Loan flotations in New York. The Irish Land Loan changed hands at 52¾. Colonial Loans were slow.

ALLIED BONDS WEAKEN.

In the Foreign market Allied Bonds did not show to advantage. French Fives weakened to 79¾, and Russian Fives, closing over the lowest, were ½ down at 82¾. Japanese quotations, though quiet, preserved their firmness, and the Fours at 79¾ were ½ better. Greek issues were nominal, without change. As regards enemy securities, Hungarian Rentes flattened ¼, and there was a set-back of ¼ to ½ in German Threes in connection with the decline in the exchange value of the mark to the lowest yet quoted. Chinese Bonds were dull. Among South Americans, Argentine and Brazilian issues did little more than mark time.

HOME RAILS QUIET.

In the Home Railway department trading was of a restricted and spotty character. Even among the Heavies North-Eastern Consols were the only Stocks which approached briskness, and the quotation in this case showed no change at par.

AMERICANS LOWER.

In the American market the rank and file registered scattered losses of ¼ to ½, reflected from New York overnight, where the "bears" were disposed to renew their activities owing to the currency of unfavourable political rumours. Steels gave way 2 to 1⅜.

CANADIANS DULL; ARGENTINES RECOVER.

Grand Trunk Stocks were quiet and colourless, but Canadian Pacifics flattened in the afternoon, and gave way 2s. to 172.

Mexican Rails finished unchanged to ¼ down, but Argentine Rails met further moderate investment support, and scored fresh recoveries of ½. Buenos Ayres Great Westerns at 79 were a point up.

INDUSTRIALS IRREGULAR.

In the Miscellaneous and Industrial Market Shipping issues were not so brisk. Furness Withys and Ivory & Nicholsons found support around 55½, but Union Castle New Zealand was quieter, and drooped to 54/6. P. and O. Def. and Royal Mails held their ground. Cunards lost the tops at 39/6. Maconochie preserved a steady appearance. Among Brewery issues, Guinness Ord. rose to 86. In the Supply group conditions were the reverse of firm. Harmers drooped ½ to 2¾. Lyons, at 5⅛, were also ½ down. Among Miscellaneous Specialities, recovery to 15/-. Aerated Breads moved around 39/-. Meat Shares were about their ground. In the Textile group, Coats Ord. weakened ¼ to £. Courtaulds were not dealt in. Canadian Industrials showed a downward tendency, Dominion Coal falling to 23½ after touching 33. Otis Steels finished at 37, with buyers on the side of that figure. Bank Shares were mostly steady. Lloyds and Barclays were rather steadier on the improved labour outlook.

MINING MARKET DULL.

Hazienes in Mines showed no expansion. There was a drop in the Rhodesian Section, but ground slightly, and Rhodesians were quiet and fluctuating. Diamond Shares were barely steady. Westralians were dull and heavy, and some moderate realising on New York advices and a reaction from the rise in the price of the metal. Tin fell 5/- per ton.

Among Kaffirs, Finance Shares remained dull. East Rand Ord. fell 3/6. Rights of Geldenhuis Deep at 1½ was sa down. Rand Mines were lower at 77/-. Randfontein, Gold Shares, Modderfonteins drooped to 18¾, but Meyer and Charlton were steady at 5/-. City and Suburbans rallied 1/- to 58/3. Brakpans, at 7/-, were rather sharply bought. Sharps were without net change. Among Miscellaneous, Charterods held at 11/6. Tanks fell back 1/- to 50/-. Rhodesian Lands, at 2/-, were dull. Westralians were slow, but Horseshoes added 6d. to 24/-. Among Copper Shares, Anacondas were dull at 21¼.

RUBBER SHARES FAIRLY GOOD.

The price of rubber hardened to 2/10½ per lb. Little variation in prices was noted in the Shares Market, where a fair volume of business was maintained. Almost in demand at 47/-. Bukit Kajang Ord. 1/6 better at 10/-. Bukit Kajang Pref. at 10/1½. Carey were higher at 42/6, and Consolidated Para at 9/-. Dijasinga remained around 19/9. Eastern Sumatra bid for at 2/3, and shares offered at 2/3½. Elphil could be purchased at 4/-. Kepong Dimsharies rose 1/6 to 76/3. Rubber Lands firm at 30/9, and Ouyen Plains improved 3/6. Seraingan in demand at 2/3. Lanadron offered at 46/-. Medara firm at 23/-, and Merpan changing around 5/-. North Semboh were 71/6. Oilfields were lower at 6/7½. The price of Rinl Java Pref. rose to 16/-. Seafield offered at 88/9, and Sempah at 28/-; but Sebah was easier, declined to 4/-. Shares were in demand for Strathmore and 55/9 for Sumatra Consols. Tapah were unsettled at 76/6, and Telegerodjo at 36/3. The Borneo section was quiet, shares were wanted at 19/6, and Langkon were taken around 16/3. Batu Anchoreh were 3/- at 31/10½.

OILS SHARES INACTIVE.

Oil Shares were quiet. Rumanian Consolidated recovered 1¼d. to 11/-. Mexican issues were steadier, and Shell showed improvement in political advices from that country.

DIVIDENDS, REPORTS, AND MEETINGS.

GREAT NORTHERN BREWERY, LTD.—The annual meeting of the Great Northern Brewery Co., Ltd., was held in Dundalk yesterday. Lord Rathdonnell presided. The Chairman, in the course of his statement, explained that since the 1st April their output had been reduced by 30 per cent. This, coupled with the increased cost of materials, made the period one of anxiety. The profits for the year showed a decrease of £2,251, to which had to be added the balance from last year, £2,243 13s.4, making a total of £5,580 16/3. They proposed to pay a dividend of £5 per cent., free of income tax, and a bonus of 6d. per share, free of tax, which would leave to be carried forward to next year's account £2,457 1s. 4d. After arriving at this decision, and omitting the usual allocation to reserve, the directors took into consideration the substantial amount already to credit of reserve and depreciation accounts—£1,200—which they considered ample. They had to the credit of their cash account £1,197 4/-, so that the company was in a strong financial position. All materials continued to advance in price, and they were to earn a reasonable profit on their restricted output, a further increase in price was inevitable. The report was adopted, leading to the adoption of the accounts. Mr. M. B. Murray, Raheeny, seconded, and the accounts were adopted. Mr. Wm. E. Murray, Mr. T. H. Orr were re-elected to the directorate, and a vote of thanks was passed to the Chairman and directors on the motion of Mr. P. O'Connell, seconded by Mr. W. B. Connolly.

DINNINGTON MAIN COAL.—Interim of 1/6 per share, free of income tax.

STEEL, LIMITED.—Final of 1/- per share, making 20 per cent., free of tax, for the year.

NATIONAL BANK OF AUSTRALIA.—3 per cent. per annum.

MIDLAND IRON.—Dividend on Ord. Shares at 5 per cent. for the year, free of income tax.

SCOTTISH QUEENSLAND MORTGAGE.—Final dividend for the year of 9d. per share.

DARWEN PAPER MILLS.—6d. per share, free of tax, on Ord.

SAMUEL MEGGITT AND SONS.—18 per cent. on Pref.

KURUNEGALA RUBBER.—6 per cent. per annum, less tax.

SINGAPORE UNITED RUBBER.—Final of 10 per cent., making 15 per cent. for the year.

GRIFFITHS HEWES STEAM NAVIGATION.—Final of 8 per cent., making 20 per cent. for the year, free of tax.

JUGRA ESTATE.—Interim of 30 per cent. on Ord. Shares and 35 per cent. on Cumulative Pref. Shares.

NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING CO.—A dividend of 1½- per share (of which 8/- per share was paid in advance), less 2s. 6d. in the £ income tax.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—A dividend on the capital stock declared at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, payable on the 20th September last.

ST. LOUIS BREWERIES.—A final dividend of 5/- per share, or 25 per cent., on the Pref. Shares, making 8 per cent. for the year, as also a dividend of 4/- per share (8 per cent.) on the Ord. Shares.

SOUTH AFRICAN BREWERIES.—The directors declared an interim dividend of 5½ per cent. on the Pref. Shares, being at the rate of 5 per cent. for the year, and 5 per cent. on the Ord. Shares, also at the rate of 10 per cent. for the year, both less income tax.

CONSOLIDATED TEA AND LANDS COMPANY.—The directors of the Consolidated Tea and Lands Co., Ltd., have declared an interim dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum on the Ord. Shares. Last year an actual dividend of 5 per cent. was paid.

CLOSING PRICES.

CONSOLS, COLONIAL STOCKS, ETC

Consols	53½-¼	Natal 3½ Gt.	79-3
Funded 1920	97-¼	Do. 4½ 1937	93-4
Irish Land 3½	52¾	Do. 4½ 1965-87	89-0
War Loan, '14-'16	93½ - ⅛	Do. 4½ 1940-65	89-0
Do. '16-'18	93½ - ⅛	N. Zeal'nd 4½ '29	93-93
Bank of Eng.	196-207	Queens 4½ 1908	86-89
India 3½ Rs.	66¾	Queens 4½ 1940	89-0
Do. 4½	78¾	Do. 4½ 1950-55	91-3
Port of Lon. 5%	96-100	S. Africa 4½ 1937	91-3
Brit. Col. 4½ 1940	89-0	S. Nigeria 4½ 1935	91-3
Do. 4½ 1940-50	89-0	Victoria 4½ 1945-60	91-3
Do. 4½ 1960-90	89-0	Do. 4½ 1920-45	91-3
Cape 3½ Cons.	71-3	W. Australia 4½ '42-62	91-3

FOREIGN BONDS.

Arg'ne'n 1886, 5%	91½	Italian Rentes	64 0 - 1
Do. 4 p.c. Bds.	83-4	Japan 5% Bds.	89½
Brazil 5%	69-0	Do. 4½ Bonds	84¾
Brazil 4%	59-0	Do. 4 p.c. 1905	79½ + ¼
Do. 4 p.c. 1889	59-0	Do. 4% Gold Bds.	79¾
Do. 5 p.c. Bds. 1914	74¾ - ¼	Mex. 5 p.c. Bds.	42-46
Do. 4 p.c. Bds	59-0	Peruvian Corp.	23-0
Chilean 5%	91-2	Do. Pref.	39½
Do. 4 p.c. Bds.	71-2	Do. Deb.	76½ - ½
Do. 4½ p.c. Bds.	81-2 - ½	Portuguese 3%	23-4
Egyptian Un 7% 4%	94	Russian 4 p.c. Bds.	67-0
German 3 p.c.	69½ - ¾	Do. 5 p.c. 1906	83-5 - ¾
Greek 5 p.c.	69-3	Do. 5½ p.c. 1906	91-2
Hungarian 4 p.c. ..	67½ - ¾	Uruguay 3½ p.c.	67-0

HOME RAILS.

Brighton	75-7	L. & N.W.	90½, 7¼ - ¼
do. "A"	82-3	do. 4½ Pf.	89-0
Caledonian	92-0	do. 5 p.c.	102-3
do. Def. Ord.	81½ - ¼	do. 4 p.c. Deb.	82-3
do. Pf. Or.	89½-89	do New 5 p.c.	90¼, 7½
Cent. Lon. Ds.	75-80	Metropolitan	73½, 4
Chatham	8½, ½	do. 5p.c. Pf.	89-90
do. Pref.	84½, ½	do. District	18¾, 6¾
do. 5pc Pref.	92-0	Midland Def.	86½ - ¼
Gt. Central Di.	71¾	N. Brit. Def.	13½ - ¼
Gt. Eastern	34½, ¼	do. Ext Con. 89½, 1003	—
Gt. N. Pref.	84-5	do. 4½ Pf.	87-0
do. Def.	36¾, 7¾	Sth. East. Def. 25½, 6¾	
Gt. Western	80½ - ¼	do. 5 Pref.	103-3
Hull & Barns'y	37-0	Taff Vale	54-0
Lanca. & Yorks	89½, ¼ - ¼		

AMERICAN RAILS.

Atchison	109½, 83¼	N.Y. Ontario	33-3
do. Pref.	104¼, 5¼	Norfolk	144-8
Balt. & Ohio	80, ¼ - ¼	Pennsylvania	56-56
Chesapeake	71-¼	Reading	113-4
Chicago, Mil.	96¾, 7¼ - ¼	Southern	29¼, 29 - ¼
do. Pref.	97-¼	South Pac.	103-3
do. Pref.	94¼, 7 - ¼	Un. Pacific	152¾, 3¼ - ¼
Erie	29-30	Wabash. (New)	16-18
Illinois Cent.	109-10	do. Pref. A	40-42
Louisville	139-41+1	Int. M. M'rine.	30½, 6½
Missouri	29-30	do. Pref.	127-8
Nat. Mexico	17-19	U.S. Steel	117-8 - ⅜
do. 2nd Pf.	31-3	do. Pref.	127-9
N.Y.J. & L.S.	111¾, 12¾ - ¼		

CANADIAN AND FOREIGN RAILS.

Can. Pacific.	172¾, 3¼ - 2¼	Brazil 5 pc Pf.	10-12
do. Nor. 3½ Deb.	85-71	Brazil 4½ Mort.	30-0
do. 6pc. Deb.	84-89	B. Ayres (L.S.) 78¾, 4¼ - ¼	
Grand Trunk	91-10½	B. Ayres Pas.	49-2
do. 4pc. Deb.	80½, 3½	B. Ayres 4½%	79-2+1
do. 1st Pref.	44-6	Cen. Argtine.	84¾, 5¾ - ¼
do. 2nd Pref.	48-9½	do. 6 pc. Notes	97¾, 8½
do. 3rd Pref.	23½, 4½	Cent. Uruguay	36-7
do. 4 p.c. Deb.	70-3	Costa Rica	19-0
Georgian Bay	7-9	Entre Rios	28-7
Antofa'sta Pf.	58-1	do. Pref.	59-61
do. Def.	125-7	Mex. Rails	16-17 - ¼
do. 5 p.c. Pf.	109½, 1½	do. 1st Pref.	53½, ¾ - ¼
Brit. Col. Pf.	90-0	do. 2nd Pref.	33-4
Canada Pac.	173-4	Mex. Tram. Deben.	37-9
Hong Kong	37-8	San Paulo	181¾, 3¼
Lloyd's	23½, 4¼	Tolima	8-¼
Lon. & Plate.	86-7	Un. Havana	81-2

BANKS.

Agricul. Egypt	8¼	Lon. Wmstr.	144-8
Anglo-Egypt	12¾	Lon. Joint Stk.	21¼, 3
A.-Sou.-Amer.	63-3	National	17-¼
Bank Aus'sia	115-18	Nat'nal Prov.	10-¼
Bank N.S.W.	38¼, 8¾	Nat'l. Prov.	39¼, 1¼
Barclay's	79½, 1½	Parr's	60-0
Capital & Co.	23¾, ¼	Stand S

WHY LORD RHONDDA BOUGHT SANATOGEN.

FAMOUS NERVE FOOD NOW ABSOLUTELY BRITISH.

"SUBSTITUTES" ALL INFERIOR.

GREAT DEMAND for the GENUINE PRODUCT.

"I have for years used Sanatogen as a nerve-food," said Lord Rhondda, in a recent interview. "Since the war began I have tried various substitutes, but I have found none of them as good as Sanatogen. That is what first interested me in the matter.

"When the business was offered for sale by tender, I consulted some of my friends, who agreed with me that it was a sound proposition, and that it would be rendering the State a service to take it over and conduct it as an absolutely British concern.

"Such an enterprise would also be an example to other British business men in a position to take over German concerns.

"We have bought up the Sanatogen business (including Formamint and Albulactin, etc.), lock, stock, and barrel, as a going concern.

"The German element has been entirely eradicated, and the products are now absolutely British."

SANATOGEN A NATIONAL NECESSITY —"TO PRESERVE GOOD NERVES."

While the Sanatogen business was still under the control of the Board of Trade a member asked in the House of Commons, "Is Sanatogen a necessity to the country?"

"I believe it depends on whether we can manage to preserve good nerves," replied the Home Secretary, thereby indicating his knowledge of the fact that Sanatogen is universally recognised as the most efficient means of maintaining the nervous system in a healthy and vigorous condition.

It is true that imitations of Sanatogen, always numerous, have multiplied exceedingly during the war, but experience has proved that they are greatly inferior to the genuine original product.

The reason for this may be found in the following extract from evidence given by a distinguished physician before a Select Committee of the House of Commons.

CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF SANATOGEN'S VALUE.

Sir Henry Dalziel: "Have you any idea of the value of Sanatogen which you could give to the Committee?"

Medical Witness: "It is thought very highly of by medical men."

Mr. Lawson: "Sanatogen, of course, would be used by many when suffering from nervous disorders or depression?"

Medical Witness: "Yes. Its claims are more on the nature of a tonic-food than a medicine."

Mr. Charles Bathurst: "Most members of Parliament take it, I think?"

Medical Witness: "That shows it must be a valuable thing."

Sir Henry Dalziel: "Here is a paragraph I want to read to you. . . 'The medical testimony is overwhelming. No preparation in the world has ever received so many endorsements from doctors as Sanatogen, nearly ten times as many thousand of them having written to the proprietors on the subject of its merits.'"

Medical Witness: "I am quite certain that such testimonials have been written."

Sir Henry Dalziel: "That is an article which is recommended, at all events, by the medical profession."

Medical Witness: "Quite so . . . I may say, speaking perfectly frankly for myself, I have some proprietary remedies, not Sanatogen, which I prefer to any preparations said to be the same thing. There is something about them, something in the method of preparation, not in their constituents, which makes them a superior article from the point of view of curing or relieving patients."

Sanatogen is an outstanding example of the truth of this remark. It is not a "secret remedy"; its constituents have always been fully stated. But there is something about Sanatogen, something in the method of preparing what is to say, in the very difficult scientific process by which its ingredients are organically united to form a true chemical compound—which makes it utterly different from, and incomparably superior to, the multitude of imitation products "said to be the same thing."

WHAT SANATOGEN DOES.

Sanatogen, for instance, causes definite and desirable changes in the tissue organism—a marked improvement in general nutrition by the replacement of wasted tissue; in the vitality and quality of the blood; in glandular and other visceral activities; in the euphoric contentment of the nerve cells, from which nervous energy is manufactured—in short it produces a true and harmless stimulation of all the vital processes which, under the physician's guidance, cannot but help Nature to build up health and energy.

FORMAMINT ALSO BRITISH.

After Sanatogen, perhaps the best known product of the same firm is Formamint, "the non-killing throat tablet."

Formamint alone has been proved to destroy harmful germs in the mouth and throat without injuring the body. It is thus a quick and convenient remedy for sore throat and other ailments; it also affords a large measure of protection against bacterial poisons which arise in the oral cavity, and save from minor infections of the throat, mouth, and gums to dangerous diseases like diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Measles, etc., including certain forms of Influenza and Consumption.

A WARNING TO THE PUBLIC.

But a word of caution is here necessary. Imitations of Sanatogen and Formamint are not merely inferior; in many cases they are actually injurious; whereas the genuine articles—in addition to their positive beneficial influence—are absolutely free from ill effects.

Medical Witness: "Quite so . . . I may say, speaking perfectly frankly for myself, I have some proprietary remedies, not Sanatogen, which I prefer to any preparations said to be the same thing. There is something about them, something in the method of preparation, not in their constituents, which makes them a superior article from the point of view of curing or relieving patients."

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Nerves and Weakness

HALL'S WINE is now more than ever invaluable. Everywhere—in the home, office, workshop and factory—anxiety, tension, and overwork, are claiming their victims.

At no period in the nation's history has the need for a nerve tonic and restorative been more urgent—and Hall's Wine fills the need.

Hall's Wine gives new vitality to the system, strengthens the weak, helps the nerve-worn and overwrought. It gives power and energy to the 'Nervy' and weak as no other tonic can: and is especially beneficial for aged persons.

"I was in a serious condition of nerves and weakness. I am now thankful for a bottle of Hall's Wine. I felt my strength returning, and am now fit to return to work."
(Letter No.)

Hall's Wine

The Supreme Restorative

GUARANTEE—Buy a bottle to-day. If, after taking half of it, you feel no benefit, return the half-empty bottle to us, and we will return your full outlay.

Large Size, 3/9

Obtainable at all Wine Merchants, and Chemists and Grocers who wine licenses.

STEPHEN SMITH & CO., LTD., BOW, LONDON

FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

MARKETS GENERALLY DEPRESSED. GUINNESS EXCITED AND LOWER.

DUBLIN, TUESDAY EVENING.

More or less general stagnation, accompanied by depression and shrinking prices, were the main characteristics of the Dublin Stock Exchange to-day. The outstanding feature was the heavy dealing at reduced and fluctuating prices in Guinness Ord. Shares, believed to be mainly for loan accounts in the hands of bankers. There was finally a rally from the lowest point reached, and the market closed animated and excited at the recovery. Dublin issues further gave way. Depressed prices obtained for Government Funds. Consols fell ½, Irish Land 3 p.c. ½, and India 3½ p.c. ½, the latter closing at 68. War Loan 4½ p.c. showed no change. Dublin Corporation Stock was ½ higher. Banks closed dull in sympathy with surroundings. Nationals fell ½ and Ulsters ⅛, the latter closing at 9½ for a few shares. There were very lively dealings in Guinness Ord. Shares. The market again opened flat, and the initial price, 24, showed a fresh drop of ½. Subsequently the price yielded to 23¾, and then to 23½, at which price supporters of the market took the lead, and the price later recovered to 23¾, and finally to 24, which was freely bid. The Pref. fell ½ in sympathy. Dublin Distillers Pref. likewise took an easier line, and fell 1s. to 69s. John Jameson and Son Debs. were unaltered at 64. Steam and Canal Securities were idle. In Marconi issues the Ord. rallied 6d. to 58s. 6d., and Canadians realised 9s. 6d. There was marked weakness in some Home Rails. Great Northern Ord. fell 1 to 90, and the Pref. Stock slumped 3 points to 72, a record low point. Great Southern and Western Ord. was unaltered from 77, yesterday's reduced level. Sellers were about in the Railway Market, but buyers were apparently few and far between. Tramways were all idle. Dunlop Parent Tyre issues were sellers. The Deferred, however, rallied 1½d. to 22s. 6d., while the Ord. gave way ½d. to 21s., and the Pref. ½d. to 14s. 4½d. The only change in Drapery Shares was a fall of 1s. 3d. to 90s., in Todd Burns Pref. Shares. As regards Manufacturing Shares, English Sewing Cotton Ord. were in demand for the other side, and closed 6d. dearer at 47s. 3d., and the Pref. repeated 18s. Fine Cotton Spinners, Coats, and Bradford Dyers were all firm, but idle. Calico Printers Ord. were 1½d. lower at 14s., and the Pref. repeated 14s. 10½d. Gas, Bakery Trading, and Miscellaneous Securities were all drawn blank.

Other business done included Exchequer 5 p.c. 1919 Bonds at 99½, Dunlop Rubber Pref. at 19s. 6d., and British Oil and Cake Ord. at 28s. 6d.

BANK OF IRELAND RATE, 6 PER CENT. ALLOWANCE ON DEPOSITS, 3 PER CENT.

	Previous Price.	Business Done For Cash.	Nominal Quotation o'clock. Bid.	Ask'd
Government Funds, etc.				
2½ ₰ Consol, 1923.....	55¾	55¾	—	—
2½ ₰ Local Loans Stock.....	55½	55½	—	—
5 p.c. Exchequer Bonds, 1919	99½	99½	—	—
4½ p.c. Treasury Bonds, 1927	97¾	97¾	—	—
3½ p.c. India Stock.....	66⅜	66	—	—
Dublin Corpn. 3½ p.c.....	64	64½	—	—
Banks.				
National Bank.....	15½	15¾	—	—
Ulster Bank.....	—	19½	—	—
Breweries and Distilleries.				
Dublin Distillers 6 ℅ Pref	70	69	—	—
Guinness Ord.....	24¾	24 23¾ 24	—	—
Guinness 6 ℅ Cum. Pref..	11⅜	11⅜	—	—
Jameson (John) and Son Ltd. Deb.....	64	64	—	—
Telegraphs and Telephones.				
Marconi's Wireless Tel. Ord.	58/	58/6	—	—
Railways and Tramways.				
Great Northern Ord.....	91	90	—	—
G.S. & West Ord. Orig....	77	77	—	—
Gt. Nor (I.) 4½ Pref.....	75	72	—	—
Miscellaneous.				
Parent Tyre Ord.	12½	12	—	—
Parent Tyre Deferred.....	22½	22	—	—
Parent Tyre Cum. Pref....	14	14	—	—
Thos. Bros 5 ℅ Pref.....	14½	14	—	—
Todd, Burns Cum Pref....	91	90	—	—
Calico Printers Ord.....	14⅛	14	—	—
Calico Printers 5 ℅.....	14⅜	14⅛	—	—
English Sewing Cotton Ord	46/9	47	47/3	—
Eng. Sewing Cotton 5% Pf.	18/	18/	—	—
Goodwins Ord.....	5	5¼	—	—

*Ex-dividend; †exceptional amount at special price. **Free of stamp duty. Business commenced at 12 o'clock noon. Exchange closed on Saturday.

OTHER BUSINESS DONE—11.45 o'clock.

British Oil and Cake Mills Ord. 28/6
Dunlop Rubber Co., Pref. 19/6
Exchequer 5 p.c. Bonds, 1919, Reg. 99⅛
Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co. of Canada..... 9/6

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Bank Rate (changed July 13th, 1915) ... 6 p.c.

There was no alteration in general conditions in the Loan Market. Overnight advances were quoted at 4½ to 5 per cent. at first, but afterwards the rate came down to 4¼ per cent. Weekly loans were arranged at the previous quotation of 4½ to 5 per cent. There was little business in the Discount Market, but rates were hardly so firm, and it is judged that the arrangement to place British Treasury bills in the Bank of England return will react in a favourable manner upon this market. Short-dated bills have been in request at lower quotations. December changed hands at 5 to 5⅛ per cent., and January at 5¼ to 5⅜ per cent. Two and three months' first-class credit bills will be placed to-morrow at 5⅞ per cent. There was no alteration in rates for trade paper. The New York exchange was quoted at 4.76¼.

Bank Rate (Discount) changed July 13, 1916, 6 p.c.

Days	Sight	Telegraphic	Two's	Three's
3 months ..	5⅛ 5⅜ p.c.		—	5¼
4 months ..	5⅛ 5⅜ p.c.		—	5¼
6 months ..	5⅛ 5⅜ p.c.		—	5¼

Loans to bill brokers day-to-day 4⅜ 5
do. do. for a week 4⅜ 5
Stock Exchanges fortnightly loans 5
Deposit allowance: Banks 4
do. do. **Discount Houses at call 4½**
do. do. at notice 4¾

Open Market Rates.

	Bills Discounted.	Loans.
Paris	5½	5½
Madrid	5	5
Amsterdam	4	4
Berlin	6	6
Vienna	6	6
Brussels	5	5
Italy	5½	5½
Switzerland	4½	4½
St. Petersburg	7	7
Portugal	5	5
Greece	6	6
Norway	5	5
Sweden	5	5
Denmark	5	5
Rumania	7	7

Gold Premiums.

	Buying.	Selling.
Spain	1	1
Portugal	1	1
Argentine	1	1
Brazil	1	1
Uruguay	1	1
Chili	1	1
Peru	1	1
Mexico	1	1

Foreign Exchanges.

	Last week.	Aggregate.
	£ Wks.	£ Wks.
Belfast & Co. Down	3,367 + 144	174,822 + 7,344
Bleo. & Pwllaphouxty	— 3	21 — 224
Cork, Bandon & S.C.	2,212 + 65	47 — 1,316
Cork and Macroom	421 + 2	22 — 67
Cork and Muskerry	193 — 41	—
Dub. & Blessn. & Tram	4,000 — 204	4,000 — 204
Dublin & Lucan Ele.	110 + 1	11 — 21	3,586 — 291
Dublin & S.B. Rail	4,472 + 245	47 — 273,973 + 11,023
Dub. United Trams	2,929 + 67	47 — 140,592 + 3,216
Grand Canal	1,027 — 28	21 — 22,189 — 2,237
Great Northern	25,366 + 1,252	47 — 154,779 + 47,629
Great Southern	35,510 + 3,456	47 — 1,679,106 — 67,297
Midland Gt. West	12,663 + 634	— 572 1 + 13,595
Sligo, Leit. & Ch. Con.	350 + 20	47 — 15,179 — 119

+ Increase. — Decrease.

The two prisoners of war, Carl Schwars and Paul Hubner, who escaped from an internment camp at Woburn, Bedfordshire, have been captured.

LONDON STOCK MARKETS QUIET.

AN IMPROVING TONE. TONIC OF "ZEPS."

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, TUESDAY.

There was only a moderate volume of business on the Stock Exchange, and markets moved with quiet irregularity, though the general tone showed improvement. There was a disposition to regard the Rumanian position more hopefully in the absence of disaster to any of the Rumanian armies, and the destruction of two Zeppelins acted as a tonic to sentiment. Gilt-edged issues were steady to dull. Underlying conditions in this section showed some improvement owing to the satisfaction at the arrangement whereby Treasury bills are to be offered in the United States through Messrs. Morgan. This may obviate to some extent the necessity of putting up a lot of fresh collateral in connection with British Loan flotations in New York. The Irish Land Loan changed hands at 52½. Colonial Loans were slow.

ALLIED BONDS WEAKEN.

In the Foreign market Allied Bonds did not show to advantage. French Fives weakened to 79¾, and Russian Fives, closing over the lowest, were ½ down at 82¼. Japanese quotations, though quiet, preserved their firmness, and the Fours at 79¾ were ½ better. Greek issues were nominal, without change. As regards enemy securities, Hungarian Rentes flattened ¼, and there was a set-back of ½ to 45¼ in German Threes in connection with the decline in the exchange value of the mark to the lowest yet quoted. Chinese Bonds were dull. Among South Americans, Argentine and Brazilian issues did little more than mark time.

HOME RAILS QUIET.

In the Home Railway department trading was of a restricted and spotty character. Even among the Heavies North-Eastern Consols were the only Stocks which approached briskness, and the quotation in this case showed no change at par.

AMERICANS LOWER.

In the American market the rank and file registered scattered losses of ¼ to ½, reflected from New York overnight, where the "bears" were disposed to renew their activities owing to the currency of unfavourable political rumours. Steels gave way 2 to 138.

CANADIANS DULL; ARGENTINES RECOVER.

Grand Trunk Stocks were quiet and colourless, but Canadian Pacifics flattened in the afternoon, and closed ½ down at 175.

Mexican Rails finished unchanged to ¼ down, but Argentine Rails met further moderate investment support, and scored fresh recoveries of ½. Buenos Ayres Great Westerns at 76 were a point up.

INDUSTRIALS IRREGULAR.

In the Miscellaneous and Industrial Market Shipping issues were not so brisk. Furness Withys met fair support around 55½, but Union S.S. of New Zealand was quieter, and dropped to 36. Cunards at the sign at 99¼. Marconis preserved a steady appearance. Among Brewery issues Guinness Ord. fell 15 to 260. In the Supply group conditions were the reverse of firm. Harrods drooped ½ to 22. Lyons, at 5½, were also ½ down. Tobaccos, however, continued their recovery to 15/-. Aerated Breads receded another 3/8. Maple Shares about held their ground.

In the Textile group, Coats, Ord. weakened ¼ to 1. Courtaulds were not dealt in. Canadian Industrials showed a downward tendency. Lake Superiors closed at 32½, after closing at 33. Oil Stocks relapsed ½, having been the side of that figure. Bank Shares were mostly steady. Welsh Colliery Shares were rather steadier on the improved labour outlook.

MINING MARKET DULL.

Business in Mines showed no expansion. There was no change in the general tone. Kaffirs lost many of their gains. Rhodesians were quiet and hesitating. Diamond Shares were barely steady. Westralians were slow, and Copper Shares met some moderate inquiry. Nationals fell ½, and Ulsters ⅛, the latter closing at 9½ for a few shares. There were very lively dealings in Guinness Ord. Shares. The market again opened flat, and the initial price, 24, showed a fresh drop of ½. Subsequently the price yielded to 23¾, and then to 23½, at which price supporters of the market took the lead, and the price later recovered to 23¾, and finally to 24, which was freely bid. The Pref. fell ½ in sympathy. Dublin Distillers Pref. likewise took an easier line, and fell 1s. to 69s. John Jameson and Son Debs. were unaltered at 64. Steam and Canal Securities were idle. In Marconi issues the Ord. rallied 6d. to 58s. 6d., and Canadians realised 9s. 6d. There was marked weakness in some Home Rails. Great Northern Ord. fell 1 to 90, and the Pref. Stock slumped 3 points to 72, a record low point. Great Southern and Western Ord. was unaltered from 77, yesterday's reduced level. Sellers were about in the Railway Market, but buyers were apparently few and far between. Tramways were all idle. Dunlop Parent Tyre issues were sellers. The Deferred, however, rallied 1½d. to 22s. 6d., while the Ord. gave way ½d. to 21s., and the Pref. ½d. to 14s. 4½d. The only change in Drapery Shares was a fall of 1s. 3d. to 90s., in Todd Burns Pref. Shares. As regards Manufacturing Shares, English Sewing Cotton Ord. were in demand for the other side, and closed 6d. dearer at 47s. 3d., and the Pref. repeated 18s. Fine Cotton Spinners, Coats, and Bradford Dyers were all firm, but idle. Calico Printers Ord. were 1½d. lower at 14s., and the Pref. repeated 14s. 10½d. Gas, Bakery Trading, and Miscellaneous Securities were all drawn blank.

Other business done included Exchequer 5 p.c. 1919 Bonds at 99½, Dunlop Rubber Pref. at 19s. 6d., and British Oil and Cake Ord. at 28s. 6d.

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3½ p.c. India Stock.....	66⅜	66	—	—
Dublin Corpn. 3½ p.c.....	64	64½	—	—
Banks.				
National Bank.....	15½	15¾	—	—
Ulster Bank.....	—	19½	—	—
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Guinness 6 ℅ Cum. Pref..	11⅜	11⅜	—	—
Jameson (John) and Son Ltd. Deb.....	64	64	—	—
Telegraphs and Telephones.				
Marconi's Wireless Tel. Ord.	58/	58/6	—	—
Railways and Tramways.				
Great Northern Ord.....	91	90	—	—
G.S. & West Ord. Orig....	77	77	—	—
Gt. Nor (I.) 4½ Pref.....	75	72	—	—
Miscellaneous.				
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Parent Tyre Deferred.....	22½	22	—	—
Parent Tyre Cum. Pref....	14⅜	14	—	—
Thos. Bros 5 ℅ Pref.....	14½	14	—	—
Todd, Burns Cum Pref....	91	90	—	—
Calico Printers Ord.....	14⅛	14	—	—
Calico Printers 5 ℅.....	14⅜	14⅛	—	—
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Eng. Sewing Cotton 5% Pf.	18/	18/	—	—
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do. do. for a week 4⅜ 5
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do. do. at notice 4¾

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Madrid	5	5
Amsterdam	4	4
Berlin	6	6
Vienna	6	6
Brussels	5	5
Italy	5½	5½
Switzerland	4½	4½
St. Petersburg	7	7
Portugal	5	5
Greece	6	6
Norway	5	5
Sweden	5	5
Denmark	5	5
Rumania	7	7

Gold Premiums.

	Buying.	Selling.
Spain	1	1
Portugal	1	1
Argentine	1	1
Brazil	1	1
Uruguay	1	1
Chili	1	1
Peru	1	1
Mexico	1	1

Foreign Bonds.

Argentine, 1886	82¼	Italian Rentes	64 6-1
do. 4 p.c. Ins.	84	Jap. 5½ p.c. Ist	84¼
do. 5 p.c. '07	93	do. 4½ Bonds	84¾
do. 4 p.c. '10	84	do. 4½ p.c. Sec.	79¾ + ¼
do. 4 p.c. 1911	80-52	do. New 5 p.c.	88¼
do. 5 p.c. 1914	74¼	Mex. 5 p.c. '99	42-48
do. 4 p.c. Ins.	84	Norwegian 4 p.c.	76¼
Chinese 5 p.c.	68-90	do. Pref.	89¼
do. 4 p.c. Ins.	73-5	Portuguese 3 p.c.	45
do. 5 p.c. '13	71-3	Russian 4 p.c.	83-7
Egyptian Un.	78¼	do. 5 p.c. '06	89¼ + ¼
German 3 p.c.	45	do. 5 p.c. '09	89¼
Greek 5 p.c.	83-5	Spanish 4 p.c.	88¼
Hungarian 4 p.c.	63½	Uruguay 3 p.c.	62¾

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

HOME RAILS.

Brighton	79-7	L. & N.W.	86¾,7¼ — ⅜
do. "A"	82-3	do. 4½ Pf.	99-4
Caledonian	87-8	L. & S.W.	89-1
do. Def. Ord.	89½,⅞ — ½	do. 5% Pref.	99-3
do. Pf. Or.	99¼-40	do New 5 pc.	98¼,7¼
Cent. Lon., Def.	23-24	Metropolitan	78¾-4
Chatham	8¼,⅜	do. 5% Pf.	97-100
do. Pref.	54¾,⅜	do. District	18¾,⅝
do. 5 p.c. Pref.	99-4	Midland Def.	58,⅛ — ⅛
Gt. Central Dr.	7,⅜	N. Brit. Def.	13,⅛ — ⅛
Gt. Eastern	54¾,⅝	do. Ext. Con.	99¾,100
Gt. N. Pref.	64-5	do. 4½ Pf.	97-8
do. Def.	58¾,7⅛	Sth. East. Def.	25¾,⅝
Gt. Western	88,¼ — ⅜	do. 5 Pref.	81-3
Hull & Barnsley	27-8	Taff Vale	160-165
Lanc. & Yorks	98¾,7⅛ — ¼		

AMERICAN RAILS.

Atchison	100¾,10⅛	N.Y. Ontario	33-3
do. Pref.	104¾,⅝	Norfolk & W.	116-8
Balt. & Ohio	80,¼ — ⅜	Pennsylvania	59-60
Canadians	175	Reading	113-4
Chicago, Mil.	56¾,7⅛ — ¼	Southern	29¼,29— ⅜
Denver	20-7 — ¼	South Pac.	103-4
do. Pref.	89-90 — ¼	Un. Pacific	151¾,3¼ — ¼
Erie	29-30	Wabash (New)	10-11
Illinois Cen.	109-10	do. Pref. A	48-51
Louisville	139,41+1	Int. M. M'Pan.	49⅛,¾ — ¼
Missouri	8-9	do. Pref.	127-8
Nat. Mexico	17-19	U.S. Steel	137-8 - 2
do. 2nd Pf.	40¾,7⅛	do. Pref.	122-3
N.Y. & H. R.	111¾,12¾ — ¼		

CANADIAN AND FOREIGN RAILS.

Can. Pacific	172¾,3½ — 2¼	Brazil 6 pc. Pf.	10-12
do. Xw. 2¾ Dn.	48-71	Brazil 4½ Bds.	66-7
do. 4 p.c. Deb.	54-59	B. Ayres Gt. S.	75¾,6¼ + ¼
Grand Trunk	39½,10¼	B. Ayres W.	40-3
do. 4 pc. Gar.	58,¾	B. Ayres 4 W.	70¾,7+1
do. 1st Pref.	55-6	Cen. Arl'ne	64¼,5¼ + ¼
do. 2nd Pref.	49-51	do. 6 pc. Notes	87¾,8¼
do. 3rd Pref.	23¾,4¼	Cent. Uruguy	51-3
do. 4 pc. Deb.	70-2	Costa Rica	—
do. Fac. 4 pc. B.	74-6	Entre Rios	25-7
Antofa'sta Pf.	86-8	do. 5 pc. Pref.	59-61
do. Def.	175-7	Mex. Rail'y	15-17 — ⅛
do. 5 pc. c. Nts	100¾,1¼	do. 5 pc Pref.	85¾,6¾ — ⅜
Argen. G. W.	63-5	do. 6 pc. Pref.	33-4
do. 5 pc. Cer.	73-5	Mex. S. Shares	17-8
Bahia Blanca	67-9	San Paulo	181¼,3¼
do. 6 pc. 2nd Db.	89-91	Tuhia	3¼
Brazil Rail	5-6	Un. Havana	81-3

BANKS.

Agricul. Exptn	5,¼	Lon. W'minr.	141-5
Anglo-Egypt	12,¼	Lon. Joint Stk.	21¾,3
Anglo-Italian	8¼,⅜	National	77,¼
Bank Aus'sia	113-15	National Egypt	5-6
Bank N.S.W.	35¾,6¼	Nat'l. Prov.	20¼,1¼
Barc. (A.M.C.)	22¾,5	Parrs	39-9
Capital & Co.	23¾,¼	Stand S. Africa	30,¼
Hong Kong	77,¼	U. Australia	20¼,1⅛
Lloyds	23¾,4½	U. S. Smiths	23¾,4
Lon. & Prov.	36-7		

TELEGRAPHS.

A.-Amer. Def.	23,¾	Marconi Am'n	16-0, 17-0
Anglo-Am. Def.	19-20	do. Spanish.	9-0, 10-0
do. Pref.	23,¼	West India	14,¼
do. Canada	9-6, 10-6		

BREWERIES.

Allsopp Pref. Ord.	4-6	Guinness	235-45 - 15
do. 5 p.c. Pref.	10-12	do. Pref.	112-17
Barnsley	19¾,11⅜	Gibson's	3,¼
Bullmoor	2,¼	do. Pref.	5-6
do. Pref.	6¾,7	Ind. Coope	112-13
Bass Pref.	82-3	South African	1¾,⅛

LAND SHARES.

Aboukir	⅜,⅞	Hudson's Bay	21¼,¾
Agra & Mas.	1-1¼	Land Mtge.	1-1¼
do. South.	1¼,⅜	Peiki Syndicate	⅜,⅝
Bel. & Hors.	1-1¼	do. Shares	⅛,⅜
Forestal	⅜,⅝		

ELECTRIC RAILS AND POWER.

Anglo-Arg 1st Pf.	3,¼	Mex. Trams	22-27
Brazil'n Trac.	30-35	do. Bonds	20-35
Brit. Col. Elec. Pf.	68-70	Portland Bds	60-2
do. 4¼ % Deb.	40-4	San Jose Pfd.	44-52
Mex. L't. & Pow.	10-11	Shaw. Water Db.	82-4
do. Deferred	29-32	Toronto Pr. Db.	78-81
Mont'l St. Db.	93-5	Und. Elec	1¾,2
Monterey Deb.	29-31	do. In. Bds.	80¾,1⅛ — ½

MISCELLANEOUS.

Armstrong	39-0, 40-0	KentCoal Con.	2,⅛
Ass. Pet. Ord.	4¾,⅝	Kynoch	19-20
do. Pref.	5¾,6¾	do. (Arklow)	10-1
do. 2nd Deb.	76¾,⅞	Lino. M. "A"	80-5
Berri Ord.	3,⅛	do. "B"	40-45
Bovril Def.	2,¼	Lipton	14-6, 15-6 + ⅜
B.A. Mex.	21¾,2⅛	do. Pref.	13-3, 14-3
Brit. Oil Cke.	19,¼	Lyons	5¼,⅜ — ⅛
do. 5% Pf.	9,⅛	Maypole Def.	18-9, 19-3
Brunner Mond	21¾,4	National Bs.	43¾,4¼
Cammell Laird	6¾,7⅛	Pahang	10-6, 11-0
Cargo Fleet	22-6, 23-0	Pears	19,¼
Coats	1,¼ — ¼	Prudential	1¾,2
Cunard Ord.	4¾,⅝	P. & O. Def.	34-3-6
Fairbairn	46-7,⅞	Rhodesia	2¾,⅜
Furness Withy	3¼,⅜	Royal Mail Ord.	119-21
Grazebrooke	1¾,⅛	Salt Union	27¾,⅜
Harrod	21¾,⅛	do. Pref.	94¾,⅝
Home & Col. Pf.	1¾,⅛	Spratt's	19¾,¼
Imp. Tob.	24¾,¼ — ⅜	S. Durham	32-0, 34-0
do. 12½ Def.	4¾,

WHY LORD RHONDDA BOUGHT SANATOGEN.

FAMOUS NERVE FOOD NOW ABSOLUTELY BRITISH.

"SUBSTITUTES" ALL INFERIOR.

GREAT DEMAND for the GENUINE PRODUCT.

"I have for years used Sanatogen as a nerve-food," said Lord Rhondda, in a recent interview. "Since the war began I have tried various substitutes, but I have found none of them as good as Sanatogen. That is what first interested me in the matter.

"When the business was offered for sale by tender, I consulted some of my friends, who agreed with me that it was a sound proposition, and that it would be rendering the State a service to take it over and conduct it as an absolutely British concern.

"Such an enterprise would also be an example to other British business men in a position to take over German concerns.

"We have bought up the Sanatogen business (including Formamint and Albulactin, etc.), lock, stock, and barrel, as a going concern.

"The German element has been entirely eradicated, and the products are now absolutely British."

SANATOGEN A NATIONAL NECESSITY

—"TO PRESERVE GOOD NERVES."

While the Sanatogen business was still under the control of the Board, of Trade a member asked in the House of Commons, "Is Sanatogen a necessity to the country?"

"I believe it depends on whether we can manage to preserve good nerves," replied the Home Secretary, thereby indicating his knowledge of the fact that Sanatogen is universally recognised as the most efficient means of maintaining the nervous system in a healthy and vigorous condition.

It is true that imitations of Sanatogen, always numerous, have multiplied exceedingly during the war, but experience has proved that they are greatly inferior to the genuine original product.

The reason for this may be found in the following extracts from evidence given by a distinguished physician before a Select Committee of the House of Commons.

CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF SANATOGEN'S VALUE.

Sir Henry Dalziel: "Have you any idea of the value of Sanatogen which you could give to the Committee?"

Medical Witness: "It is thought very highly of by medical men."

Mr. Lawson: "Sanatogen, of course, would be used by many when suffering from nervous disorders or depression?"

Medical Witness: "Yes. Its claims are more in the nature of a tonic-food than a medicine."

Mr. Charles Bathurst: "Most members of Parliament take it, I think?"

Medical Witness: "That shows it must be a valuable thing."

Sir Henry Dalziel: "Here is a paragraph I want to read to you. . . . 'The medical testimony is overwhelming. No preparation in the world has ever received so many endorsements from doctors as Sanatogen, nearly 20,000 of them having voluntarily written to the proprietors on the subject of its merits.'"

Medical Witness: "I am quite certain many doctors have written."

Sir Henry Dalziel: "That is an article which is recommended, at all events, by the medical profession."

Medical Witness: "Quite so . . . . I may say, speaking perfectly frankly for myself, we are some proprietary remedies, not great remedies, which I prefer to any preparations said to be the same thing. There is nothing about them, something in the method of preparation, not the chemic constituents which makes them a superior article from the point of view of curing or relieving our patient."

Sanatogen is an outstanding example of the success of this principle. It is not a "secret remedy"; its constituents have always been clearly stated. But there is something about Sanatogen, something in the method of preparing it—that is to say, in the very difficult synthetic process by which its ingredients are organically and chemically blended to form a true chemical compound—which makes it utterly different from, and incomparably superior to, the multitude of imitation products "said to be the same thing."

WHAT SANATOGEN DOES.

Sanatogen, for instance, causes definite and considerable changes in the human organism—a marked improvement in general nutrition; in the replacement of wasted tissue; in the quantity and quality of the blood; in glandular and other visceral activities; in the phosphoric content of the nerve cells, from which nervous energy is manufactured—in fact, it produces a true and harmless stimulation of all the vital processes which, under the physician's guidance, cannot but assist Nature to build up health and energy.

FORMAMINT ALSO BRITISH.

After Sanatogen, perhaps the best known of the same firm is Formamint, "the germ-killing throat tablet."

Formamint alone has been proved to destroy harmful germs in the mouth and throat without injuring the body. It is thus a quick and convenient remedy for sore throat and throat disorders; but affords a large measure of protection against bacterial processes which arise in the oral cavity and range from minor infections of the throat, teeth, and gums to dangerous diseases like diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Maladies, etc., in certain forms of Influenza and Congestion.

A WARNING TO THE PUBLIC.

But a word of caution is here necessary. Imitations of Sanatogen and Formamint are not merely inferior; in many cases they are actually injurious; whereas the genuine products, in addition to their positive beneficial influence—are absolutely free from ill effects.

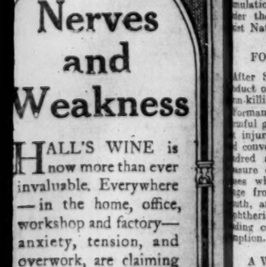
Imitations of Formamint, for example, often contain a drug too weak to kill germs, but strong enough to irritate the throat.

Again, numerous imitations of Sanatogen contain a large proportion of fat, which quickly goes rancid; a still larger proportion of milk-sugar, which is particularly harmful in diabetes and other conditions; and a form of phosphorus which frequently causes nervousness and sleeplessness, and which sometimes acts injuriously on the kidneys and other organs.

What makes the matter still more serious is the fact that, in the present state of the market, some of these types can now be supplied Sanatogen or Formamint, though Lord Rhondda's firm is enabled to supply genuine original products. It therefore behoves the public to insist on having these, and to be on their guard against substitutes bearing the same or similar names.

As soon as possible the preparations will have new trade marked names, which will be widely announced in the Press; there will be no risk of confusion between "the thing" and the host of imitation products. Meanwhile, the purchaser should see that the articles sold to him bear the old "Genasco" labels, and should write to the British Proprietors (12, Chenies street, London, W.C.) if he has the slightest difficulty in obtaining them. The prices, by the way, will remain unchanged, despite a heavy increase in the cost of the ingredients; Sanatogen being sold in tins, from 1s. 9d. to 6s. 6d., and Formamint in bottles of 50 tests at 2s. 2d.

ORDER SANATOGEN FROM THE CHEMIST'S TO-DAY.



FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

MARKETS GENERALLY DEPRESSED. GUINNESS EXCITED AND LOWER.

DUBLIN, TUESDAY EVENING.

More or less general stagnation, accompanied by depression and shrinking prices, were the main characteristics of the Dublin Stock Exchange to-day. The outstanding feature was the heavy dealing at reduced and fluctuating prices in Guinness Ord. Shares, believed to be mainly for loan accounts in the hands of bankers. There was finally a rally from the lowest point reached, and the market closed animated and excited at the recovery. Dunlop issue further gave way. Depressed prices obtained for Government Funds. Consols fell ¼, Irish Land 3 p.c. ¼, and India 3½ p.c. ¼, the latter closing at 68. War Loan 4½ p.c. show no change. Dublin Corporation Stock was ¼ higher. Banks closed dull in sympathy with surroundings. Nationals fell ¼ and Ulsters ⅛, the latter closing at 91½ for a few shares. There were very lively dealings in Guinness Ord. Shares. The market again opened flat, and the initial price, 24, showed a fresh drop of ¾. Subsequently the price yielded to 23½, and then to 23¼, at which price supporters of the market took the lead, and the price later recovered to 23¾, and finally to 24, which was freely bid. The Pref. fell ¼ in sympathy. Dublin Distillers Pref. likewise took an easier turn, and fell 1s. to 68s. John Jameson and Son Debs. were unaltered at 6¼. Steam and Canal Securities were idle. In Marconi issues the Ord. rallied 6d. to 58s. 6d., and Canadians realised 9s. 6d. There was marked weakness in some Home Rails. Great Northern Ord. fell 1 to 90, and the Pref. Stock slumped 3 points to 72, a record low point. Great Southern and Western Ord. was unaltered from 77, yesterday's reduced level. Sellers were about in the Railway Market, but buyers were apparently few and far between. Tramways were all idle. Dunlop Parent Tyre issues were sellers. The Deferred, however, rallied 1½d. to 22s. 6d., while the Ord. gave way 4½d. to 21s., and the Pref. 4½d. to 18s. 4½d. The only change in Drapery Shares was a fall of 1s. 3d. to 80s. in Todd Burns Pref. Shares. As regards Manufacturing Shares, English Sewing Cotton Ord. were in demand for the other side, and closed 6d. dearer at 47s. 3d., and the Pref. repeated 18s. Fine Cotton Spinners, Coats, and Bradford Dyers were all firm, but idle. Calico Printers Ord. were 1½d. lower at 14s., and the Pref. repeated 14s. 10½d. Gas, Bakery, Trading, and Miscellaneous Securities were all drawn blank.

Other business done included Exchequer 5 p.c. 1919 Bonds at 98¾. Dunlop Rubber Pref. at 19s. 6d., and British Oil and Cake Ord. at 28s. 6d.

BANK OF IRELAND RATE, 6 PER CENT. ALLOWANCE ON DEPOSITS, 3 PER CENT.

	Previous Price.	Business Done Or Quotation For Cash. 1 o'clock.	Nominal Bid. Ask'd
Government Funds, etc.			
2½ % Consol, 1923.....	53½	55¾	—
3½ % Loan, 4½ Y Stock	88	88	—
5% Quar. (I. Land), 1939	57¾	57¾	—
3½ % India Stock.....	68	68	—
"Dublin Corpn. Stock	64	64½	—
Banks.			
National Bank.....	15½	15¾	—
Ulster Bank.....		19½	—
Breweries and Distilleries.			
Dublin Distillers 6 X Pref	70	68	—
Guinness Ord.....	24¼	24 23¾	—
Guinness 6 X Cum. Pref..	118	118	—
Jameson (John) and Son 4 p.c. Deb.....	6¼	6¼	—
Telegraphs and Telephones.			
Marconi's Wireless Tel. Ord.	59	58 6	—
Railways and Tramways.			
Great Northern Ord.....	91	90	—
5% Gt. West. Ord. Orig...	77	77	—
G4 Nor (I.) 4½ Pref. Cp.	75	72	—
Miscellaneous.			
Parent Tyre Ord.	12¼	21	—
Parent Tyre Deferred....	22	22½	—
Parent Tyre Cons. Pref.	14 9	14 9	14¼ —
Todd, Burns 5% 2 Pref....			—
Todd, Burns Cum. Pref...	91	90	—
Calico Printers Ord.....	14	14	—
Calico Printers 5% Pref.	14 10½	14 10½	—
English Sewing Cotton Ord	46	47	47 3 —
Eng. Sewing Cotton 5% Pf.	18	18	—
Goodbody Ord.	10	10	—

* Ex-dividend. † Ex-interim. ‡ Ex-capital amount at special price. ¶ Free of stamp duty. Business commences at 12 o'clock noon. Exchange closed on Saturday.

OTHER BUSINESS DONE —11.45 o'clock.

British Oil and Cake Mills Ord. 28/6
Dunlop Rubber Pref. 19/6
Exchequer 5 p.c. Bonds, 1919, Rec. 98¾
Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co. of Canada..... 9/6

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Bank Rate (changed July 13th, 1916) ... 6 p.c.

There was no alteration in general conditions in the Loan Market. Overnight advances were arranged at the previous quotation of 4½ to 5 per cent., at first, but afterwards the rate came down to 4½ per cent. Weekly loans were arranged at the previous quotation of 4½ to 5 per cent. There was little business in the Discount Market, but rates were hardly so firm, and it is judged that the arrangement to place British Treasury bills in New York at 4½ per cent. should react in a favorable manner upon this market. Good-class Treasury bills are quoted at 5 per cent. Discounts. December changed hands at 5 to 5⅛ per cent., and January at 5¼ to 5⅜ per cent. Bank bills of three months' Russian credit bills will be placed at 5½ per cent. There was no alteration in rates for trade paper. The New York exchange was quoted at 4.76¾.

Bank Rate (Discount) changed July 13, 1916, 6 p.c.

60 days fine ... 5½ p.c.			
3 months ... 5½ 5¼ p.c.		Tre's —	5%
4 months ... 5½ 5¼ p.c.		do.	5%
6 months ... 5¼ p.c.		do.	5¼
Loans to bill brokers day-to-day			4¾ p.c.
do. do.	Discount House at call		4½ p.c.
Stock Exchanges for nightly loans			4½ p.c.
Deposit allowance: Banks			3 p.c.
do. do.	Discount House at call		4½ p.c.
do. do.	at notice		4½ p.c.

The Silver Market was quiet and unchanged, the quotation for spot bars being quoted at 34⅞d. per oz.

Changes in the Rates of Exchange.—Changes occurred in the rates of exchange on France, Russia, Portugal, and Holland moved in favour of this country. Italian, Spanish, Swiss, and Swedish currencies improved in value.

BIRMINGHAM CYCLE SHARE MARKET GOOD.

Fairly good business. Movements uncertain. Parent Deferred recovered to 22/74. Rovers and Stars harder. Enfields, Sunbeams, and Swifts 6d. down.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Belsize	26	9		Rovers	3	9	
Do. Def.	19	9		Rudges	28	6	
Do. Pref.	21	0		Singers	59	6	
Do. Pref.	26	0		Stars	21	6	
Dunkley	29	0		Sunbeams	81	6	
Dennis	35	0		Swifts	23	0	
Enfields	30	0		Triumphs	74	3	
Humbers	13	10½		Parent Ord.	21	5	
Do. Pref.	1	5		Dunlops	21	7	
Premiers	1	5½		Do. Pref.	19	7½	
Rolls Royce	48	0		Small Arms	47	6	

MANCHESTER STOCK EXCHANGE.

Textile Shares were quiet, with very few deals. Closing prices —

Bleachers	19/-	19/3	Coats 6¼ 6¾
Do. Pref.	18/9	19/6	Sewing Cot. ..47/6 48/-
Bradford Dy.	27/9	28/-	Do. Pref. ..17/6 18/-
Do. Pref.	17/9	18/-	Fine Spinners..30/6 31/-
"Sinbbers"	7/-	7/3	Do. Pref. 15/- 16/6
Calico Print.	13/9	14/-	Silvers 22/6 23/-
Do. Pref.	14/6	15/-	Do. Pref. 16/6 17/-

BELFAST STOCK EXCHANGE

BUSINESS DONE —

Belfast Banking Co. New	4
Do.	10
Northern Banking Co.	10½
Standard of South Africa	10½
Belfast and Co. Down Railway 4 p.c. Pref.....	74
Midland Railway Consol. 4 p.c. Perp. Pref.....	47½
Belfast Corporation 3½ 1940	70½
Cosis (J. and F.) Ord.	6¾
Ingils and Co. 5 p.c. Cum. Pref.	23
Old Dublin Distillery 5 p.c. Pref.	10½
British-American Tobacco Co. Ord.	104½
White, Tomkins, and Gourlay Ord.	25½
Do. 5 p.c. Cum. Pref.	16 10½
Roumanian Consolidated Oilfields Ord.	14/-
Calico Printers	14/-
London and North-Western Railway Pref.	76½

INSURANCE SHARES.

SALES IN LONDON —

City Equitable Fire	14/6, 14/7½
Guardian	9½
London and Lancashire Fire	39/-
North British and Mercantile ..35½, 35⅞, 35⅝, 35¾	
Royal	37/-
Sun Insurance Office	19½, 19⅝

SALES IN LIVERPOOL —

London and Lancashire Fire	39½
Commercial Union	26½
Atlas Assurance	7½

TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.

Increases for last month.

Western of Havana	£876
Manilla Northern Line	379
Manilla Southern	1,365
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India.. Rs.83,000	
Decrease for week ending October 28..	
Bengal Nagpur	Rs.17,000

	Last week.	Aggregate.
Belfast & Co. Down	£ 3,327 + 144	£ 174,227 + 7,516
Rio, & Petrópolis	1,000 —	45,000 —
Cork, Bandon, & S.C.	2,717 + 63	147,486 + 1,916
Cork and Macroom	421 + 32	20,586 — 118
Cork and Muskerry	209 —	9,000 —
Dub. & Bless. R. Tram	80 —	22,21.. 3,666 — 294
Dublin & Lucan Ele.	1,027 —	2,364 — 1,276
Dublin & L.S. Rail..	4,479 + 344	271,972 + 11,673
Dub. United Trams.	5,329 + 478	266,364 + 718
Grand Canal	1,627 —	82,180 — 2,220
Great Northern	23,365 + 1,831	1,134,772 + 42,623
Great Southern	33,510 + 3,434	1,679,168 + 1,660
Midland Gt. West.	13,660 + 654	672,2 1 + 15,3..
Sligo, Leit. & N. Con.	36 —	38,179 — 119

+ Increase. — Decrease.

The two prisoners of war, Carl Schwarz and Paul Hubner, who escaped from an internment camp at Woburn, Bedfordshire, have been captured.

LONDON STOCK MARKETS QUIET.

AN IMPROVING TONE.

TONIC OF "ZEPS."

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, TUESDAY.

There was only a moderate volume of business on the Stock Exchange, and markets moved with quiet irregularity, though the general tone showed improvement. There was a disposition to regard the Rumanian position more hopefully in the absence of disaster to any of the Rumanian armies, and the destruction of two Zeppelins acted as a tonic to sentiment. Gilt-edged issues were steady to dull. Underlying conditions in this section showed some improvement owing to the satisfaction at the arrangement whereby Treasury bills are to be offered in the United States through Messrs. Morgan. This may obviate to some extent the necessity of putting up a lot of fresh collateral in connection with British Loan flotations in New York. The Irish Land Loan changed hands at 52½. Colonial Loans were slow.

ALLIED BONDS WEAKEN.

In the Foreign market Allied Bonds did not show to advantage. French Fives weakened to 78¾, and Russian Fives, closing over the lowest, were ¼ down at 82¼. Japanese quotations, though quiet, preserved their firmness, and the Fours at 79¼ were ¼ better. Greek issues were nominal, without change. As regards enemy securities, Hungarian Rentes flattened ¼, and there was a set-back of ¼ to 45¾ in German Three's in connection with the decline in the exchange value of the mark to the lowest yet quoted. Chinese Bonds were dull. Among South Americans, Argentine and Brazilian issues did little more than mark time.

HOME RAILS QUIET.

In the Home Railway department trading was of a restricted and spotty character. Even among the Heavies North-Eastern Consols were the only Stocks which approached briskness, and the quotation in this case showed no change at par.

AMERICANS LOWER.

In the American market the rank and file registered scattered losses of ¼ to ½, reflected from New York overnight, where the "bears" were disposed to renew their activities owing to the currency of unfavourable political rumours. Steels gave way 2 to 138.

CANADIANS DULL; ARGENTINES RECOVER.

Grand Trunk Stocks were quiet and colourless, but Canadian Pacific flattened in the afternoon, and gave way 2¼ to 172.

Mexican Rails finished unchanged to ¼ down, but Argentine Rails met further moderate investment support, and scored fresh recoveries of ½. Buenos Ayres Great Westerns at 79 were a point up.

INDUSTRIALS IRREGULAR.

In the Miscellaneous and Industrial Market Shipping issues were not so brisk. Furness Withys did not support awards 55/-, but Union S.S. of New Zealand was quieter, and drooped to 54/6. P. and O. Def. and Royal Mails held their ground. Cunards lost the late rise of 20/6, Harrods closed 1/- to 1/3 down, and Lyons, at 2½, were also lower. Liptons, however, continued their recovery to 15/-. Aerated Breads moved around 39/-. Meat Shares about held their ground, but Union Cold Stores Ords. weakened ¼ to 6¼. Courtaulds were dull, and in Canadian Industrials showed a downward tendency. Lake Superiors were steady to firm after touching 33. Otis Steels finished at 87, having been done at 87½. Rubber Shares were mostly steady. Welsh Colliery Shares were rather steadier on the improved labour outlook.

MINING MARKET DULL.

Business in Mines showed little expansion. There was no change in the general tone. Kaffirs lost ground slightly, and Rhodesians were quiet and featureless. Diamond Shares were fairly active. Westralians were slow, and Copper Shares met some moderate realising on New York advices and a reaction of £2 set on foot in the price of Rio Tinto fell 5/- per ton.

Among Finance Shares remained dull. East Rands fell 3d. to 15/-, while Goldfields Def. at 2½d., was ¼ down. Rand Mines were lower at 67/6. Among Gold Shares, Modderfontein receded to 18s., but Meyer and Charlions recovered ¼ to 6⅝. City and Suburban rallied 1/-, to 59/3. Brakpans, at 4½, were rather harder. Diamond Shares were without net change. Among Rhodesians, Charterods held at 11/3. Tanganyikas, at 1/-, to 50/6. Westralians were slow, but Horseshoes added 6d. to 37/6. Among Copper Shares, Anaconda were dull at 21¼.

RUBBER SHARES FAIRLY GOOD.

The price of rubber hardened to 2/10½ per lb. Little variation in prices was shown in the Share Market, where a fair volume of business was maintained. Among Plantations, Linggis were in demand at 4½ buyers at 69/6, but Bukit Panjangs offered at 10/1½. Carey were higher at 42/6, and Consolidated, at 19/9, were 1/3 to the good. Kuala Lumpur, 19/9. Eastern Sumatra bid for at 2/2, and Shares offered at 2/3 but could be purchased at 2/1. Selangor, 4/6. Shanghai Kapehs 50/6. Chersonese Rubber Lands firm at 30/9, and Jugra Estate improved 1/3 to 24/-. Kwantan Rubber Estates, 5/-. Lamut offered at 46/-. Medanis advanced to 23/-, and Merlaus changing around 3/-. North Rummoh were steady at 5/-. Pataling, 3/-. Selandi, 2/6. Sungei Tuja offered at 2/-. Tanjong Kling, 2/-. Tapah, 2/-. Trolak continued in demand around 48/6. Ulu Bernam, 60/- was bid for Straitsmore and 55/9 for Sumatra Consols. Ulu Bernam, 60/-. Ulu Selangor, 2/-. Yangtzores at 32/3. The Borneo section was quiet. Kimanis were wanted at 19/-, and Langkon were offered around 16/6. Manchester and Oriental, 2/-.

OILS SHARES INACTIVE.

Oil Shares were quiet. Rumanian Consolidated Petroleum, 1/- under previous close, were sensibly despite the absence of improvement in political advices from that country.

DIVIDENDS, REPORTS, AND MEETINGS.

GREAT NORTHERN BREWERY, LTD.—The annual meeting of the Great Northern Brewery Co., Ltd., was held in Dundalk yesterday. Lord Rathdonnell presided. The Chairman, in the course of his statement, explained that since the 1st April their outputs had been reduced 30 per cent. This, coupled with increased cost of materials, made the period one of anxiety. The profit for the year, after deducting £3,377 4/-, to which had to be added the balance from last year, £1,243 2/8, making a total of £4,620 6/8. They proposed to pay a dividend of 5 per cent., free of income tax, and a bonus of 6d. per share, free of tax, which would absorb £2,400, and carry forward to next year's account £2,467 14/3. In arriving at this decision, and omitting the usual allocation to reserve, the directors took into consideration the substantial amount already to credit of reserve and depreciation accounts—£21,200—which they considered ample. They had to the credit of their cash account £11,197 4/-, so that the company was in a strong financial position. Their Government Treasury bills were at present quotations. December changed hands at 5 to 5⅛ per cent., and January at 5¼ to 5⅜ per cent. Bank bills of three months' Russian credit bills will be placed at 5½ per cent. There was no alteration in rates for trade paper. The New York exchange was quoted at 4.76¾.

Bank Rate (Discount) changed July 13, 1916, 6 p.c.

60 days fine ... 5½ p.c.			
3 months ... 5½ 5¼ p.c.		Tre's —	5%
4 months ... 5½ 5¼ p.c.		do.	5%
6 months ... 5¼ p.c.		do.	5¼
Loans to bill brokers day-to-day			4¾ p.c.
do. do.	Discount House at call		4½ p.c.
Stock Exchanges for nightly loans			4½ p.c.
Deposit allowance: Banks			3 p.c.
do. do.	Discount House at call		4½ p.c.
do. do.	at notice		4½ p.c.

The Silver Market was quiet and unchanged, the quotation for spot bars being quoted at 34⅞d. per oz.

Changes in the Rates of Exchange.—Changes occurred in the rates of exchange on France, Russia, Portugal, and Holland moved in favour of this country. Italian, Spanish, Swiss, and Swedish currencies improved in value.

BIRMINGHAM CYCLE SHARE MARKET GOOD.

Fairly good business. Movements uncertain. Parent Deferred recovered to 22/74. Rovers and Stars harder. Enfields, Sunbeams, and Swifts 6d. down.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Belsize	26	9		Rovers	3	9	
Do. Def.	19	9		Rudges	28	6	
Do. Pref.	21	0		Singers	59	6	
Do. Pref.	26	0		Stars	21	6	
Dunkley	29	0		Sunbeams	81	6	
Dennis	35	0		Swifts	23	0	
Enfields	30	0		Triumphs	74	3	
Humbers	13	10½		Parent Ord.	21	5	
Do. Pref.	1	5		Dunlops	21	7	
Premiers	1	5½		Do. Pref.	19	7½	
Rolls Royce	48	0		Small Arms	47	6	

MANCHESTER STOCK EXCHANGE.

Textile Shares were quiet, with very few deals. Closing prices —

Bleachers	19/-	19/3	Coats 6¼ 6¾
Do. Pref.	18/9	19/6	Sewing Cot. ..47/6 48/-
Bradford Dy.	27/9	28/-	Do. Pref. ..17/6 18/-
Do. Pref.	17/9	18/-	Fine Spinners..30/6 31/-
"Sinbbers"	7/-	7/3	Do. Pref. 15/- 16/6
Calico Print.	13/9	14/-	Silvers 22/6 23/-
Do. Pref.	14/6	15/-	Do. Pref. 16/6 17/-

BELFAST STOCK EXCHANGE

BUSINESS DONE —

Belfast Banking Co. New	4
Do.	10
Northern Banking Co.	10½
Standard of South Africa	10½
Belfast and Co. Down Railway 4 p.c. Pref.....	74
Midland Railway Consol. 4 p.c. Perp. Pref.....	47½
Belfast Corporation 3½ 1940	70½
Cosis (J. and F.) Ord.	6¾
Ingils and Co. 5 p.c. Cum. Pref.	23
Old Dublin Distillery 5 p.c. Pref.	10½
British-American Tobacco Co. Ord.	104½
White, Tomkins, and Gourlay Ord.	25½
Do. 5 p.c. Cum. Pref.	16 10½
Roumanian Consolidated Oilfields Ord.	14/-
Calico Printers	14/-
London and North-Western Railway Pref.	76½

INSURANCE SHARES.

SALES IN LONDON —

City Equitable Fire	14/6, 14/7½
Guardian	9½
London and Lancashire Fire	39/-
North British and Mercantile ..35½, 35⅞, 35⅝, 35¾	
Royal	37/-
Sun Insurance Office	19½, 19⅝

SALES IN LIVERPOOL —

London and Lancashire Fire	39½
Commercial Union	26½
Atlas Assurance	7½

TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.

Increases for last month.

Western of Havana	£876
Manilla Northern Line	379
Manilla Southern	1,365
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India.. Rs.83,000	
Decrease for week ending October 28..	
Bengal Nagpur	Rs.17,000

	Last week.	Aggregate.
	£	£
Belfast & Co. Down	3,327 + 144	174,227 + 7,516
Rio, & Petrópolis	1,000 —	45,000 —
Cork, Bandon, & S.C.	2,717 + 63	147,486 + 1,916
Cork and Macroom	421 + 32	20,586 — 118
Cork and Muskerry	209 —	9,000 —
Dub. & Bless. R. Tram	80 —	22,21.. 3,666 — 294
Dublin & Lucan Ele.	1,027 —	2,364 — 1,276
Dublin & L.S. Rail..	4,479 + 344	271,972 + 11,673
Dub. United Trams.	5,329 + 478	266,364 + 718
Grand Canal	1,627 —	82,180 — 2,220
Great Northern	23,365 + 1,831	1,134,772 + 42,623
Great Southern	33,510 + 3,434	1,679,168 + 1,660
Midland Gt. West.	13,660 + 654	672,2 1 + 15,3..
Sligo, Leit. & N. Con.	36 —	38,179 — 119

+ Increase. — Decrease.

The two prisoners of war, Carl Schwarz and Paul Hubner, who escaped from an internment camp at Woburn, Bedfordshire, have been captured.

LONDON STOCK MARKETS QUIET.

AN IMPROVING TONE.

TONIC OF "ZEPS."

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, TUESDAY.

There was only a moderate volume of business on the Stock Exchange, and markets moved with quiet irregularity, though the general tone showed improvement. There was a disposition to regard the Rumanian position more hopefully in the absence of disaster to any of the Rumanian armies, and the destruction of two Zeppelins acted as a tonic to sentiment. Gilt-edged issues were steady to dull. Underlying conditions in this section showed some improvement owing to the satisfaction at the arrangement whereby Treasury bills are to be offered in the United States through Messrs. Morgan. This may obviate to some extent the necessity of putting up a lot of fresh collateral in connection with British Loan flotations in New York. The Irish Land Loan changed hands at 52½. Colonial Loans were slow.

ALLIED BONDS WEAKEN.

In the Foreign market Allied Bonds did not show to advantage. French Fives weakened to 78¾, and Russian Fives, closing over the lowest, were ¼ down at 82¼. Japanese quotations, though quiet, preserved their firmness, and the Fours at 79¼ were ¼ better. Greek issues were nominal, without change. As regards enemy securities, Hungarian Rentes flattened ¼, and there was a set-back of ¼ to 45¾ in German Threes in connection with the decline in the exchange value of the mark to the lowest yet quoted. Chinese Bonds were dull. Among South Americans, Argentine and Brazilian issues did little more than mark time.

HOME RAILS QUIET.

In the Home Railway department trading was of a restricted and spotty character. Even among the Heavies North-Eastern Consols were the only Stocks which approached briskness, and the quotation in this case showed no change at par.

AMERICANS LOWER.

In the American market the rank and file registered scattered losses of ¼ to ½, reflected from New York overnight, where the "bears" were disposed to renew their activities owing to the currency of unfavourable political rumours. Steels gave way 2 to 138.

CANADIANS DULL; ARGENTINES RECOVER.

Grand Trunk Stocks were quiet and colourless, but Canadian Pacific flattened in the afternoon, and gave way 2¼ to 172.

Mexican Rails finished unchanged to ¼ down, but Argentine Rails met further moderate investment support, and scored fresh recoveries of ½. Buenos Ayres Great Westerns at 79 were a point up.

INDUSTRIALS IRREGULAR.

In the Miscellaneous and Industrial Market Shipping issues were not so brisk. Furness Withys did not support awards 55/-, but Union S.S. of New Zealand was quieter, and drooped to 54/6. P. and O. Def. and Royal Mails held their ground. Cunards lost the late rise of 20/6, Harrods closed 1/- to 1/3 down, and Lyons, at 2½, were also lower. Liptons, however, continued their recovery to 15/-. Aerated Breads moved around 39/-. Meat Shares about held their ground, but Union Cold Stores Ords. weakened ¼ to 6¼. Courtaulds were dull, and in Canadian Industrials showed a downward tendency. Lake Superiors were steady to firm after touching 33. Otis Steels finished at 87, having been done at 87½. Rubber Shares were mostly steady. Welsh Colliery Shares were rather steadier on the improved labour outlook.

MINING MARKET DULL.

Business in Mines showed little expansion. There was no change in the general tone. Kaffirs lost ground slightly, and Rhodesians were quiet and featureless. Diamond Shares were fairly active. Westralians were slow, and Copper Shares met some moderate realising on New York advices and a reaction of £2 set on foot in the price of Rio Tinto fell 5/- per ton.

Among Finance Shares remained dull. East Rands fell 3d. to 15/-, while Goldfields Def. at 2½d., was ¼ down. Rand Mines were lower at 67/6. Among Gold Shares, Modderfontein receded to 18s., but Meyer and Charlions recovered ¼ to 6⅝. City and Suburban rallied 1/-, to 59/3. Brakpans, at 4½, were rather harder. Diamond Shares were without net change. Among Rhodesians, Charterods held at 11/3. Tanganyikas, at 1/-, to 50/6. Westralians were slow, but Horseshoes added 6d. to 37/6. Among Copper Shares, Anacondas were dull at 21¼.

RUBBER SHARES FAIRLY GOOD.

The price of rubber hardened to 2/10½ per lb. Little variation in prices was shown in the Share Market, where a fair volume of business was maintained. Among Plantations, Linggis were in demand at 4½ buyers at 69/6, but Bukit Panjangs offered at 10/1½. Carey were higher at 42/6, and Consolidated, at 19/9, were 1/3 to the good. Kuala Lumpur, 19/9. Eastern Sumatra bid for at 2/2, and Shares offered at 2/3 but could be purchased at 2/1. Selangor, 4/6. Shanghai Kapehs 50/6. Chersonese Rubber Lands firm at 30/9, and Jugra Estate improved 1/3 to 24/-. Kwantan Rubber Estates, 5/-. Lamut offered at 46/-. Medanis advanced to 23/-, and Merlaus changing around 3/-. North Rummoh were steady at 5/-. Pataling, 3/-. Selandi, 2/6. Sungei Tuja offered at 2/-. Tanjong Kling, 2/-. T

AUCTIONS.

UNRESERVED CARPET AUCTION, TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), IN CONTINUATION, AT 25 BACHELOR'S WALK, AT 1 O'CLOCK, OF AN EXTENSIVE, VALUABLE COLLECTION OF EASTERN CARPETS AND RUGS,

Comprising, inter alia, Stock released from arrestment under Warrant of the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, and to be Sold, by instructions of whom it may concern, by

J. F. KEOGH & CO., AT 25 BACHELOR'S WALK.

THIS VALUABLE STOCK OF EASTERN CARPETS AND RUGS COMPRISES:

KIRMAN	KURDISTAN	KAZAK
AMRITZA	FERAGHAN	CHIRAZ
ANATOLIAN	SHIRVAHAN	GHIOROVAN
MUSCABAD	TABRIZIEH	HAMEDAN

And other Rare and Artistic Persian Carpets and Rugs; Fine Indian Carpets of Superb Designs and Colourings, &c. Fine Indian and Turkey Carpets, Antique Persian Carpets and Prayer Rugs, and a Valuable Collection of Antique Persian Rugs; also British-made Carpets, Rugs, Stair Carpets, Corridor Strips; Wilton, Axminster, Brussels, &c.

Catalogues on application. Commissions executed. Telephone 1066.

THE FINE ARTS.

45 GRAFTON St., DUBLIN.—MESSRS. J. F. KEOGH & CO., in conjunction

with R. M. GRAY & SONS, Ltd., BELFAST, have been favoured with Instructions to Catalogue and SELL BY AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, 6th and 7th DECEMBER, at 12 Noon, A RARE and VALUABLE COLLECTION of OIL PAINTINGS and FINE DRAWINGS, comprising Works of the most celebrated Royal Academicians, and other Great Artists, all of which are strictly guaranteed. Mention made of a few of the most important, viz.:—

JOSEPH FARQUHARSON, R.A.	ISAAC SNOWMAN.
H. W. LEAKE, R.A.	TENNO KING, V.P.R.I.
STANHOPE A. FORBES, R.A.	T. B. HARDY, R.W.S.
T. SIDNEY COOPER, R.A.	LIZBETH MUSCHAMP, R.B.A.
J. W. WATERHOUSE, R.A.	C. J. LEWIS, R.B.A.
E. BLAIR LEIGHTON, R.O.I.	H. CAFFIERI.
DAVID FARQUHARSON, R.A.R.S.A.	EDWIN HAYES, R.H.A.
W. L. WYLLIE, R.A.	J. W. OAKES, R.A.
	ERNEST FARRON, R.O.I.

The above Collection will include the famous Picture "THE RESURRECTION MORN," by Herbert Schmalz; ALSO A COLLECTION OF ARTIST PROOF ETCHINGS AND ENGRAVINGS. Catalogues on application to

J. F. KEOGH & Co., AUCTIONEERS, 25 BACHELOR'S WALK, DUBLIN; OR R. M. GRAY & SONS, LTD., AUCTIONEERS, BELFAST.

VIEW TUESDAY, 5TH DECEMBER, 10 A.M. TO 6 P.M.

SALE THIS DAY.

ANTIQUE AND MODERN SILVER, OLD SHEFFIELD PLATED WARE,

SUPERB AND COSTLY JEWELS, OLD WATERFORD GLASS, CHINA, FURS, PIANOFORTES, AND OTHER INTERESTING ITEMS, FROM

KELLY'S, 48 FLEET STREET.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, at the SALEROOMS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, ON THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY), 29TH NOVEMBER, 1916, COMMENCING AT 12 O'CLOCK. Catalogues on application.

BENNETT & SON, AUCTIONEERS & VALUERS, 6 Up. Ormond quay, Dublin.

EXECUTORS' SALE.—MAJOR H. P. CHEARNLEY, DECEASED. VALUABLE ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE,

STATUARY, EARLY FRENCH & ITALIAN BRONZES, 1,200 OUNCES OLD ENGLISH & IRISH SILVER; SHEFFIELD PLATED WARE, CABINET OF SCARCE COINS; OIL English, Continental, and Oriental Porcelain; Waterford Glass; an Interesting LIBRARY of BOOKS; and other Appointments of the

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES, SALTERBRIDGE, CAPPOQUIN, COUNTY WATERFORD,

ON TUESDAY, 5TH DECEMBER, 1916, & THREE FOLLOWING DAYS, COMMENCING AT 11.30 A.M. PRECISELY. MAY BE VIEWED TWO DAYS PRECEDING. By Catalogue only, price One Shilling each, to be had on application to:

BENNETT & SON. AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 6 Up. Ormond quay, Dublin.

THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING,

IN THE DIVISIONAL AUCTION ROOMS, 8 MERCHANT'S QUAY (opposite FOUR COURTS), HIGHLY IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE SALE OF WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELLERY, SILVER PLATE, PLATED WARE, &C., FROM

THE FIRST-CLASS PAWN OFFICE, 85 MARLBOROUGH STREET.

Comprising—1 doz. GOLD WATCHES and 2 doz. SILVER do., including Levers, by all the best makers. DIAMONDS and JEWELLERY.—Three Lustrous Half-hoop Diamond Rings, Three-row Diamond Ring, Cluster Diamond Ring, Solitaire, and Single Diamond Rings, Diamond Pin, other Diamond Jewellery, Gold Pins, Pearl, Diamond, and Enamel Brooch and Ear-rings; Fashionable Gold Guard Albert, Demi, and Neck Chains; Signet Rings, Bangles, Silver Chains, Gent.'s Gold Chain, Purse, Pencil Case, &c.

PLATED WARE.—Pair of Pierced and Embossed Coasters, O.S. Oval Salver, Set of three Shell-pattern Dishes, Tea and Coffee Sets, Martin Hall Hot-water Jug, Bread Baskets, Kettle-heater and Stand, Trays, Revolving-top Sugar Dish, Tea, Table, and Dessert Knives and Forks, Ladles, Dessert Spoons, Cruets, &c.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Buhl and Marble Clocks, Antiseptic Surgical Instruments, Face Massage Apparatus, Cameras, a Box of Studio Curtains and Lace, Aircraft Instruments, Field Glasses, Antique Tea Store; Clarionets, Concert Flute, Violoncello—Kit Bag; Sets of costly Furs, Coney Seal Coat; Boots, by Morley, London; Cosmos Inkstand, with Sevres Plaques; Carved Ebony Inkstand, with other Valuables.

NOW ON VIEW AT 85 MARLBOROUGH STREET. AUCTION EACH DAY (WEDNESDAY), from 10 to 1. SALE IN AUCTION ROOMS AT 7 O'C. PRECISELY ON THIS EVENING. Owing to the Large Collection of High-class Property to be disposed of, a punctual attendance is requested.

THOMAS GARLAND, AUCTIONEER AND VALUER, 8 MERCHANT'S QUAY.

ESTABLISHED 1815. 'PHONES 48 & 49.

BATTERSBY & CO.'S SALES. THURSDAY, DEC. 7TH—IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION, KILWORTH HOTEL,

MOLESWORTH STREET and KILDARE STREET, and adjoining Premises in Kildare street. Also

ROYAL MAIL HOTEL, KINGSTOWN.

WE are instructed to SELL BY AUCTION at our Property Saleroom, No. 39 Westmoreland street, Dublin, on THURSDAY, 7th DECEMBER, 1916, at 12 o'clock, the above well-known Hotels, with the entire high-class furniture and appointments and valuable connections, as going concerns, in full working order.

Further particulars, Conditions of Sale, and Orders to View from

J. A. KINAHAN, ESQ., F.S.A.I., Trustee, 8 Westmoreland street.
MESSRS. CASEY, CLAY, and COLLINS, Solicitors having carriage of Sale for Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 21 St. Andrew street, Dublin.
P. N. MURPHY, ESQ., Solicitor having carriage of Sale for Lot 5, 53 Dawson street, Dublin; or

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS 39 WESTMORELAND STREET.

STORE CATTLE AUCTION TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), AT 11 O'CLOCK.

Entries include a large number of forward and Bullocks and Heifers ready for the stalls, as well as a nice selection of Stores, suitable for Grass or Winter keep. Shorthorn Heifers, one a Springer, the other four last calved, will be sold privately on above.

GANLY, SONS & CO., USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

STRAFFAN, CO. KILDARE.

The Annual AUCTION LETTING of 170 ACRES OF FINE LAND, with GOOD GRAZE PARK and CASTLE DILLON Will be Held on

FRIDAY, 15TH DECEMBER.

Particulars of divisions from

GANLY, SONS & CO., USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

1912—No. 757.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN IRELAND. CHANCERY DIVISION.
HON. MR. JUSTICE BARTON.
In the Matter of the Estate of
PATRICK WALSH, Deceased.
GEORGE MORRIS and WILLIAM STOKES, Plaintiffs,
and
MARY MORRIS, Defendant.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, Pursuant to Order of the Court, dated 30th March, 1916, IN TWO LOTS,

Messrs. STOKES and QUIRKE'S AUCTION ROOMS, On WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of DECEMBER, 1916, At the hour of 12 o'clock noon.

By Messrs. STOKES and QUIRKE.

The Auctioneers have been appointed by the Court to sell
THE FOUR HOLDINGS KNOWN AS
POWERSTOWN FARM

near the Town of Clonmell, situate in the Barony of Iffa and Offa West, County of Tipperary.

The Purchasers will not be required to pay for Auctioneer's charges.

PARTICULARS.

LOT 1 consists of the following holdings:—
(a) PART OF THE LANDS OF POWERSTOWN, containing 30 acres 2 roods 9 perches Statute measure, held under a Lease for 999 years at a rent of £42 per annum, in respect of which a sum of £32 has for 20 years past been accepted by the Estate landlord. Poor Law Valuation £57.
(b) THE GREATER PART OF THE LANDS OF MYLORSTOWN, containing 12 acres 1 rood 12 perches Statute measure, held under a Lease from year to year, subject to statutory conditions, at the yearly rent of £10 10s. Od.
(c) THE GREATER PART OF THE LANDS OF GURTNAFLEUR, containing 12 acres 1 rood 2 perches Statute measure, held under a Lease for the term of £440 6s. Od., granted by the Commissioners of Public Works on the 29th day of July, 1882, and dated the 30th day of May, 1883, the yearly rent of which has for 20 years past been accepted by the Estate landlord in respect of a loan of £440 6s. Od. The Redemption value of the said loan is £253 4s. 2d. The holding is subject to the provisions of the Irish Land Restoration of Title (Ireland) Act, 1891.
Dated the 29th day of October, 1916.
THOS. W. ELLERKER, Chief Clerk.
For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to the Auctioneers and Counsel's Brief.
D. J. HIGGINS, Solicitor for the Plaintiffs, having carriage of Sale, 53 Dame street, Dublin, and
No. 53 Dame street, Dublin, and
THE AUCTIONEERS.
Messrs. STOKES and QUIRKE, Counsel.

PRIZE COURT SALES.

IN PRIZE.

SALE BY TENDER.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC TENDER, by Order of the Right Hon. the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty (by direction of Messrs. CHURCHILL and SIM, London, of Brokers to the Marshal),

On WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6th, 1916, At the Premises, 27 UPPER CLANBRASSIL STREET, DUBLIN,

ABOUT 50,000 CASES SOYA BEAN OIL.

Buyers will be required to enter into a Bond to comply with Government Restrictions as to Export.

The final Goods are offered subject to all faults and defects without warranty or description.

Bond: TENDERS must be received at the Offices of the Marshal, 79 Dawson street, Dublin, not later than 12 Noon on MONDAY, DECEMBER 6th, 1916.

Tender Forms, Sampling Orders, and all further particulars may be obtained on application to the Marshal at the Brokers' Offices.

Tenders to be opened by the Marshal or his sub-agent at the above time.

GOODLACE and NUTTER, Brokers,
78 Cornhill, London, E.C.
Telegraphic Address: "Goodlace, Baltic, London."
Telephone: Avenue 2689, 1276, 1277, and Central 8516.

SALES BY TENDER.

IRON BARGES FOR SALE.

THE DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS BOARD are prepared to receive offers for three Iron Barges of the following dimensions:—Two, 60ft. 2in. by 8ft. 5in. depth of hold; and one, 70ft. x 19ft. 3in. x 8ft. 6in. depth of hold. Each has a carrying capacity of about 100 tons, weight of metal being about 47 tons. Two of the above are fitted with wreck lifting winches and chain gallows. Some repairs would be required to be done before the barges were put into use. Plans may be seen and Specifications obtained at the Engineer's Office, Port Wall, Dublin.

Offers to be addressed to the Secretary, Dublin Port and Docks Board, Westmoreland street, Dublin, on or before Thursday, 14th December, 1916.

By Order,
N. FROUD,
Dublin, 24th November, 1916. Secretary.

AUCTIONS.

GEORGE H. LENNON, 29 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN. KING'S CO.

I HAVE received instructions from Eugene J. Rivers, Esq., TO SELL BY AUCTION, at 29 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN, on THURSDAY, the 28th DECEMBER, 1916, at 1 o'clock, the Tenant's Interest in the Valuable Fattening Farm of BALLYBRITTAN, about 2 miles from Edenderry, M.G.W. Railway. It contains 235a. Sr. 10p. Statute Measure, or thereabouts, and is held as a yearly tenancy at the yearly rent of £269 6s. 2d. Poor Law Valuation £272.

The Farm is well sheltered and watered. There is a nice Gentleman's Residence, with suitable Out-offices, on it.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

G. H. LENNON,
Auctioneer and Live Stock Salesman,
29 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

COUNTY OF MEATH.

VALUABLE GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE AND FARM FOR SALE.

Situate within one and a half miles of the Town

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, IN TWO Lots,
BY GEORGE H. LENNON,
AT THE SALEROOMS, 29 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN,
On THURSDAY, 7th DAY of DECEMBER, 1916, At One o'clock.

LOT 1.

The Residence known as CASTLEPOLE HOUSE, containing drawing, dining, and breakfast rooms, and four bedrooms; servants' hall, kitchen, and pantry; large scullery and dairy, with pleasure grounds and well-stocked garden; attached to the Out-buildings are two 3 stall-feeding sheds to accommodate about 30 head of cattle, good loose fodder granaries, stabling for six horses, coachhouse, inside and outside yard and harness, with 2½ acres of land, the LANDS of CASTLEPOLE, about, but not under, Statute measure, in respect of which an Agreement under the Land Purchase Acts will be entered into for the interest payable in lieu of rent is £248 17s. 8d. per annum; 2 reception rooms, and £500 4s. 4d. There are three Slated Cottages for labourers on these Lands.

LOT 2.

The LANDS OF SHIRLEY, containing 14a. Or. 26p. statute measure, or thereabouts, held under a Judicial Tenancy at a rent of £106 10s. Od., fixed by Order of the Irish Land Commission dated 12th day of April, 1904.

Particulars and conditions of Sale to be obtained from the Auctioneer.

GEORGE H. LENNON,
The Auctioneer.
29 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.
BARRINGTON and SON, Solicitors for Vendor, 10 Ely place, Dublin.

CO. MEATH.

I HAVE received instructions to SELL, BY AUCTION, on FRIDAY, the 8th DECEMBER, 1916, at 12 o'clock, at the Dwellinghouse, on the Lands, in one Lot, the valuable Residential Holding, known as CLONTZ AND GLEBE, containing 172a. Or. 7p., statute measure, or thereabouts, held in fee-simple, free from all rent.

There is a substantial two-storeyed residence, on the lands, containing diningroom, drawingroom, three large bedrooms, servants' room, pantry, kitchen, office, bathroom, w.c., hot and cold water. The Out-offices are built of stone and slate, and are suitable to the holding. There is splendid salmon fishing on the River Boyne, which runs for about a mile round the lands. Good hunting with the Meath Hounds in the neighbourhood. All the lands are in grass, and capable of fattening cattle in a first-class manner. The property is situate about 5 miles from Trim, 4½ from Hill of Down, and 2 miles from Athboy, and about 30 miles from the G.S. & W. Railway. It is seldom such a desirable residence and good land comes before the market. For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

G. H. LENNON,
Auctioneer and Live Stock Salesman,
29 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.
E. WHITE, Esq., Solicitor, 16 Molesworth street, Dublin.

700 STORE CATTLE, AT 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN, On TO-MORROW (THURSDAY),

COMMENCING AT TWELVE O'CLOCK,
and including:—

170 Shorthorn Bullocks, 2½ and 3 years.
50 Shorthorn Heifers, 2½ and 3 years.
100 Irish Bullocks, 2 to 3 years.
50 A.A. and Horsford Crosses, 2 to 3 years.
100 Irish Heifers, 1½ to 2½ do.
50 A.A. and Shorthorn Crosses, 1 to 1½ years.
50 Yearling Jersey Bull and 1 Jersey Heifer.
50 Welsh Ponies.

GAVIN LOW, LTD.

SPLENDID FARM, Known as KILLEEN, OLDTOWN, COUNTY DUBLIN. 108 IRISH ACRES, Subject to £1 per Acre.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, AT 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN, On TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), At 11.30.

Messrs. FALLS and CO., 2 Gardiner's row, Dublin.

Messrs. GAVIN LOW, LTD., 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

IMPORTANT LETTING OF 270 IRISH ACRES PRIME GRAZING LANDS AT JORDANSTOWN AND POSSEXTOWN On SATURDAY, 2nd DECEMBER.

Cards with areas on application.

GAVIN LOW, LTD., 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

GARDEN, &c., CONTINUED.

B.—CARNATIONS—Earliest French Border, all colours, 12 for 1/6; 100, 14/. Choice Perpetuals, 12 for 1/6.—Mills.
B.—LILY OF THE VALLEY Roose, in all the best kinds, 4 for 3/9, 8 for 7/, 12 for 9/, all different, our selection.—Mills. F
B.—ROSES, in all the best kinds, our selection, 12 for 2/6; 25 for 4/6; 50 for 8/6; 100 for 15/6, all different sorts, our selection.—Mills. F
B.—CLIMBING Roses, 2/3 each, 3 different 5/, 6 different 9/.—Mills. F
B.—WEEPING Standard Roses, all varieties stocked. Prices on application.—Mills. F
B.—BULBS—Snowdrops, 3/. per 100; Daffodils, large flowering, 2/6; Narcissus, all white, 1/6; Narcissus, white, 1/3, 3/6 100; Narcissus, double sweet scented, 2/6, 3/, 6/ 100; Crocus, 3 kinds, 1/ 100.
CARLOW—Bulbs, big stock, reduced prices; Daffodil Emperor, Golden Spur, Sir Watkin, 2/ doz., 10/ 100; Narcissus, choice sorts, named, 50 2/-, 100 3/6; Darwin Tulip, Clara Butt, 50 2/6, 100 4/; Anemones, 50 2/6, 100 4/; Ranunculus, 50 2/6, 100 4/; Iris, 50 2/6.—James Dugan, 5 Dublin st., Carlow.
B.—CLIMBING Roses, 2/3 each; manure for beds and borders, 3 2/3, 6 4/, 12 7/6; Ramblers, big, strong roots, 2/ each, 3 5/6; Standard Roses, 5/6; Weeping Standard Roses, all varieties stocked.—Mills.
CARLOW—Fruit Trees: Apples, Pears, Plums, Gooseberries, Currants, Strawberries, Raspberries, Rhubarb, Loganberries and prices on application.—James Dugan, Carlow Nurseries and Seed Warehouse, Carlow (Established 70 years).
CHRISTMAS Decorations.—For Sale in Co. Limerick, clear Holly Trees for show; what offers? Address "Z 1260, Trees," this office.
B.—Rose Trees, or material to make same, promptly supplied; Standard, dwarf, and climbing.—Mills. F
FOREST Trees, Fruit Trees, Ornamental Shrubs, Rose, Hawthorns, and other Hedging Plants, at moderate prices for quality; good, fine growing stuff; fit for use.—Nash, Athlone.
FLOWERS—Illustrated descriptive Autumn Catalogue, free on application; with advice and planting Spring Bulbs; Favourite Pink Lupins, 3 1/4.—Beamsbottom's, Geashill.
FLOWERS—Orders 10/- and over delivered free; smaller orders up to 2/6, 5d.; 7/6, 10/-, add for postage 4d., 6d., 8d., 9d. respectively.—Beamsbottom's, Geashill.
FLOWERS—Beamsbottom's unequalled St. Brigid Anemones (65 Medals) for glorious Spring display, 100 2/6, 200 4/6, 300 6/6, 400 8/6, 500 10/6, 600 12/6, 700 14/6, 800 16/6, 900 18/6, 1,000 20/-, with directions; lowest new 1916 Flowering Wallflowers (Cheiranthus Kewensis), 12 1/3.—Beamsbottom's, Geashill.
FLOWERS—Superb fragrant Wallflowers; Resnet, Lady Wilson, Primrose, Golden Queen, Crimson, 100 3/, 50 2/6, 100 3/6 Hen, Chicken Myosotis, 100 2/6, 50 1/6; fragrant Arabis, 6 1/3; Brompton Stocks, 24 1/3.—Beamsbottom's, Geashill.
FLOWERS—Beamsbottom's Giant Flowered Pansies, Velvety Panzies, 15 1/-, 30 1/9, 100 4/6; plant immediately; descriptive catalogue free.
FLOWERS for Pots; Special low offer—Cinerarias; Stellata, Hybrida, Maculata, Multiflora, Favourite improved new Star Flowered, 12 1/6; famous Dwarf Dutch, 18 1/6; Crown Princess, 12 1/6; Pickwick, 1/9; Everblooming Primroses, Beamsbottom's Strain, 2/6; Gem Reamsbottom's, Geashill.
FLOWERS—Spring Bedding Display—Our famous Rainbow Mixed Canterbury Bells, including Cup and Saucer, 12 1/3, 24 2/, 50 3/6, 100 6/; Sweet Sultan, 12 1/3.—Beamsbottom's, Geashill.
FLOWERS—Perennial Asters, 4 1/4; Favourite Dorothy Perkins, 1/9; selected 1/6; four different Baby Roses, 4/-; lovely Purple Clematis, Vitalba or white Montana, strong, 1/.—Beamsbottom's, Geashill. F
FLOWERS—Special Offer—Our particular 1/- Collection of plant Beamsbottom's glorious Roses, hardy Plants, Shrubs, Bulbs, Climbers, etc., Everything for your garden; 1/.—Dublagua, Clonskeagh, Dublin. A
FLOWER the Best—Finest Early Spring Cabbages, 100 1/3, 200 2/3, 500 5/, 1,000; also Drumhead Cattle Cabbage, Danish Sandwich, Enfield, Market, strong selected 9d.—Beamsbottom's, Geashill. F
FOR Sale, Mangold Plants, in 3 lots, 20/ per lot; first high. Apply to "Z 1223, Palms," this office.
HAY for Sale, First and Second Crop, best quality.—Lester, Lusitano, Kinnegad. 'Phone 17. F
LAURELS, transplanted, 1-2 feet, 100 5/; 2-3 feet, 100 7/6; carriage paid on 500; cash with order.—Nash, Athlone.
LARCH Rustic Poles, all sizes, delivered free; also Cattle Cabbage.—Isaac Pollock's Plants, 12 2/2.
LARCH Poles for Trellis, Pergolas, etc.; 6-feet long, first cut, clean bark, cut to any size.—Nash, Athlone.
LILIES.—Beautiful Fruit Trees—Apples, in best varieties, 6 1/3 to 12/6 each; Pears and Plums, 3 years, 12/; doz., 8/-. 100; Gooseberries, 50 each of Red, White, Black Currants, 12 to 3/-. doz.; 100 6/6; Strawberries, 100 6/6; Raspberries, 100 6/6; Rhubarb, 2 year roots, 2/ each by rail.—Ramsay, F
LILIES.—Rhubarb; best early and red variety for forcing, 2/ each by rail.—Ramsay, F
LILIES.—Asparagus, 2 year roots, 100 2/6; 200 4/; 500 9/; 1,000 16/; Rhubarb, 2 year roots, 100 2/6; 200 4/; 500 9/; 1,000 16/; Seakale, 2 year roots, 100 2/6; 200 4/; 500 9/; 1,000 16/; Horseradish, 100 2/6; 200 4/; 500 9/; 1,000 16/; Sea Kale Beet, 100 2/6; 200 4/; 500 9/; 1,000 16/; Jerusalem Artichokes, 100 2/6; 200 4/; 500 9/; 1,000 16/; Seak